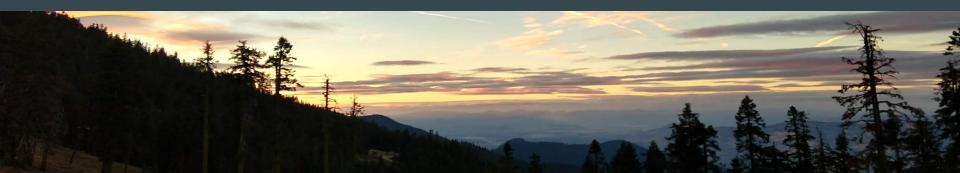
Ashland's Climate and Energy Action Plan

Powered by Community



Why does the CEAP exist?

To support Ashland's Climate Vision

...for 2050 is to be a resilient community that has zero net greenhouse gas emissions, embraces equity, protects healthy ecosystems, and creates opportunities for future generations.



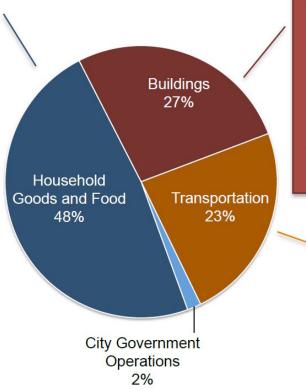
How was Ashland's climate created?

- The CEAP is an ongoing, multi-year process
- 2015 Citizen planning committee (1.0)
- 2016 Plan development
- 2017 Plan adoption, Climate Recovery Ordinance
- 2018 Citizen implementation committee (2.0), Staffing
- 2019 Conservation and Climate Outreach Commission / Climate Policy Commission

Ashland's Climate Altering Emissions

Goods and Food 160,000 MT CO₂e

- Manufacture of goods and food (from inside and outside the region) consumed by Ashland residents
- Freight transport of goods and food
- Waste management systems



Buildings

90,000 MT CO₂e

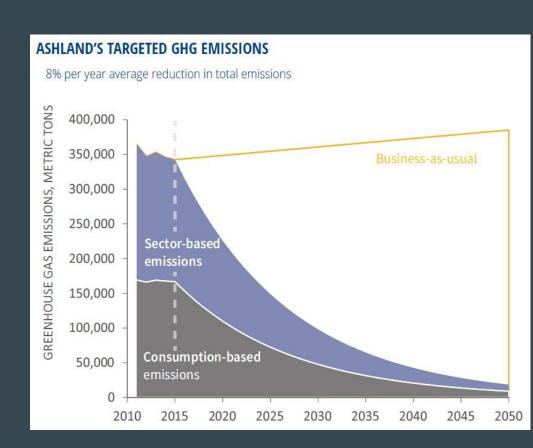
- Fossil fuels used to generate electricity consumed in Ashland
- Natural gas use by Ashland households and businesses
- Refrigerant leakage from air conditioning systems

Transportation 80,000 MT CO₂e

- Passenger vehicles
- Local freight
- Public transit (buses)
- Air travel

Overall Goals

- Dramatically reduce our climate pollution
 - a. Community 8% annual avg
 - b. Municipal operations
 - Carbon neutral by 2030
 - 50% fossil fuel by 2030
 - 100% fossil fuel by 2050
- 2. Prepare our community for climate impacts.



Overarching Strategies

- Transition to clean energy.
- Maximize conservation of water and energy.
- Support climate-friendly land use and management.
- Reduce consumption of carbon-intensive goods and services.
- Inform and work with residents, organizations, and governments.
- Lead by example.

Strategies for Efficient Buildings and Renewable Energy

- BE-1. Support cleaner energy sources.
- BE-2. Encourage increased building energy efficiency.
- BE-3. Maximize efficiency of City facilities/equipment and operations.
- BE-4. Improve demand management.
- BE-5. Prepare and adapt buildings for a changing climate.



Strategies for Low Carbon Transportation and Land Use (ULT)

- 1. Support better public transit and ridesharing.
- 2. Make Ashland more bike and pedestrian friendly.
- 3. Support more efficient vehicles.
- 4. Support more climate-ready development and land use.
- 5. Increase the efficiency of City fleet vehicles and employee commuting.



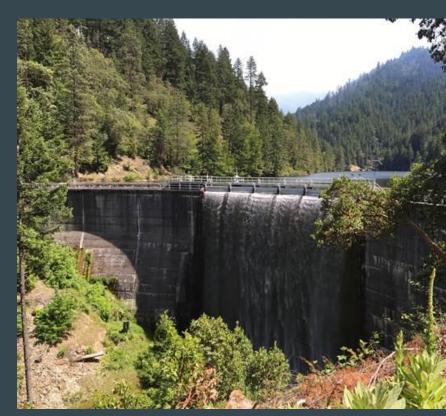
Strategies for a Zero Waste Economy (CM)

- 1. Reduce consumption of carbon-intensive goods and services.
- 2. Support sustainable and accessible local production and consumption.
- 3. Expand community recycling and composting
- 4. Reduce food waste.
- 5. Improve sustainability of City operations and purchases.



Strategies for Healthy Ecosystems (NS - Natural Systems)

- 1. Promote ecosystem resilience.
- 2. Manage and conserve community water resources.
- 3. Conserve water use within City operations.



Strategies for Public Health and Safety (PHSW)

- 1. Manage landscapes to minimize climate-related health impacts.
- 2. Promote a sustainable local economy that minimizes emissions and vulnerability.
- 3. Optimize City services to minimize public health impacts.
- 4. Optimize City services to minimize public safety impacts.



Strategies for an Informed Community (CC)

- 1. Educate and empower the public.
- 2. Educate and empower City staff.
- 3. Mainstream and integrate climate considerations.
- 4. Engage with other governments and organizations around regional, statewide, national and international climate policy and action.



Adapt your home!

Four pillars of home adaptation

- Be ready
- Get efficient
- Electrify most everything
- Harness renewables



Thank you!

<contact info>

Ashland's Climate Vision for 2050 is to be a resilient community that has zero net greenhouse gas emissions, embraces equity, protects healthy ecosystems, and creates opportunities for future generations. For more information please see: ashland.or.us/climate