

December 4, 2023

| Agenda Item | Water & Enterprise System Utility Rates and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| From | Scott Fleury PE | Public Works Director | | | | | | | |
| Contact | Scott.fleury@ashland.or.us | | | | | | | | |
| Item Type | Requested by Council 🛛 Update | □ Request for Direction $⊠$ | Presentation 🗆 | | | | | | |

SUMMARY

Before Council is an update on water rate forecasting for the current biennium with the six year look ahead. The water rate analysis was performed by Hansford Economic Consulting using the current budget and capital planning documents. The update accounts for the projected debt required to construct the new Water Treatment Plant using the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Water Innovation and Infrastructure Financing Act (WIFIA) funding mechanism.

This update also includes background and previous information discussed by Council regarding utility rate affordability and applying a metric to the overall cost of utilities for community members in order to make holistic decisions about rate increases for the enterprise funds that are within the Council's purview.

POLICIES, PLANS & GOALS SUPPORTED

VISION STATEMENTS for Success:

- Ashland is a resilient, sustainable community that maintains the distinctive quality of place for which it is known
- We will continue to be a unique and caring city that stresses environmental conservation, fosters artistic expression, and is open to new ideas and innovation
- We will plan and direct our efforts to fulfill this Vision for the long term with a constant view toward being an open, welcoming community for all with a positive economic future

VALUE STATEMENTS for Success that Support the Vision:

COMMUNITY

- Community affordability, including in available housing and childcare
- Belonging through mutual respect and openness, inclusion and equity
- Quality of life that underpins the City's economic vibrancy
- Environmental resilience, including addressing climate change and ecosystem conservation
- Regional cooperation, including in support for public safety and homelessness

ORGANIZATION

- Respect for the citizens we serve, for each other, and for the work we do
- Excellence in governance and city services
- Sustainability through creativity, affordability and rightsized service delivery
- Public safety, including emergency preparedness for climate change risk



Council Study Session

• <u>Quality infrastructure and facilities through timely maintenance and community</u> <u>investment</u>

PREVIOUS COUNCIL ACTION

Typically the Council approves rate adjustments for the enterprise systems annually with the last rate adjustment approved on June 4, 2019.

June 4, 2019 Meeting Minutes June 4, 2019 Staff Report

BACKGROUND

Water Utility Fund Proposed Rate Increases

The water rate analysis proposes 10% increases for the next few years to account for projected expenses within the fund including the new water treatment plant.

For reference, the Water Fund along with other enterprise funds have seen significant cost increase in goods and services, construction and personal costs since 2019. The construction cost using Portland indexing has increased 31.7% from quarter 1 of 2019 to quarter 3 of 2023, reference figure 1 below. Audited personal expenses have increased 5.7% from 2019 through 2022 as shown in table A-2 of the Water Rate Technical Memorandum and staff expects this to significantly increase moving forward as the Water Divisions, specifically distribution have suffered from staffing shortages over the past few years and currently all divisions are fully staffed.

The City is making a large capital investment in the treatment plant that will ensure a sustainable and secure water supply into the long term, which shows forward planning at a time when many communities are not investing in their water infrastructure; in addition, the City is working with TAP partners to ensure the secondary resilient source of water for emergencies and drought-year water supplies, and investing in infrastructure that will allow the sale of Ashland's water to TAP partners during the winter when Ashland has an excess of water supplies. Ashland's costs are high now because of the infrastructure investments it is making.





Figure 1: Construction Cost Index





🖩 National 📕 Chicago 📕 Denver 📕 Milwaukee 📕 Minneapolis 📕 Phoenix 📕 Portland 📕 Seattle

Figure 2 shows the projected chargers for the water utility considering the six year forecasted spending. The typical monthly residential water rate is based on a water use of 1000 cubic feet (7,480 gallons/month, 250 gallons per day per household).



Figure 2: Water Rate Impacts Single Family Home Bill for 1,000 cubic feet





Water Treatment Plant Project Funding

City staff is still coordinating with PFM the City's Financial Consultant along with the Bond Attorneys from Hawkins to review the proposed loan agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and develop the Master Declaration required to utilize the EPA's WIFIA Funding program for the project.

To proceed forward with the WIFIA program for funding of the project, the Council was required to approve a borrowing resolution, which was done at the September 20th, 2022 Business Meeting:

<u>September 20, 2022 Water Bond Resolution Staff Report</u> <u>September 20, 2022 Meeting Minutes</u>

When the City first applied for WIFIA funding through the EPA the project cost used was much lower than currently anticipated and the City was assuming an 80/20% split with WIFIA funding 80% of the project and the remaining 20% coming from another funding source. In coordination with the EPA since approval of the original bond resolution, it was determined that 100% of the construction costs could be funded through the WIFIA program due to the in-kind match and previously incurred eligible expenses provided by the City. These matching funds and previous expenses include the value of the parcel where the plant will be constructed and engineering/planning expenses to date. The EPA has determined the maximum eligible loan amount considering the in-kind match is \$75,730,172.

The Bond Resolution previously approved by Council did not consider the increase to project costs and also availability of full WIFA funding for the project. Thus, a new bond resolution will be required to be approved by Council as staff moves towards loan closing. Staff expects to bring an updated resolution to Council in January for discussion and approval.

WIFIA Process Steps:

- 1. Develop and Approve Water Revenue Bond Resolution (Completed, but needs to be redone)
- 2. Post Public Notice of Water Revenue Bond Resolution (Completed but needs to be redone)
- 3. Obtain Indicative Credit Rating and Preliminary Plan of Finance (Completed)
- 4. Complete WIFIA Loan application (Completed)
- 5. Submit Application to EPA (Completed)
- 6. Develop water revenue and rate forecast (Completed)
- 7. Finalize Plan of Finance and Obtain Final Credit Rating (In process)
- 8. Negotiate Final Terms and Conditions for Borrowing with EPA (in process)
- 9. Close Loan (Anticipated April/May 2024)

In May of this year, HDR updated the opinion of construction costs to match the 90% design level the project current is at reference table 1 below. Currently the opinion of cost for the construction of the plant ranges from a high of \$70,424,000 to a low of \$55,115,000. This opinion of cost also includes contingency, escalation and market volatility factors.





Table 1: Water Treatment Plant Opinion of Cost

| 0 | 0 | |
|-------|-------|--------------|
| I OST | Nimma | \mathbf{n} |
| 0030 | Junnu | • y |

| Summary of Opinion of Probable Construction Cost | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| High Range | | Low Range | | | | | | | |
| +15% | WTP Construction Costs | -10% | | | | | | | |
| \$ 70,424,000 | \$ 61,238,000 | \$ 55,115,000 | | | | | | | |
| Summary | Summary of Opinion of Probable Construction Cost | | | | | | | | |
| High Range | | Low Range | | | | | | | |
| +15% | Solar Array Construction Costs | -10% | | | | | | | |
| \$ 2,458,000 | \$ 2,137,000 | \$ 1,924,000 | | | | | | | |
| Summary | of Opinion of Probable Constru | ction Cost | | | | | | | |
| High Range | | Low Range | | | | | | | |
| +15% | BESS Construction Costs | -10% | | | | | | | |
| \$ 3,063,000 | \$ 2,663,000 | \$ 2,397,000 | | | | | | | |

In an attempt to directly offset project costs staff has applied for Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) grant funding given to the State of Oregon for communities with emerging contaminants. The City of Ashland is listed with the State for emerging contaminants, specifically for algal toxins. Staff is also coordinating with the Evan Brooks Associates on other grant funding opportunities for the plant and other enterprise capital projects defined in the six year Capital Improvement Plan.

Wastewater Utility Fund Proposed Rate Increase

The projected rate increase for the Wastewater fund was developed as part of the financial analysis contained within the recently adopted Collection System Master Plan. This analysis accounts for costs associated with both the Treatment and Collections funds for wastewater. The average wastewater rate is based on the 600 cubic feet of wastewater (sewer) usage. There was no rate increase applied in 2023 as developed in the financial analysis section of the master plan. Figure 3 shows the project rate structure through 2028.





Figure 3: Wastewater Rate Impacts



Single-Family Home Bill Impact

Storm Drain Utility Fund Proposed Rate Increase

The proposed storm drain rate increase for 2024 is 7%. The last rate increase enacted in the storm drain fund was in 2022 and 9%.

Table 2: Storm Drain Rate Impacts

| Existing | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB | ATB |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 |
| | 0.00% | 9.00% | 9.00% | 7.00% | 6.00% | 6.00% | 6.00% | 5.00% | 4.00% |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| \$4.99 | \$4.99 | \$5.44 | \$5.93 | \$6.34 | \$6.72 | \$7.13 | \$7.56 | \$7.93 | \$8.25 |
| 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.33 | 2.54 | 2.72 | 2.88 | 3.06 | 3.24 | 3.40 | 3.54 |
| 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.33 | 2.54 | 2.72 | 2.88 | 3.06 | 3.24 | 3.40 | 3.54 |
| 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.33 | 2.54 | 2.72 | 2.88 | 3.06 | 3.24 | 3.40 | 3.54 |
| 1.66 | 1.66 | 1.81 | 1.97 | 2.11 | 2.24 | 2.37 | 2.51 | 2.64 | 2.74 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| \$4.99 | \$4.99 | \$5.44 | \$5.93 | \$6.34 | \$6.72 | \$7.13 | \$7.56 | \$7.93 | \$8.25 |
| 4.99 | 4.99 | 5.44 | 5.93 | 6.34 | 6.72 | 7.13 | 7.56 | 7.93 | 8.25 |
| | Existing 2020 \$4.99 2.14 2.14 2.14 1.66 \$4.99 4.99 | Existing ATB 2020 2021 0.00% 34.99 \$4.99 \$4.99 2.14 2.14 2.14 2.14 2.14 2.14 1.66 1.66 \$4.99 \$4.99 4.99 \$4.99 4.99 \$4.99 | Existing ATB ATB 2020 2021 2022 0.00% 9.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.14 2.14 2.33 1.66 1.66 1.81 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.14 2.14 2.33 1.66 1.66 1.81 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 4.99 4.99 5.44 | Existing ATB ATB ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 1.66 1.66 1.81 1.97 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 4.99 4.99 \$5.44 5.93 | Existing ATB ATB ATB ATB ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% 7.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 1.66 1.66 1.81 1.97 2.11 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 | Existing ATB ATB ATB ATB ATB ATB ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% 7.00% 6.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 1.66 1.66 1.81 1.97 2.11 2.24 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 4.99 4.99 5.44 5.93 6.34 \$6.72 | Existing ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% 7.00% 6.00% 6.00% 6.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 \$7.13 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 1.66 1.81 1.97 2.11 2.24 2.37 \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 \$7.13 4.99 4.99 5.4 | Existing ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% 7.00% 6.00% 6.00% 6.00% 6.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 \$7.13 \$7.56 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 1.66 1.81 1.97 2.11 2.24 2.37 2.51 \$4.99 \$4.99 5.44 | Existing ATB 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 0.00% 9.00% 9.00% 7.00% 6.00% 6.00% 6.00% 5.00% \$4.99 \$4.99 \$5.44 \$5.93 \$6.34 \$6.72 \$7.13 \$7.56 \$7.93 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 3.40 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 3.40 2.14 2.14 2.33 2.54 2.72 2.88 3.06 3.24 3.40 1.66 1.81 1.97 2.11 2.24 2.37 2.51 2.64 |





Affordability

The Council has discussed metrics associated with affordability as part of an overall decision making process associated with utility rates. A common standard in budgeting is to account for 6-10% of your income to be associated with monthly utilities. From Census data the 2021 median income for Ashland is \$63,641/annually or \$5,303/month.

Staff has developed the tables below showing the overall utility cost and associated median income level. Table 3 shows the cost of each utility on a month basis along with the percentage of monthly income tied to each utility in the current condition. Generally, over 2% per utility is considered "high" and over 2.5% is considered burdensome. The tables below show the general overall utility bill impact including City utilities and franchise related utility costs (natural gas, trash)

Table 3: Utility Affordability Current

Utility Bill Affordability Analysis

2021 Median Household Income\$ 5,303.422% of Median Household Income Per Utility

| Last Update | Utilities | Monthly Rate | | % of Median Income | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| 2019 | Street Utility Fee | \$ | 9.56 | 0.18% | | |
| 2021 | Storm Drain Utility Fee | \$ | 5.44 | 0.10% | | |
| 2019 | Wastewater (average) | \$ | 54.20 | 1.02% | | |
| 2019 | Water (average) | \$ | 61.71 | 1.16% | | |
| 2021 | Electric (average) | \$ | 76.88 | 1.45% | | |
| 2021 | Ashland AFN | \$ | 65.00 | 1.23% | | |
| 2022 | Recology | \$ | 22.67 | 0.43% | | |
| N/A | Natural Gas | \$ | 56.00 | 1.06% | | |
| | Totals | \$ | 351.46 | 6.63% | | |

Table 4 shows the projected utility cost and overall percentage against the median income level with all of the rate increases currently projected via a rate study or financial analysis completed as part of the master planning process.





Table 4: Utility Affordability Projected

| Projected Update | Utilities | M | onthly Rate | % of Median Income |
|------------------|-------------------------|----|-------------|--------------------|
| 2023 (3%) | Street Utility Fee | \$ | 9.85 | 0.19% |
| 2024 (7%)* | Storm Drain Utility Fee | \$ | 5.82 | 0.11% |
| 2024 (6%)** | Wastewater (average) | \$ | 57.45 | 1.08% |
| 2024 (10%)*** | Water (average) | \$ | 67.88 | 1.28% |
| 2023 | Electric (average) | \$ | 76.88 | 1.45% |
| 2023 | Ashland AFN | \$ | 65.00 | 1.23% |
| 2022 | Recology | \$ | 22.67 | 0.43% |
| N/A | Natural Gas | \$ | 56.00 | 1.06% |
| | Totals | \$ | 361.55 | 6.82% |

*Projected in the adopted Storm Drain System Master Plan (July 1, 2024)

**Projected in the adopted Collection System Master Plan (July 1, 2024)

***Projected in October 2023 Water Rate Analysis

Table 5 comes directly from the Water Rate Memorandum and shows the specific relation of water rates to median household income.

Table 5: Water Rate Study Affordability

Impact of Rates on Household Affordability

| Item | Annual | Monthly |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Oregon Median Household Income (MHI) [1] Ashland MHI [1] | \$70,084 \$63,641 | \$5,840 \$5,303 |
| CURRENT Water Bill 3/4" using 1,000 cu. ft. Water Bill as % of Ashland MHI | \$741 | \$61.71 1.16 % |
| January 2024 Water Bill 3/4" using 1,000 cu. Ft. Water Bill as % of Ashland MHI | \$815 | \$67.89 1.28 % |
| Water Rates @ 2.0% of MHI [2] | \$1,273 | \$106.07 |

Source: US Census.

[1] 2021 5-year American Community Survey estimate.

[2] Per EPA guidelines a typical water bill greater than 2% is high and

a typical water bill greater than 2.5% is burdensome.

As shown in the tables the total billing still falls within the affordability metrics previously discussed by Council.

<u>Cost of Service</u>

The Council has also shown interest in a more progressive water rate structure and in order to create a new structure or update the current tiered system it is recommended to update the 2016 Cost of Service



Council Study Session

Study. The water rates analysis also makes the same recommendation. Staff estimates this study will cost approximately \$50,000 and will need to be lead by a consulting firm. There are funds available in professional services for the biennium to perform such a study if directed by Council.

Low Income Assistance Program

As part of the scope of work for utility rate analysis, Hansford Economic also analyzed the current utility assistance program and developed a memo on recommendations reference attachment #2.

Staff has discussed these recommendations with Isleen Glatt, Senior Services Superintendent, who works with many individuals who participate or try to participate in the program. The main concern is modifying the income level and age restriction requirements in order to give more access to the programs for community members.

In review of the work Hansford performed Isleen made the following recommendations to be considered as well:

The current program uses 100% or 125% of <u>Federal Poverty Levels</u> as the criteria, but this is an extremely low income by Oregon cost of living and housing. Often times low-income seniors who are interested in the program make just a little too much to qualify for assistance. Medicaid, which is very hard to qualify for, uses 138-150% of Federal Poverty. Most low-income programs in our area use 150-200% of Federal Poverty. I recommend adopting 150% and 200% for our senior utility discount, or the equivalent income level using local median income standards, as used in the City's ALIEP benefit and Affordable Housing Program.

FISCAL IMPACTS

The City contracted with Hansford Economic Consulting for \$27,750 to perform the water rate analysis and also review and make recommendations regarding the City's current low income assistance program. To date \$23,803 has been expended towards the contract amount.

The 2023-2025 Biennial Budget proposed rate increases support the overall funds including personnel, operations, capital and debt expenses. The proposed rate increases relate to anticipated revenues to offset expenditures within the enterprise utility. Should the Council not want to move forward with adoption of rate increase to support projected expenses, offsetting reductions in expenditures must be made.

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

Does the Council have any questions regarding the rate forecasting completed?

Does the Council have any questions about a cost-of-service study?

Does the Council have any questions about the low income utility assistance program?

SUGGESTED NEXT STEPS

Next steps include bringing forward specific rate resolutions for Council approval along with an updated borrowing resolution for the Water Treatment Plant project.





REFERENCES & ATTACHMENTS

Attachment #1: Water Rate Technical Memorandum Attachment #2: Low Income Utility Assistance Memorandum Attachment #3: 2016 Water Cost of Service Study Attachment #4: Resolution 92-22



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Technical Memorandum

To: **Scott Fleury, Public Works Director**

Catherine Hansford From:

NSFOF

Date: October 25, 2023

Subject: Water Rates Update

Purpose

The City of Ashland (City) charges water utility rates for provision of water services. In 2015, Hansford Economic Consulting LLC (HEC) completed a full cost-of-service study for the City and water rates were updated pursuant to that Study. Since then, the City has made some percentage increases in the rates to account for rising costs, and revision of some major capital improvement plans, most notably for the water treatment plant; however, water rates have not increased since July 1, 2019. HEC has updated the water rates projection per the City's current water fund financial needs, including its updated infrastructure costs and financing strategy to complete its new water treatment plant. This memorandum presents the analysis of current and future financial health of the water utility fund, including projection of water rates for revenue sufficiency for the next five years. New water rates need to be implemented in January 2024.

Support tables are included in **Attachment A**.

Major Findings

The financial analysis makes the following major findings:

- 1. The water utility fund is in a strong financial position, but to remain fiscally healthy, rates will need to continue to be increased due to major infrastructure costs, most notably the construction of the new water treatment plant, as well as typical annual inflationary pressures on operations costs. The analysis projects that six 10% increases will be needed, beginning January 2024, followed by five increases each July, beginning July 2024.
- 2. The water fund needs to maintain a high cash balance until the new water treatment plant project is completed. Actual costs may be greater than estimated, and the project may take longer to complete than anticipated. In addition, the City has several other high-cost capital projects taking place over the same timeframe that require reimbursement from other parties: (a) The Talent-Ashland-Phoenix Water System (TAP) partners and (b) an American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant. Strong reserves are necessary for cash flow purposes when capital outlay is made on a reimbursement basis.

3. The City should conduct a cost-of-service study to ensure customer groups are paying for their share of water service costs, and to ensure a rate design that reflects customer use characteristics and administrative goals of the water fund. This memorandum presents the percentage increases of existing water rates as a full water rates study requires greater time and resources to complete.

Table 1 on the next page summarizes the projected water rates for the current and next twobienniums (six fiscal years). Figure 1 shows the financial impact to a single-family home using 1,000cubic feet of water in a month. Per Environmental Protection Agency and State of Oregonmeasurements of cost burden reasonableness (explained in this memorandum), monthly water billswill continue to be affordable in Ashland with these rate increases.

If the City's water rates had increased with the West Region Consumer Price Index between June 2019 and June 2023, the water bill for a household using 1,000 cubic feet would be \$73.89 starting July 1, 2023, as the cost of goods in the western US has increased 20% since 2019. The water rates for January 2024 (\$67.89) are lower than they would be by applying the 20% increase (\$73.89); this shows the City is spending prudently and managing its resources efficiently.

Figure 1 Single Family Home Bill for 1,000 cubic feet



Table 1Summary of Rate Increases for the next Six Years

| Rate Component Rates Implementation | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Current | 1/1/2024 | 7/1/2024 | 7/1/2025 | 7/1/2026 | 7/1/2027 | 7/1/2028 | | | |
| | | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | | | |
| Monthly Customer Charge per Bill | \$13.33 | \$14.66 | \$16.13 | \$17.74 | \$19.51 | \$21.46 | \$23.61 | | | |
| Monthly Service Charge per Meter [1] | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3/4" and Fire Guards | \$15.62 | \$17.18 | \$18.90 | \$20.79 | \$22.87 | \$25.16 | \$27.68 | | | |
| 1" | \$16.29 | \$17.92 | \$19.71 | \$21.68 | \$23.85 | \$26.24 | \$28.86 | | | |
| 1.5" | \$74.52 | \$81.97 | \$90.17 | \$99.19 | \$109.11 | \$120.02 | \$132.02 | | | |
| 2" | \$118.41 | \$130.25 | \$143.28 | \$157.61 | \$173.37 | \$190.71 | \$209.78 | | | |
| 3" | \$237.45 | \$261.20 | \$287.32 | \$316.05 | \$347.66 | \$382.43 | \$420.67 | | | |
| 4" | \$376.59 | \$414.25 | \$455.68 | \$501.25 | \$551.38 | \$606.52 | \$667.17 | | | |
| 6" | \$741.01 | \$815.11 | \$896.62 | \$986.28 | \$1,084.91 | \$1,193.40 | \$1,312.74 | | | |
| 8" | \$1,174.75 | \$1,292.23 | \$1,421.45 | \$1,563.60 | \$1,719.96 | \$1,891.96 | \$2,081.16 | | | |
| USE CHARGES FOR POTABLE WATER | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential [2] | | | per mont | h, per unit | | | | | | |
| 0 to 300 cf | \$0.0280 | \$0.0308 | \$0.0339 | \$0.0373 | \$0.0410 | \$0.0451 | \$0.0496 | | | |
| 301 to 1,000 cf | \$0.0348 | \$0.0383 | \$0.0421 | \$0.0463 | \$0.0509 | \$0.0560 | \$0.0616 | | | |
| 1001 to 2,500 cf | \$0.0472 | \$0.0519 | \$0.0571 | \$0.0628 | \$0.0691 | \$0.0760 | \$0.0836 | | | |
| > 2,500 cf (2,501 - 3,600 cf June to Sept) | \$0.0609 | \$0.0670 | \$0.0737 | \$0.0811 | \$0.0892 | \$0.0981 | \$0.1079 | | | |
| > 3,600 cf (June to Sept only) | \$0.0784 | \$0.0862 | \$0.0948 | \$0.1043 | \$0.1147 | \$0.1262 | \$0.1388 | | | |
| Commercial | per month, per meter | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-50,000 cf | \$0.0348 | \$0.0383 | \$0.0421 | \$0.0463 | \$0.0509 | \$0.0560 | \$0.0616 | | | |
| > 50,000 cf | \$0.0472 | \$0.0519 | \$0.0571 | \$0.0628 | \$0.0691 | \$0.0760 | \$0.0836 | | | |
| Insitutional | \$0.0334 | \$0.0367 | \$0.0404 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0488 | \$0.0537 | \$0.0591 | | | |
| Commercial & Institutional Irrigation | | | | | | | | | | |
| October - May | \$0.0376 | \$0.0414 | \$0.0455 | \$0.0501 | \$0.0551 | \$0.0606 | \$0.0667 | | | |
| June - September | \$0.0510 | \$0.0561 | \$0.0617 | \$0.0679 | \$0.0747 | \$0.0822 | \$0.0904 | | | |
| Bulk Water [3] | \$0.0384 | \$0.0422 | \$0.0464 | \$0.0510 | \$0.0561 | \$0.0617 | \$0.0679 | | | |
| Fire Protection Service [4] | | | | | | | | | | |
| Meter Replacement Charge | \$1.34 | \$1.47 | \$1.62 | \$1.78 | \$1.96 | \$2.16 | \$2.38 | | | |
| Meter Charge | \$15.62 | \$17.18 | \$18.90 | \$20.79 | \$22.87 | \$25.16 | \$27.68 | | | |
| Service Charge, if applicable | \$13.33 | \$14.66 | \$16.13 | \$17.74 | \$19.51 | \$21.46 | \$23.61 | | | |
| Usage Charges | \$0.0384 | \$0.0422 | \$0.0464 | \$0.0510 | \$0.0561 | \$0.0617 | \$0.0679 | | | |
| TID Non-Potable Water | | per irriga | tion season, | per acre or | portion of | | | | | |
| Unmetered Service | \$241.18 | \$265.30 | \$291.83 | \$321.01 | \$353.11 | \$388.42 | \$427.26 | | | |
| Metered Service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Charge | per meter as above | | | | | | | | | |
| Meter Replacement Fee [5] | | per | meter as ab | ove | | | | | | |
| Water Consumption per c.f. | \$0.0025 | \$0.0028 | \$0.0031 | \$0.0034 | \$0.0037 | \$0.0041 | \$0.0045 | | | |
| Outside City Limits | | | | | | | | | | |

All rates and charges for water service provided outside the city limits will be 1.5 times the inside city rates and charges.

Source: City of Ashland.

sum rates

[1] All customers charged the flat monthly fees every month regardless of whether water is taken.

[2] For residential customers with separate irrigation meters the metered irrigation water is added to the domestic water use.

Irrigation water is charged the 301 to 1,000 cf rates for use 0 to 1,000 cf.

[3] For temporary water provided through a bulk meter on a fire hydrant.

[4] This rate shall apply to all water taken through fire protection services or fire guards.

[5] Due once per year on first TID non-potable water bill.

Methodology

The water rate analysis presented in this memorandum is not a full cost of service study examining proportionate costs to different customer groups; rather, it projects financial needs over the current and next two bienniums, and how to fund those needs. Water rate revenues are projected under various assumptions including these:

- Water demand is projected to stay static over the next ten years. Although new water customers may hook into the water system during this period, other factors may cause water demand to remain at their current level, or even decrease. Factors that affect demand include, amongst other factors, the weather, water restrictions, and installation of more water efficient water appliances. **Table A-1** presents historical water production for the past eleven years. The table demonstrates the variability of water demand from year to year and it also shows that total water produced to satisfy demand decreased between 2013 and 2022. Water production has been greater in 2023, likely due to the ending of the most recent drought.
- Operating expenses, which account for annual costs to run the water system excluding any major capital repairs or new infrastructure installations, are projected through the six-year period based on historical annual increases in cost as well as City staff input on anticipated future cost increases in the current biennium. Historical water fund expenses from 2016 through 2022 are presented in **Table A-2.** On average, expenses increased 3.7% per year over the six-year period. The projection of revenue requirement is based on the historical changes of costs by cost category, and for the next two bienniums, ranges between 4.2% and 4.7% each year.
- Aside from water rate revenues, the water fund receives non-potable water revenues from customers using the Talent Irrigation Ditch (TID), and other miscellaneous income such as interest income and new service installation charges. These revenues are credited against the estimated annual costs to determine the revenue requirement (the amount of money that must be raised through water rates). System development charges, which are specifically collected to mitigate new development's impact on the water system, are not credited against revenues to be raised by rates. Revenues that are credited in the analysis are based on historical and budgeted numbers, as well as conservative estimates of future revenues. Historical revenues are presented in Table A-3. Total water sales have remained similar each year since 2019 due to the freezing of water rates.
- In addition to operating expenses, the water utility fund incurs costs for capital expenditures. Capital expenditures include costs to rehabilitate major infrastructure components, and/or install new or replacement facilities. Table A-4 presents the City's Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) for water for current and next two bienniums. The City's estimated costs were increased for inflation annually over the next five years, apart from the water treatment plant estimated costs as the engineering estimates for that project already include inflation in the project cost estimates.

- The City's financial advisor has provided a funding strategy for the new water treatment plant total estimated cost of \$70 million. The City has secured a Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) loan for the full amount of \$70 million. The water fund's existing debt service and the estimated new water treatment plant debt service is shown in Table A-5.
- The water rate analysis assumes additional City debt funding to complete the CIP within the six-year period. **Table A-6** shows the financing costs and estimated annual debt service assumptions to raise bond proceeds of \$6.7 million to fund dam safety improvements.
- The projected revenue requirement for each year in the forecast is presented in **Table A-7**. The revenue requirement is estimated to increase from approximately \$12.0 million this fiscal year to \$16.5 million in five years. The revenue requirement may go up and down in the in-between years because of cash-funded capital improvement costs and debt service schedules.
- One of the revenue credits in the analysis is rate revenue from TID raw water customers. City rates charged to TID customers are assumed to increase at the same percentage increase as all other City water customer fees. A cost-of-service analysis may demonstrate the need for TID customer rates to increase at different rates; however, the same is assumed for the purposes of this analysis. TID revenue projections are provided in **Table A-8**.
- It is preferable to adopt a smooth rate schedule that does not increase and decrease each year to exactly account for the revenue requirement. Based on the assumption that water demand is static, as previously discussed, the water revenues are increased by 10% in January 2024, followed by five annual 10% increases beginning July 2024. **Table A-9** presents the estimated cash flow for the water fund through fiscal year ending 2029. The table demonstrates at least 115% debt service coverage is achieved and positive net revenue is generated after accounting for operating expenses and debt service. The ending cash balance each year is an estimate of available cash for restricted, committed and unassigned water service or project needs. Per terms of the WIFIA loan, the City could establish a Rate Stabilization Fund if it chooses to do so.

Excluded from the cash flow analysis are loan funds and bond proceeds received by the City, and project costs funded by those loans and bond proceeds. The analysis excludes these because of the unknown timing of the projects' expenditures and revenues. Debt service for these projects is included in the cash flow analysis. As a result, actual cash balances may be significantly greater or lesser from one year to the next than shown in the table.

Results

Figure 2

Revenue generated by water rates must be sufficient to cover all operating expenses each year and debt service coverage and raise sufficient revenue to fund capital projects that are not debt-financed or covered by existing reserves. **Figure 2** shows the current level of water sales revenues, projected revenue requirement, and projected water sales under the calculated percentage increases in water rates, beginning January 2024. The graph shows that a portion of the cash-funded capital improvement costs included in the revenue requirement will be paid for with water fund reserves that have been accumulated for this purpose.



Revenue Requirement and Projected Water Sales

Historical and projected annual ending cash balances are shown in **Figure 3**. The cash balance is projected to have peaked in fiscal year ending 2023 as reserves were being increased to fund upcoming known capital project costs. The City will use a combination of grants, loans, rates revenue and cash reserves to pay for capital improvement costs over the next six years.

Figure 4 shows the projected total cash balance of the water fund through fiscal year 2029, and the target minimum cash balance. The target minimum cash balance is equivalent to 20% of revenues plus one year of debt service (excluding City General Obligation bonds and the WIFIA loan, which are not secured by bond reserves). This amount enables the City to respond to emergency expenses, decreased revenues due to drought and fires if structures are destroyed, and to put aside one year of debt service, which is typically required to be held in a restricted account per the terms of the loan.

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Figure 3 Historical and Projected Water Fund Cash Balance

Figure 4 Projected Water Fund Cash Balance



Impact on Residential Customers

The EPA considers a water bill under 2.0% of median household income to be affordable. Currently, the water bill is \$61.71 (about 1.16% of area median household income). With the first rate increase of 10% in January 2024, the bill for 1,000 cubic feet of water would be \$67.89, or 1.28% of median household income, as shown in **Table 2** below, keeping the water bill within what is considered the threshold range of affordability in the industry.

Table 2

Impact of Rates on Household Affordability

| Item | Annual | Monthly |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Oregon Median Household Income (MHI) [1] Ashland MHI [1] | \$70,084 \$63,641 | \$5,840 \$5,303 |
| CURRENT Water Bill 3/4" using 1,000 cu. ft. Water Bill as % of Ashland MHI | \$741 | \$61.71 1.16% |
| January 2024 Water Bill 3/4" using 1,000 cu. Ft. Water Bill as % of Ashland MHI | \$815 | \$67.89 1.28% |
| Water Rates @ 2.0% of MHI [2] | \$1,273 | \$106.07 |

Source: US Census.

[1] 2021 5-year American Community Survey estimate.

[2] Per EPA guidelines a typical water bill greater than 2% is high and

a typical water bill greater than 2.5% is burdensome.

To receive preferable financing terms and/or grant funding from the State of Oregon, the water bill needs to be at least \$66.29 when using 1,000 cubic feet of water in a month in Ashland (this is 1.25% of median household income). With the increase in rates, the City will qualify for preferential loan terms. The State uses the last decennial US Census data and adjusts each year to determine the current median household income. The estimate of median household income used in this analysis is the 2021 5-year ACS figure for Ashland. **Table 2** also shows that monthly water bills would need to be greater than \$106.07 per month for the EPA to consider the bill unaffordable.

Table 3 compares a typical water bill for a ³/₄" meter using 1,000 cubic feet to other cities and communities in Oregon. Ashland's water bill is at the higher end of the range, reflecting the large capital investments in the treatment plant that will ensure a sustainable and secure water supply into the future. In addition, the City is working with TAP partners to bolster its secondary source of water for emergencies and drought-year water supplies, and investing in infrastructure that will allow the sale of Ashland's water to TAP partners during the winter when Ashland has an excess of water supplies. These actions show forward planning at a time when many communities are not investing in their water infrastructure; in the long run the benefits of these actions will be reaped by ratepayers.

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Table 3

Comparison Water Bills for a Typical Residence in Oregon

| Water Purveyor | Base Charge as % of Bill | Base Charges | Use Charges | Monthly Bill | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| | | | for 10 HCF | 3/4" Meter | |
| Klamath Falls | 13% | \$3.56 | \$23.80 | \$27.36 | |
| Central Point | 57% | \$17.37 | \$13.06 | \$30.43 | |
| Medford | 68% | \$21.92 | \$10.21 | \$32.13 | |
| Corvallis | 41% | \$18.47 | \$26.46 | \$44.93 | |
| Phoenix | 88% | \$40.61 | \$5.36 | \$45.97 | |
| Eagle Point | 39% | \$18.11 | \$28.00 | \$46.11 | |
| Bend | 55% | \$25.99 | \$21.60 | \$47.59 | |
| Talent | 46% | \$22.11 | \$25.75 | \$47.86 | |
| Springfield | 48% | \$23.10 | \$25.26 | \$48.36 | |
| Grants Pass | 77% | \$37.62 | \$11.25 | \$48.87 | |
| Tualatin | 22% | \$11.00 | \$39.00 | \$50.00 | |
| Roseburg | 58% | \$30.31 | \$21.60 | \$51.91 | |
| Ashland (current) | 47% | \$28.95 | \$32.76 | \$61.71 | |
| Albany | 35% | \$23.01 | \$43.10 | \$66.11 | |
| Ashland (Jan. 2024) | 47% | \$31.84 | \$36.05 | \$67.89 | |
| Tualatin Valley WD | 14% | \$11.71 | \$70.30 | \$82.01 | |
| | | | | | |

Source: Rate schedule for each water purveyor, July 2023.

compare

ATTACHMENT A

WATER UTILITY FUND

2023 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

SUPPORT TABLES

HANSFORD ECONOMIC CONSULTING

Regional and Resource Economics

Table A-1City of Ashland Water Rate StudyHistorical Potable Water Production

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| Month | | | | | C | Calendar Ye | ear | | | | | Avg. Annual | Percent |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------------|-------------|
| Year | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Water Delivery | of Delivery |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | (MG) | by Month |
| | Figures in | Millions of | Gallons | | | | | | | | | 2013-2023 | |
| January | 43.0 | 42.4 | 53.7 | 48.6 | 52.9 | 49.3 | 51.3 | 50.6 | 48.6 | 49.6 | 69.8 | 50.9 | 5% |
| February | 37.0 | 37.4 | 48.1 | 45.2 | 45.5 | 45.2 | 44.3 | 46.7 | 43.7 | 45.7 | 62.6 | 45.6 | 5% |
| March | 42.4 | 41.7 | 54.4 | 48.0 | 52.4 | 48.8 | 50.3 | 52.1 | 51.6 | 51.6 | 69.8 | 51.2 | 5% |
| April | 54.8 | 56.4 | 64.2 | 64.2 | 51.7 | 59.5 | 56.1 | 75.0 | 82.0 | 55.5 | 72.6 | 62.9 | 6% |
| May | 90.5 | 97.7 | 94.3 | 89.4 | 88.7 | 93.3 | 96.7 | 103.1 | 123.4 | 76.3 | 114.3 | 97.1 | 10% |
| June | 117.3 | 119.3 | 126.5 | 123.2 | 121.5 | 118.5 | 131.2 | 106.0 | 137.1 | 110.9 | 127.8 | 121.7 | 12% |
| July | 170.5 | 137.2 | 130.7 | 136.1 | 157.1 | 158.1 | 150.9 | 147.4 | 111.3 | 143.5 | | 144.3 | 14% |
| August | 155.3 | 131.4 | 125.3 | 151.5 | 161.9 | 157.8 | 145.9 | 160.5 | 97.0 | 99.1 | | 138.6 | 14% |
| September | 114.3 | 104.1 | 104.6 | 120.2 | 123.0 | 131.6 | 98.0 | 136.1 | 68.3 | 101.5 | | 110.2 | 11% |
| October | 99.2 | 83.6 | 90.9 | 70.8 | 94.9 | 85.8 | 71.8 | 48.6 | 55.5 | 77.6 | | 77.9 | 8% |
| November | 81.6 | 55.4 | 46.9 | 53.5 | 55.6 | 60.8 | 59.3 | 46.6 | 50.0 | 71.2 | | 58.1 | 6% |
| December | 53.0 | 51.0 | 49.3 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 49.2 | 51.3 | 50.6 | 49.9 | 69.9 | | 52.3 | 5% |
| Total | 1,058.8 | 957.5 | 988.9 | 1,000.0 | 1,054.9 | 1,057.8 | 1,007.1 | 1,023.3 | 918.4 | 952.3 | Α | 1,010.7 | 100% |
| Base Month | ly Flow (Dec | - Mar) | | | | | | | | | В | 50.0 | |
| Average Anr | nual Base Flo | w | | | | | | | | | C = B*12 | 599.9 | 59% |
| Average Anr | nual Addition | nal Flow | | | | | | | | | D = A-C | 410.7 | 41% |

Source: City of Ashland.

prodn

Table A-2City of Ashland Water Rate StudyHistorical Water Fund Operation Expenditures (excludes SDC funds)

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| | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | | | | Avg. Annual |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Expenses | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | Change | % Change |
| Water Fund Operating Expenses | | | | Audited | l figures | | | | |
| Personnel | \$1,704,110 | \$1,712,355 | \$1,815,873 | \$1,863,488 | \$1,883,177 | \$1,737,258 | \$1,970,368 | \$266,258 | 2.4% |
| Supplies | \$206,742 | \$202,999 | \$194,574 | \$214,583 | \$184,685 | \$269,174 | \$227,349 | \$20,607 | 1.6% |
| Rental, Repair, Maintenance | \$221,868 | \$312,859 | \$282,656 | \$336,585 | \$254,069 | \$376,643 | \$344,521 | \$122,653 | 7.6% |
| Communications | \$14,985 | \$14,413 | \$27,359 | \$16,691 | \$14,947 | \$15,104 | \$19,421 | \$4,436 | 4.4% |
| Contractual Services | \$340,374 | \$214,959 | \$183,657 | \$197,351 | \$193,747 | \$303,948 | \$194,171 | (\$146,203) | -8.9% |
| Internal Charges & Fees | \$1,520,175 | \$1,554,723 | \$1,596,181 | \$1,776,378 | \$2,144,666 | \$2,152,004 | \$1,984,837 | \$464,662 | 4.5% |
| Other Purchased Services | \$169,127 | \$178,117 | \$171,131 | \$189,537 | \$173,075 | \$157,538 | \$306,303 | \$137,176 | 10.4% |
| Franchise Tax | \$418,922 | \$446,737 | \$639,429 | \$675,602 | \$689,205 | \$721,304 | \$682 <i>,</i> 933 | \$264,011 | 8.5% |
| Conservation Programs | \$47,727 | \$69,177 | \$40,558 | \$35,044 | \$27,658 | \$35,007 | \$38,810 | (\$8,918) | -3.4% |
| Subtotal Operating Expenses | \$4,644,030 | \$4,706,339 | \$4,951,418 | \$5,305,259 | \$5,565,229 | \$5,767,980 | \$5,768,712 | \$1,124,682 | 3.7% |

Source: City of Ashland.

ор ехр

Table A-3City of Ashland Water Rate StudyHistorical and Budgeted Water Fund Revenues

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| | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| REVENUES | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | |
| | actual | actual | actual | actual | actual | actual | actual | preliminary | budget | |
| Charges for Service | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Sales | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial | \$980,376 | \$933,234 | \$986,155 | \$1,004,092 | \$975 <i>,</i> 456 | \$966,838 | \$987,976 | \$1,030,431 | \$1,080,000 | |
| Fire Guard | \$35,322 | \$23,350 | \$24,363 | \$26,222 | \$27,428 | \$27,794 | \$30,610 | \$29 <i>,</i> 864 | \$27,000 | |
| Government & Municipal | \$314,223 | \$242,263 | \$262,089 | \$293,630 | \$275,260 | \$291,775 | \$318,970 | \$268,181 | \$306,700 | |
| Multi-Family Residential | \$786,549 | \$748,064 | \$797,892 | \$610,755 | \$602,103 | \$683,481 | \$661,172 | \$646,221 | \$779,700 | |
| Single Family Residential | \$3,968,571 | \$4,373,406 | \$4,759,645 | \$5,190,266 | \$5,365,728 | \$5,709,393 | \$5,417,680 | \$5,472,587 | \$5,400,000 | |
| Irrigation (incl. TID customers) | \$740,136 | \$910,045 | \$888,155 | \$1,010,849 | \$1,010,858 | \$1,164,905 | \$983,244 | \$1,137,898 | \$1,000,000 | |
| Subtotal Water Sales | \$6,825,178 | \$7,230,361 | \$7,718,298 | \$8,135,814 | \$8,256,833 | \$8,844,186 | \$8,399,652 | \$8,585,182 | \$8,593,400 | |
| Reimbursement SDC Improvement SDC | \$277,247 \$0 | \$310,390 \$0 | \$294,968 \$0 | \$346,254 \$0 | \$226,981 \$0 | \$354,943 \$85.885 | \$204,411 \$0 | \$152,778 \$0 | \$0 \$100.000 | |
| New Service Installation | \$73.122 | \$61.724 | \$53.673 | \$23.395 | \$59.620 | \$69.886 | \$64.673 | \$41.307 | \$40.000 | |
| Miscellaneous | \$27.287 | \$37.150 | \$42,922 | \$30.690 | \$38.961 | \$7,430 | \$2,900 | \$4.370 | \$0 | |
| Subtotal Charges for Service | \$377,656 | \$409,263 | \$391,562 | \$400,339 | \$325,562 | \$518,144 | \$271,984 | \$198,455 | \$140,000 | |
| Other Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest on Pooled Investments | \$32,632 | \$69,182 | \$139,859 | \$228,124 | \$216,316 | \$80,500 | \$65,754 | \$304,255 | \$146,450 | |
| Miscellaneous Income | \$39,351 | \$47,197 | \$40,443 | \$26,996 | \$41,749 | \$14,294 | \$4,104 | \$1,289 | \$25,000 | |
| Grants | \$14,897 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$6,331 | \$16,766 | \$0 | \$26,250 | \$0 | |
| Bond Proceeds | \$542,457 | \$347,625 | \$732,215 | \$2,795,804 | \$1,103,851 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,366,794 | \$14,252,562 | |
| Subtotal Other Revenues | \$629,337 | \$464,003 | \$912,517 | \$3,050,924 | \$1,368,247 | \$111,560 | \$69,858 | \$1,698,588 | \$14,424,012 | |
| Total Revenues | \$7,832,171 | \$8,103,628 | \$9,022,377 | \$11,587,077 | \$9,950,642 | \$9,473,890 | \$8,741,494 | \$10,482,225 | \$23,157,412 | |
| Total Revenues w/o Bond | | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds & Grants | \$7,274,818 | \$7,756,003 | \$8,290,162 | \$8,791,273 | \$8,840,460 | \$9,457,124 | \$8,741,494 | \$9,089,181 | \$8,904,850 | |
| Source: City of Ashland. | | | | | | | | | revs | |

Table A-4 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Water Capital Improvement Plan - Inflated Dollars

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All estimates inflated with the exception of the treatment plant costs (inflation already built in)

| Improvements Source BN 23-25 BN 25-27 BN 27-29 Water Supply inflation assumption> 3.5% | Water | Funding | FY 2024 | FY 2024 FY 2025 | | FY 2026 FY 2027 | | FY 2029 | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| Wate Sign() inflation oscumption 2.5% 3.5% 3.5% 3.5% 3.5% Dam Snfety Improvements New Bonds S3,313,000 S3,429,000 S0 S0 S0 East & West Frok Transmission Line Rehabilitation Cash S2,300,000 S2,6424,000 S0 S0 S0 7,0 MGD Water Treatment Plant Debt Package S,400,000 S2,6424,000 S0 S0 S131,000 Subtotal Water Supply S3,613,000 S43,429,000 S1,22,000 S1 S131,000 Subtotal Water Supply S3,613,000 S10 S0 S0< | Improvements | Source | BN 2 | 23-25 | BN 2 | BN 25-27 | | BN 27-29 | |
| Dam Safey Improvements New Bonds S3,313,000 S3,429,000 S0 S0 S0 2.8 West Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation Cash S3,0000 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 7.0 MG0 Water Treatment Plant Debt Package S4,0000,000 S26,472,000 S0 S0 S10 Reeder Reservoir Sediment Removal Cash S3 S3,230,000 S26,379,000 S0 S0 <td>Water Supply</td> <td>inflation a</td> <td>ssumption></td> <td>3.5%</td> <td>3.5%</td> <td>3.5%</td> <td>3.5%</td> <td>3.5%</td> | Water Supply | inflation a | ssumption> | 3.5% | 3.5% | 3.5% | 3.5% | 3.5% | |
| East & West-Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation Cash \$2,300,000 \$50 \$50 \$50 \$50 7.0 MGD Water Treatment Planoval Cash \$50 \$517,000 \$26,420,000 \$56,420,000 \$56,820,000 \$50 \$50 Pump Station Tav BPS Backup Power ARPA Grant \$417,000 \$50 \$500 \$50 \$50 \$500 Subtotal Pump Stations Cash \$500,000 \$511,000 \$512,480,000 \$512,480,000 \$512,480,000 \$50 Subtotal Pump Stations Cash \$500,000 \$5131,000 \$313,000 \$313,000 \$335,000 \$357,000 Subtotal Mater Distribution Cash \$500,000 \$5131,000 \$345,000 \$51,91,000 \$545,000 \$51,91,000 \$545,000 \$51,91,000 \$545,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 \$51,91,000 | Dam Safety Improvements | New Bonds | \$3,313,000 | \$3,429,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 7.0 MGD Water Treatment Plant Beader Resrvoir Sediment Removal Debt Package Cash S40,000,000 S26,240,000 S0 S0 S110,000 Beader Resrvoir Sediment Removal S26,556,000 S26,556,000 S0 S191,000 Pump Statoms T S417,000 S0 S00 S00 <td>East & West Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation</td> <td>Cash</td> <td>\$2,300,000</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> | East & West Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation | Cash | \$2,300,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Beeder Reservoir Sediment Removal Cash S0 | 7.0 MGD Water Treatment Plant | Debt Package | \$4,000,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$26,424,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Subtorial Water Supply\$39,613,000\$43,429,000\$26,596,000\$0\$0\$191,000Pump StationsARPA Grant\$417,000\$00\$00\$0.0\$0.0\$0.0\$0.0Hillvew BPS ReplacementCash\$500\$402,000\$1,248,000\$0. | Reeder Reservoir Sediment Removal | Cash | \$0 | \$0 | \$172,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$191,000 | |
| Pump Stations ARPA Grant \$417,000 \$50 \$50 \$50 \$50 TAP BPS Replacement Cash \$50 \$6402,000 \$1,243,000 \$50 \$50 Subtotal Pump Stations 5417,000 \$50 \$51,243,000 \$1,243,000 \$51,248,000 \$51,248,000 \$533,000 \$537,000 Marce Distribution Cash \$500,000 \$51,219,000 \$5345,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,393,000 \$1,023,000,000 | Subtotal Water Supply | | \$9,613,000 | \$43,429,000 | \$26,596,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$191,000 | |
| TAP BPS Backup Power ARPA Grant \$417.000 \$00 \$00 \$1000 | Pump Stations | | | | | | | | |
| Hillive PPS Replacement Cash S0 S402,000 S1,248,000 S0 Subtotal Pump Stations S417,000 S32,2000 S312,48,000 S33,000 S34,000 S30,000 S | TAP BPS Backup Power | ARPA Grant | \$417,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Subtoal Pump Stations S417,000 S40 S402,000 S1,248,000 S0 Water Distribution Annual Pipe Replacement Cash S300,000 S311,000 S322,000 S333,000 S345,000 S357,000 Distribution Pipe Projects Cash S660,000 S673,000 S1,519,000 S678,000 S1,519,000 S678,000 S1,519,000 S678,000 S1,936,000 S678,000 | Hillview BPS Replacement | Cash | \$0 | \$0 | \$402,000 | \$1,248,000 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Water Distribution Very Status Annual Pipe Replacement Cash Signation Signation Signation Signation Signation Signation Cash Signation Signatin | Subtotal Pump Stations | | \$417,000 | \$0 | \$402,000 | \$1,248,000 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Annual Pipe Replacement Cash S300,000 S312,000 S333,000 S345,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S337,000 S1,91,000 S666,000 S1,914,000 S | Water Distribution | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution Pipe Projects Cash S660,000 \$543,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$545,000 \$50,000 \$50< | Annual Pipe Replacement | Cash | \$300,000 | \$311,000 | \$322,000 | \$333,000 | \$345,000 | \$357,000 | |
| Subtoal Water Distribution \$\$60,000 \$91,4000 \$678,000 \$1,936,000 \$1,023,000 Operations and Maintenance E F | Distribution Pipe Projects | Cash | \$660,000 | \$603,000 | \$1,519,000 | \$345,000 | \$1,591,000 | \$666,000 | |
| Operations and Maintenance View Notation Same | Subtotal Water Distribution | | \$960,000 | \$914,000 | \$1,841,000 | \$678,000 | \$1,936,000 | \$1,023,000 | |
| Telemetry Uggrades Cash \$80,000 \$0 \$00 \$00 \$00 Tolman Creek Road PRV Station Cash \$00 </td <td>Operations and Maintenance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Operations and Maintenance | | | | | | | | |
| Tolman Creek Road PRV Station Cash S0 S0 S44,000 S0 S44,000 S0 S0 FERC Part 12 Inspection Cash \$600,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Subtatal Operations and Maintenance \$680,000 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$84,000 \$0 | Telemetry Upgrades | Cash | \$80,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| FERC Part 12 Inspection Cash \$560,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Subtotal Operations and Maintenance \$680,000 \$0 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 \$60,000 Water System Studies Cash \$75,000 \$0 \$108,000 \$0 <td>Tolman Creek Road PRV Station</td> <td>Cash</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$84,000</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> | Tolman Creek Road PRV Station | Cash | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$84,000 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Subtoal Operations and Maintenance \$680,000 \$0 \$0 \$84,000 \$0 Water System Studies Rezoning Study Cash \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$00 Water Conservation and Management Plan Update Cash \$75,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$00 | FERC Part 12 Inspection | Cash | \$600,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Water System Studies Rezoning Study Cash SO | Subtotal Operations and Maintenance | | \$680,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$84,000 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Rezoning Study Cash \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$60,000 Water Conservation and Management Plan Updates Cash \$75,000 \$0 \$108,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 Subtotal Water Plan Updates Cash \$75,000 \$0 \$108,000 \$1,00,000 \$1,100,000 \$1,00,000 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$10 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$1,00,000 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 <td>Water System Studies</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Water System Studies | | | | | | | | |
| Water Conservation and Management Plan Updates Cash \$75,000 \$0 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 Water Master Plan Updates Cash \$00 \$0 | Rezoning Study | Cash | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$60,000 | |
| Water Master Plan Updates Cash \$0 \$00 \$108,000 \$00 \$00 \$00 Subtotal Water System Studies \$75,000 \$0 \$108,000 \$00 \$50 \$50 TAP Improvements and Studies Xon-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent ARPA Grant \$236,000 \$00 | Water Conservation and Management Plan Update | Cash | \$75,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Subtotal Water System Studies \$75,000 \$0 \$108,000 \$0 \$0 \$60,000 TAP Improvements and Studies Non-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent ARPA Grant \$236,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,100,000 N. Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,29,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,100,000 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,000 \$0 | Water Master Plan Updates | Cash | \$0 | \$0 | \$108,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| TAP Improvements and Studies Non-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent ARPA Grant \$236,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 N. Phoenix Road Pipe Improvements Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,100,000 N. Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,000,000 Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion TAP \$211,000 \$ | Subtotal Water System Studies | | \$75,000 | \$0 | \$108,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$60,000 | |
| Non-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent ARPA Grant \$236,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 N. Phoenix Road Pipe Improvements Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,100,000 N Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,100,000 Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion TAP \$211,000 \$0 <td< td=""><td>TAP Improvements and Studies</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | TAP Improvements and Studies | | | | | | | | |
| N. Phoenix Road Pipe Improvements Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$1,100,000 N Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,063,000 \$0 Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion TAP \$211,000 \$0 </td <td>Non-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent</td> <td>ARPA Grant</td> <td>\$236,000</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> | Non-Peak/Emergency Supply Connection to Talent | ARPA Grant | \$236,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| N Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$129,000 \$0 Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion TAP \$211,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Regional BPS Programming Updates ARPA Grant \$0 \$105,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1) ARPA Grant \$0 \$461,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$143,000 \$0 | N. Phoenix Road Pipe Improvements | Cash [1] | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,063,000 | \$1,100,000 | |
| Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion TAP \$211,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Regional BPS Programming Updates ARPA Grant \$0 \$105,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1) ARPA Grant \$0 \$461,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Expansion for Talent & Ashland (Option 1) TAP \$0 \$143,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Z4-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$1,680,000 \$0 <td< td=""><td>N Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection</td><td>Cash [1]</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$129,000</td><td>\$0</td></td<> | N Phoenix Road Master Meter Connection | Cash [1] | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$129,000 | \$0 | |
| Regional BPS Programming Updates ARPA Grant \$0 \$105,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1) ARPA Grant \$0 \$461,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Expansion for Talent & Ashland (Option 1) TAP \$0 \$143,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$1,680,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,99,000 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,99,000 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements and Studies Cash [1] \$0 \$2,493,000 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,899,000 Subtotal TAP Improvements and Studies \$447,000 \$40,000,000 \$2,493,000 \$2,010,000 \$3,128,000 \$3,173,000 Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$4,000,000 < | Regional BPS Short-Term Expansion | TAP | \$211,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1) ARPA Grant \$0 \$461,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Expansion for Talent & Ashland (Option 1) TAP \$0 \$143,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$1,680,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 \$0 \$79,000 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,192,000 \$1,899,000 Talent BPS Additional Hydraulic Analysis Cash [1] \$0 \$2,493,000 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,192,000 \$1,899,000 Subtotal TAP Improvements and Studies *96,293,000 \$12,192,000 \$46,836,000 \$28,954,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,899,000 Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$4,000,000 \$40,000,000 \$26,424,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$ | Regional BPS Programming Updates | ARPA Grant | \$0 | \$105,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Talent BPS Expansion for Talent & Ashland (Option 1) TAP \$0 \$143,000 \$0 \$00 \$00 \$00 Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 <td>Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1)</td> <td>ARPA Grant</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$461,000</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> | Talent BPS Generator Upgrade (Option 1) | ARPA Grant | \$0 | \$461,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Talent BPS Seismic upgrades ARPA Grant \$0 \$104,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$1,680,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$799,000 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0< | Talent BPS Expansion for Talent & Ashland (Option 1) | TAP | \$0 | \$143,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) ARPA Grant \$0 \$1,680,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$799,000 Talent BPS Additional Hydraulic Analysis Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 \$0 \$1,899,000 Subtotal TAP Improvements and Studies \$447,000 \$2,493,000 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,192,000 \$1,899,000 TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS \$96,293,000 \$12,192,000 \$46,836,000 \$28,954,000 \$2,010,000 \$3,173,000 Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$4,000,000 \$26,424,000 \$ | Talent BPS Seismic upgrades | ARPA Grant | \$0 | \$104,000 | \$0 | Ş0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$79,000 Talent BPS Additional Hydraulic Analysis Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0< | 24-inch Pipe Seismic upgrades (Hwy 99 Phoenix) | ARPA Grant | Ş0 | \$1,680,000 | \$0 | \$0 | Ş0 | \$0 | |
| Talent BPS Additional Hydraulic Analysis Cash [1] \$0 \$0 \$7,000 \$0 | Talent to Ashland Pipe Improvements (Option 1) | Cash [1] | \$0 \$ | \$0 \$ | \$0 | \$0 \$ | \$0 \$ | \$799,000 | |
| Subtoral FAP Improvements and studies \$447,000 \$2,493,000 \$7,000 \$0 \$1,192,000 \$1,899,000 TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS \$96,293,000 \$12,192,000 \$46,836,000 \$28,954,000 \$2,010,000 \$3,128,000 \$3,173,000 Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$4,000,000 \$40,000,000 \$26,424,000 \$0 | Talent BPS Additional Hydraulic Analysis | Cash [1] | \$0 | \$0 | \$7,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS \$96,293,000 \$12,192,000 \$46,836,000 \$28,954,000 \$2,010,000 \$3,128,000 \$3,173,000 Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$4,000,000 \$26,424,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 City GO Bonds \$6,742,000 \$3,313,000 \$3,312,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 ARPA Grant \$3,003,000 \$653,000 \$2,350,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 TAP Partner Reimbursements [2] \$207,550 \$123,709 \$83,841 \$0 <td< td=""><td>Subtotal TAP improvements and Studies</td><td></td><td>\$447,000</td><td>\$2,493,000</td><td>\$7,000</td><td>ŞU</td><td>\$1,192,000</td><td>\$1,899,000</td></td<> | Subtotal TAP improvements and Studies | | \$447,000 | \$2,493,000 | \$7,000 | ŞU | \$1,192,000 | \$1,899,000 | |
| Treatment Plant Debt Package \$70,424,000 \$40,000,000 \$240,000 \$26,424,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 City GO Bonds \$6,742,000 \$3,313,000 \$3,429,000 \$0 | TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS | \$96,293,000 | \$12,192,000 | \$46,836,000 | \$28,954,000 | \$2,010,000 | \$3,128,000 | \$3,173,000 | |
| City GU Bonas \$6,742,000 \$3,313,000 \$3,429,000 \$0 | i reatment Plant Debt Package | \$70,424,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$26,424,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| AKPA Grant \$3,003,000 \$653,000 \$2,350,000 \$0 | | \$6,742,000 | \$3,313,000 | \$3,429,000 | \$0 4- | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| TAP Partner Reimbursements [2] \$207,550 \$123,709 \$83,841 \$0 <t< td=""><td>AKPA Grant</td><td>\$3,003,000</td><td>\$653,000</td><td>\$2,350,000</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td></t<> | AKPA Grant | \$3,003,000 | \$653,000 | \$2,350,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| neserves / cushi \$10,310,430 \$4,102,231 \$3/3,123 \$2,330,000 \$2,010,000 \$3,128,000 \$3,1/3,000 | I AP Partner Keimbursements [2] Bosonios / Cash | \$207,550 \$15.016.450 | \$123,709 \$4 102 201 | \$83,841 \$072.150 | \$0 \$2,520,000 | \$0 \$2.010.000 | \$0 \$2 1.28 000 | \$0 \$2 172 000 | |
| | neserves / CUSII | \$15,910,450 | ş4,102,291 | \$973,159 | ş2,330,000 | ş2,010,000 | <i>\$3,128,000</i> | ş3,173,000 | |

[1] Potential cost-share with TAP Partners, unknown at this time.

[2] Ashland is responsible for 41.37% of the total cost; as the project lead, Ashland will pay the contractors to complete the work with reimbursement from Talent and Phoenix.

Table A-5City of Ashland Water Rate StudyExisting and Projected Debt

DRAFT

| Existing Debt | FY 2024 Budgeted | FY 2025 2 | FY 2026 3 | FY 2027 4 | FY 2028 5 | FY 2029 6 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| City GO Bonds (FF&C) | \$194,125 | \$195,463 | \$196,469 | \$197,131 | \$197,438 | \$0 |
| MWC Debt for SDC Purchase | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 |
| IFA DEQ Loan S14005 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 |
| IFA DEQ Loan S16021 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 |
| WIFIA Treatment Plant Debt [1] | \$0 | \$702,000 | \$1,638,000 | \$2,574,000 | \$3,276,000 | \$3,705,287 |
| Total Existing Debt Service | \$888,186 | \$1,591,524 | \$2,528,530 | \$3,465,192 | \$4,167,499 | \$4,399,348 |

Source: City of Ashland May 2023, and HEC.

[1] WIFIA \$70 million loan.

debt

Table A-6 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Estimated New Debt for Other CIP Improvements

| Item | Assumptions | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Dam Safety Improvements | | \$3,313,000 | \$3,429,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total Debt Funded Improvements | | \$3,313,000 | \$3,429,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Sizing | | | | | | | |
| Capitalized Interest | 12 months | \$182,220 | \$188,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Issuance Costs | 3% | \$99,390 | \$102,870 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Underwriter's Discount | 1% | \$33,130 | \$34,290 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Reserve Fund | 1 year debt service | \$332,800 | \$344,400 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Estimated Bond Size | | \$3,960,540 | \$4,099,160 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Size Adjusted for Rounding | 1.20 bond load | \$3,976,000 | \$4,115,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Estimated Annual Debt Service [1] | | \$332,800 | \$344,400 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Estimated Debt Service Payment | | | \$332,800 | \$677,200 | \$677,200 | \$677,200 | \$677 , 200 |
| Source: HEC estimates based on planned CIP | | | | | | | new debt |

[1] Debt service estimate based on sale of revenue bonds with the following terms:

interest rate: 5.5%

years: 20

Table A-7 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Projected Water Fund Revenue Requirement

DRAFT

| Revenues and | | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|--|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Expenses | | Current (1) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Operating Expenses | | Budgeted [1] | | | Proje | cted | |
| Personnel | 3.5% | \$2,709,283 | \$2,767,361 | \$2,864,219 | \$2,964,467 | \$3,068,223 | \$3,175,611 |
| Supplies | 2.0% | \$360,525 | \$358,900 | \$366,078 | \$373,400 | \$380,868 | \$388,485 |
| Repair & Maintenance | 8.0% | \$579,500 | \$564,330 | \$609,476 | \$658,235 | \$710,893 | \$767,765 |
| Communications | 2.0% | \$22,200 | \$21,650 | \$22,083 | \$22,525 | \$22,975 | \$23,435 |
| Contractual Services | 3.0% | \$419,500 | \$418,000 | \$430,540 | \$443,456 | \$456,760 | \$470,463 |
| Internal Charges & Fees | 5.0% | \$2,101,797 | \$2,069,072 | \$2,172,526 | \$2,281,152 | \$2,395,210 | \$2,514,970 |
| Other Purchased Services | 4.0% | \$78,750 | \$60,300 | \$62,712 | \$65,220 | \$67,829 | \$70,542 |
| Franchise Tax | 4.0% | \$705,000 | \$720,000 | \$748,800 | \$778,752 | \$809,902 | \$842 <i>,</i> 298 |
| Conservation Programs | 2.0% | \$94,950 | \$0 | \$35,000 | \$35,700 | \$36,414 | \$37,142 |
| TAP Water [2] | 3.5% | \$250,000 | \$258,750 | \$267,806 | \$277,179 | \$286,881 | \$296,922 |
| Subtotal Operating Expenses | | \$7,321,506 | \$7,238,364 | \$7,579,240 | \$7,900,086 | \$8,235,955 | \$8,587,633 |
| Debt Service & Loan Repayments | | | | | | | |
| City GO Bonds (FF&C) T | able A-5 | \$194,125 | \$195,463 | \$196,469 | \$197,131 | \$197,438 | \$0 |
| MWC Debt for SDC Purchase T | able A-5 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 | \$163,756 |
| IFA DEQ Loan S14005 T | able A-5 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 | \$136,207 |
| IFA DEQ Loan S16021 T | able A-5 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 | \$394,098 |
| WIFIA Treatment Plant Debt T | able A-5 | \$0 | \$702,000 | \$1,638,000 | \$2,574,000 | \$3,276,000 | \$3,705,287 |
| New City Debt T | able A-6 | \$0 | \$332,800 | \$677,200 | \$677,200 | \$677,200 | \$677,200 |
| Subtotal Debt Service & Loan Repayment | s | \$888,186 | \$1,924,324 | \$3,205,730 | \$4,142,392 | \$4,844,699 | \$5,076,548 |
| Capital Improvements Cash Funded Ta | ble A-4 | \$4,102,291 | \$973,159 | \$2,530,000 | \$2,010,000 | \$3,128,000 | \$3,173,000 |
| Subtotal Annual Cost | | \$12,311,982 | \$10,135,847 | \$13,314,970 | \$14,052,478 | \$16,208,654 | \$16,837,180 |
| Credits | | | | | | | |
| New Service Installation | 2.0% | \$40,000 | \$40,800 | \$41,616 | \$42,448 | \$43,297 | \$44,163 |
| Interest on Investments c | onstant | \$146,450 | \$140,000 | \$140,000 | \$140,000 | \$140,000 | \$140,000 |
| Miscellaneous | 2.0% | \$25,000 | \$25,500 | \$26,010 | \$26,530 | \$27,061 | \$27,602 |
| Non-Potable Water (TID) Charges T | able A-8 | \$79,669 | \$92,185 | \$101,322 | \$111,129 | \$122,485 | \$134,652 |
| Subtotal Credits | | \$291,119 | \$298,485 | \$308,948 | \$320,107 | \$332,843 | \$346,417 |
| REVENUE REQUIREMENT | | \$12,020,863 | \$9,837,362 | \$13,006,023 | \$13,732,370 | \$15,875,810 | \$16,490,763 |
| Current Water Sales (excludes TID) | | \$8,513,731 | \$8,513,731 | \$8,513,731 | \$8,513,731 | \$8,513,731 | \$8,513,731 |

Source: HEC.

[1] Budgeted operating expenses and debt service. New City debt service is not budgeted in 2023-25 biennium budget.

[2] Accounted for in the 2024 budget under Water Supply - Other Purchased Services. Separated here for MWC rate increases.

MWC rate increases are planned at 3.5% per year.

rev req

Table A-8 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Projection of TID Non-Potable Water Revenue Offset

DRAFT

| | | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Costs | Assumption | Budgeted [1] | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| TID Annual Cost Paid by Metered Custo | mers | | | | | | |
| Base Meter Charge [1] | | | | | | | |
| SOU (6" meter) | \$8,892 | \$9,781 | \$10,759 | \$11,835 | \$13,019 | \$14,321 | \$15,753 |
| Lithia Park (4" meter) | \$4,519 | \$4,971 | \$5,468 | \$6,015 | \$6,617 | \$7,278 | \$8,006 |
| Metered Water Use [2] | | | | | | | |
| SOU (6" meter) | \$17,754 | \$19,885 | \$22,015 | \$24,146 | \$26,276 | \$29,117 | \$31,958 |
| Lithia Park (4" meter) | \$2,551 | \$2,857 | \$3,164 | \$3,470 | \$3,776 | \$4,184 | \$4,592 |
| Total SOU | \$26,646 | \$29,666 | \$32,775 | \$35,981 | \$39,295 | \$43,438 | \$47,710 |
| Total Lithia Park (City) | \$7,070 | \$7,828 | \$8,632 | \$9,485 | \$10,392 | \$11,462 | \$12,598 |
| Total TID Metered Customers | \$33,717 | \$37,494 | \$41,406 | \$45,466 | \$49,688 | \$54,900 | \$60,309 |
| All Other TID Users Costs | | | | | | | |
| Annual Flat Fees [3] | \$41,965 | \$46,162 | \$50,778 | \$55,856 | \$61,441 | \$67,585 | \$74,343 |
| Total TID Unmetered Customers | \$41,965 | \$46,162 | \$50,778 | \$55,856 | \$61,441 | \$67,585 | \$74,343 |
| Total Estimated TID Customer Payments | 5 | | | | | | |
| Meter Fees | \$13,411 | \$14,752 | \$16,228 | \$17,850 | \$19,635 | \$21,599 | \$23,759 |
| Use Fees | \$62,271 | \$68,904 | \$75,957 | \$83,471 | \$91,493 | \$100,886 | \$110,893 |
| Total Fees | \$75,682 | \$83,657 | \$92,185 | \$101,322 | \$111,129 | \$122,485 | \$134,652 |
| Source: City of Ashland and HEC. | | | | | | | tid offset |
| [1] Customer charges and meter replacemer | t fees for one | 6" meter (SOU) an | d one 4" meter (l | .ithia Park). | | | |
| [2] [3] Calculated Rate per Metered Connect | i \$0.0025 | \$0.0028 | \$0.0031 | \$0.0034 | \$0.0037 | \$0.0041 | \$0.0045 |
| Calculated Rate per Acre | \$241.18 | \$265.30 | \$291.83 | \$321.01 | \$353.11 | \$388.42 | \$427.26 |

Table A-9 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Projected Water Fund Cashflow

DRAFT

| | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Revenues and | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
| Expenses | Budgeted [1] | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Rates Increase | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| Revenue | | | | | | |
| Municipal Water Sales | \$8,939,417 | \$10,301,614 | \$11,331,776 | \$12,464,953 | \$13,711,448 | \$15,082,593 |
| TID Water Sales | \$79,669 | \$92,185 | \$101,322 | \$111,129 | \$122,485 | \$134,652 |
| Other Revenue Sources | \$211,450 | \$206,300 | \$207,626 | \$208,979 | \$210,358 | \$211,765 |
| Total Revenue [2] | \$9,230,537 | \$10,600,099 | \$11,640,723 | \$12,785,060 | \$14,044,292 | \$15,429,010 |
| Operating Expenses | \$7,321,506 | \$7,321,506 \$7,238,364 \$7,579,240 \$7,900,08 | | \$7,900,086 | \$8,235,955 | \$8,587,633 |
| Net Revenue before Debt Service | \$1,909,031 | \$3,361,735 | \$4,061,483 | \$4,884,975 | \$5,808,337 | \$6,841,378 |
| Debt Service | \$888,186 | \$1,924,324 | \$3,205,730 | \$4,142,392 | \$4,844,699 | \$5,076,548 |
| Debt Service Coverage [3] | 2.15 | 1.75 | 1.27 | 1.18 | 1.20 | 1.35 |
| Net Revenue | \$1,020,845 | \$1,437,411 | \$855,753 | \$742,583 | \$963,638 | \$1,764,830 |
| Beginning Balance | \$15,533,793 | \$12,552,347 | \$13,116,600 | \$11,542,352 | \$10,374,935 | \$8,310,573 |
| Net Revenue (Deficit) | \$1,020,845 | \$1,437,411 | \$855,753 | \$742,583 | \$963,638 | \$1,764,830 |
| Cash-Funded Capital Improvements | (\$4,102,291) | (\$973 <i>,</i> 159) | (\$2,530,000) | (\$2,010,000) | (\$3,128,000) | (\$3,173,000) |
| Bond/Loan Proceeds | Ex | cludes Bond/Loo | an Proceeds & Pl | rojects Funded w | vith Proceeds [4] | |
| Add SDC Revenue | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 |
| Ending Balance [5] | \$12,552,347 | \$13,116,600 | \$11,542,352 | \$10,374,935 | \$8,310,573 | \$7,002,403 |
| Target Minimum Balance [6] | \$2,540,168 | \$2,814,081 | \$3,022,206 | \$3,251,073 | \$3,502,919 | \$3,779,863 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Increase in rates for FY 2024 is for 6 months (Jan-Jun). [2] Excludes system development charges and LID assessments.

[3] Minimum 1.15 "coverage revenues" required for the WIFIA loan. [4] Timing of receipt of loan/debt proceeds is unknown.

[5] The City may establish a Rate Stabilization Fund into which cash greater than all lawful expenses have been paid, and the City has achieved at least the minimum cash balance for the Water Fund.

[6] The target balance is 20% of revenues plus one year debt service (excluding City GO debt and the WIFIA loan, which are not secured by bond reserves).

flow

| | ISFORD | PO Box 10384 Truckee, CA 96162 | Phone: Email: | 530-412-3676 catherine@hansfordecon.com |
|----------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | Techr | nical Memoran | dum | DRAFT |
| То: | Scott Fleury, Public Works | Director | | |
| From: | Catherine Hansford | Da | ate: | January 16, 2023 |
| Subject: | Senior and Senior Disabled | Low Income Utilit | ies Bil | l Assistance Program |

Purpose

The City of Ashland (City) currently has utility bill relief programs for low-income households. Two programs have been set up under the authority of Resolution 92-22. The programs have morphed over time, with Ashland Administrative Policy providing greater detail about the Low-Income Energy Assistance Program; however, the water and wastewater utility discounts have not been reviewed since 1992. Brief descriptions of the two programs are provided here:

- **The Low-Income Energy Assistance Program.** This program applies to the electric portion of the City's utility bill. Under this program, a household with income at or below 65% of the State Median Income (SMI) can receive a credit of 50% for low-income senior and low-income disabled persons for up to six months during the winter months, and to all other low-income households for up to three months. Households can receive a \$300 maximum credit applied to the electric portion of the utility bill each year they apply. This program is administered under City Administrative Policy 2017.08.01.
- The Senior and Disabled Year-Round Discount Program. This program currently applies to all public works (water, wastewater, transportation and storm drain) utility fees and electric; however, as originally written in Resolution 92-22, the discount was intended to only be applied to water, sewer, and electric. Under this program, a household can receive a 20% or 30% discount indefinitely; note however, that if the qualifying person moves out of the residence, the discount is removed. Proof of eligibility is required by the City, but in practicality the City lacks human resources to verify eligibility of every account every year. One-time emergency assistance of up to \$100 in a calendar year may also be granted to a utility customer.

This memorandum reviews low-income utility bill assistance programs at other Oregon cities to recommend potential modifications to the City's current Senior and Senior Disabled Low Income Year-Round Discount Program, specifically for the water and wastewater utilities.

Potential modifications to Resolution 92-22 are provided. The potential modifications would eliminate the discount currently being provided to the same customers' storm drain and transportation utility fees.

Review of Comparison City Programs

HEC conducted a survey of comparison low-income household utilities bill assistance programs. **Exhibit A** summarizes the programs of surveyed cities. Some cities only apply the discount to water or sewer or both water and sewer, some also provide the discount to stormwater, garbage, and other City services. Of the 18 cities included in the survey, only Ashland and Klamath Falls limit low-income assistance programs to seniors. Four of the cities only provide limited relief (once or twice per year), rather than continual monthly bill discounts.

Senior Discounts. Ashland only provides bill assistance to Seniors who are low-income and age 65+ years. Klamath Falls also requires the low-income household to have a qualifying senior for a discount which is given as a once-per-year rebate, but most of the cities of similar size to Ashland (population between 15,000 and 40,000) that have low-income assistance programs for water and wastewater utilities do not restrict their program to Seniors. Of the 9 comparably-sized cities, 7 do not have an age or other qualifying condition (Hermiston, Sherwood, Milwaukie, Newberg, West Linn, and Redmond). Troutdale requires the low-income household to have a Senior or a Disabled person living in the household (the Disabled person in the household does not have to be a Senior). Troutdale's two qualifying discounts are only applicable to the sewer bill (Troutdale does also provide water and stormwater services).

Of the larger sized cities, Albany; which has a population of about 57,000 people, provides a lowincome senior discount. Albany defines a senior citizen as age 60+, rather than 65+. Bend and Salem also provide low-income senior discounts. Elderly persons in Salem must be aged at least 60 years to qualify for discounts to their water, sewer, and garbage bills. Elderly persons in Bend must be at least 62 years old, and the bill assistance program is only for sewer and storm drain services (Bend does also provide water service).

Disabled Person Discounts. Ashland only provides a disabled person discount if the disabled person is at least 60 and qualifies as low income. As already mentioned, Troutdale provides a discount for disabled persons regardless of age, provided they qualify as low income. Salem and Bend, larger sized cities, have disabled persons programs that provide the same discount as their elderly citizens programs do, but the disabled person need not be a senior (they must qualify as low income). Portland's program applies to water, sewer, and storm drain. Salem's program applies to water, sewer, and garbage services. The City of Albany also provides discounted bills to disabled persons provided they qualify as low income, also independent of their age, on their water bills and City services fees (but not their sewer and stormwater fees).

Other Discounts. Newberg offers an active military and veteran discount in addition to a low-income discount (they are mutually exclusive).

Amount of Assistance Offered. The amount of financial assistance offered varies from city to city. Most of the surveyed cities provide their assistance as a percentage discount off the total bill as Ashland does; however, some restrict the percentage discount to the base charges only or waive the base charge and a percentage of the use charge.

Emergency Bill Assistance. Ashland offers a one-time \$100 credit per year per account, subject to funds availability. Similar to Ashland's Emergency Credit program, Milwaukie also provides temporary assistance with limited funds, but no other city of similar size provides emergency water and wastewater utility bill assistance. Milwaukie offers a maximum of \$400 every 12 months. Of the 7 larger sized cities (population greater than 40,000), Bend, Salem, and Portland also offer some form of temporary assistance. Bend offers a one-time credit up to \$150 for households not already eligible for other discounts on their utilities bill. Portland and Salem both provide \$500 one-time discounts each year for households with a demonstrated need.

Options to Modify the Current Program

Based on the survey of low-income assistance programs run by other Oregon cities, Ashland should consider the following, not listed in any particular order, and not exclusively of each other:

- Removing the restriction of the program to Seniors only and expanding the program to all lowincome households with percentage of assistance provided on a sliding scale with household income levels. If changed in this way, the need to prove being elderly or disabled is removed.
- Allowing low-income disabled persons to receive the same assistance as a low-income Senior Citizen (removing the 60 years old age restriction currently in place for disabled persons).
- Reducing the Seniors eligibility criteria from 65 to 60 or 62.
- Keeping the one-time Emergency Assistance program as it is.

Recommended Modifications to Resolution 92-2 and Ashland Municipal Code

It is recommended that the City repeal Resolution 92-2 and adopt two separate resolutions for utility bill assistance programs for 1) electric, and 2) water and sewer. If the City wanted to continue providing discounts for storm drain and transportation utility fees, which are currently provided but not authorized by resolution 92-2, then an additional new resolution would be necessary for those utility fee discounts. City Municipal Code will also need to be amended to reflect City Council decisions on utility bill assistance programs.

Municipal Code

It is recommended that, at a minimum, the following changes be made to the Municipal Code (deletions shown in strikeout and additions shown in red) to reflect the current low-income assistance program. While no changes are recommended to the Municipal Code for special hardship cases (14.02.015.D), staff has noted that the City does not have documentation of any applications for special hardship consideration in the past 12 years.

DRAFT

14.02.015 Senior Citizen Discount

- A. To qualify for a 30% senior citizen discount under the utilities bill assistance program, a person must be 65 years of age or disabled and 60 years of age and the total household income shall not exceed the Federal Community Services Administration poverty guidelines.
- B. To qualify for a 20% senior citizen discount under the utilities bill assistance program, a person must be 65 years of age or disabled and 60 years of age and the total household income shall be between 100% and 125% of the Federal Community Services Administration poverty guidelines.
- B. C. The senior citizen discount shall only apply to the applicant's residence.
- €. D. A senior citizen desiring to receive a utilities bill discount must submit an initial application to the City on forms provided by the City. In order to maintain continuous qualification for such discount, the senior citizen shall, not later than June 30 of each ensuing year, file an annual application for renewal on forms provided by the City. The City Manager or the City Manager's designee shall determine whether the applicant meets the qualifications and requirements of the City.
- Đ. E. In special hardship cases, a committee of two (2) City Council members and the Senior Program Director may recommend that the City Manager grant exemptions to the foregoing income limitations where the circumstances justify such exemptions. (Ord. 3192 § 107, amended, 11/17/2020; Ord. 2673, amended, 1992).

14.04.030 Water rate schedules

The water rate schedules and senior discount rate utilities bill assistance discounts shall be established by Resolution of the City Council.....

14.08.035 Sewer User Charges

The sewer Rate Schedules and senior discount rate utilities bill assistance discounts shall be established by Resolution of the City Council.....

14.16.030 Electric Rate Schedules

The electric rate schedules and utilities bill assistance discounts shall be established by Resolution of the City Council.....

Ехнівіт А

COMPARISON OREGON CITIES

UTILITIES BILL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS
| City Name and Population | City or Agency Handling the Program | Utilities Included | Eligibility and Program Type (Low Income, Senior, Disabled, Other) | Program Description |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Troutdale (16,819) | City | Sewer only (City provides water, sewer, storm drain services) | Low Income - <u>Senior Citizen</u> 65+, must be <50% of Multnomah County MFI limits by HH size, must not be in arrears with utility bill, service must be in the name of the applicant and applicant must be resident, must apply every year. <u>Disabled</u> - applicant must receive Social Security Disability, HH income must not exceed 80% of the MFI, same eligibility requirements as for senior citizens. | 50% of monthly sewer charge. |
| Hermiston (19,749) | City | Water, Sewer | Low Income - based on Fed. Poverty guidelines by HH size, must be verified annually using Federal income tax statement. | 50% of water and sewer base charges. |
| Sherwood (20,222) | City | Water, Sewer, Streets, Surface Water Mgm't | Low Income - must have been a customer for 4+ months, must be at 60% of SMI by HH size. | Once per year assistance for 2 months of base charges on all services and an additional month base charge for water. |
| Milwaukie (21,305) | Low Income Assistance - City; Temporary Assistance - St Vincent DePaul Society | Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Streets | Low Income - <u>Temporary Assistance</u> - Individual must be the resident of the dwelling, must show emergency financial need; <u>Low Income Assistance</u> - must be served at least one of the City services, occupied by the applicant, no delinquency with any City charge, must not exceed gross annual HH income levels established by the Housing Choice Voucher Program (by HH size), must apply every year. | Temporary Program - Max. assistance is \$200 per month, only two months of assistance available every 12 months. Funds are limited and may run out. Low Income Assistance Program - waiver of water base charge, 50% of sewer bill, 50% of stormwater bill, waiver of the street maintenance fee. |
| Ashland (21,600) | City | Water, Sewer, Electric Currently also gives discount to storm drain and streets | Senior Citizen Low Income, must be age 65+ or 60+ and disabled, must reapply every year, must receive water and sewer service. HH income level capped by Federal poverty income by HH size. Applied to all utility fees (water, sewer, storm drain, transportation). Emergency Credit - account must be no more than \$100 past due. | Senior Citizen Low Income: Year-round discount of 30% if HH income level is at or below 100% of the Fed. Poverty income guidelines or 20% if between 100% and 125%. Emergency Credit: \$100 one-time per year per account only. |
| Klamath Falls (22,501) | City | Water, Sewer | Senior Citizen Low Income, must reapply every year, must have been a customer the last calendar year, must receive water and sewer service, HH income level capped by Federal povery income by HH size. | One-time discount applied for water and sewer of \$65. |

| City Name and Population | City or Agency Handling the Program | Utilities Included | Eligibility and Program Type (Low Income, Senior, Disabled, Other) | Program Description |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Newberg (25,767) | City | Water, Sewer | Low Income - must show proof how the HH is income-limited (no MHI test); Active Military & Veteran - no income requirement, must have at least 1 military person in the HH. For both programs must live in Newberg, cannot be >30 days delinquent on account, and must reapply every year. | Both programs - \$25 per month or \$15 per month if no sewer. |
| West Linn (27,420) | City | Water, Sewer, Surface Water, Street, Parks | Low Income - must live at the address and receive bill in their name, HH income must not exceed 185% of HHS poverty guidelines for Oregon, must reapply every year, water services must be smaller than 1-inch. | Monthly water charges - 50% of customer service and capacity charges, plus 50% off first 700 cubic feet. All other services - 50% off the bill. |
| Redmond (37,566) | City | Water, Sewer, Stormwater | Low Income - must provide proof of income determined by HH size, only valid for address on the application, does not apply to residences used for business, renewal required every year. | Up to 25% reduction of City utility bill. |
| Oregon City (37,786) | City | Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Pavement Maint. | Low Income - must provide proof of eligibility (meet LIHEAP requirements) determined by HH size, must renew every year. | Usually about half the total bill; summer water use that exceeds average winter use is billed the full amount. |
| Albany (57,322) | City but apply through the Community Services Consortium | Water, City Services (provides water, sewer, stormwater) | Low Income - HH gross income is <60% of SMI, amount determined by HH size, must be either a low income senior citizen at least 60 yrs old or a low income disabled person, must recertify every year. | Credit up to 4 HCF per month and 50% of the City Services Fee. |
| Corvallis (59,434) | City | Water, Sewer | Low Income - Must pay for the City bill, must reapply every year, must participate in the SNAP or Oregon Health Plan or school free lunch program. | Credit up to \$25 per month. |
| Bend (102,834) | City | Water, Sewer, Stormwater, Garbage possible (depends on income) | Low Income: <u>Utility Billing Assistance</u> - Sewer only customers not eligible. Must have a delinquent balance on water/sewer bill. Must have HH income less than 80% of HUD median income based on HH size. <u>Senior Citizens & Disabled Persons</u> <u>Reduced Sewer and Stormwater Program</u> - must be 62+years or disabled, must renew every 2 years, must provide proof of income eligibility. | Utility Billing Assistance - One-time credit up to \$150. Cannot be combined with the Senior Citizens & Disabled Persons Reduced Sewer and Stormwater Program. <u>Senior</u> <u>Citizens & Disabled Persons Reduced Sewer</u> <u>and Stormwater Program</u> - half off the base rates for sewer and stormwater (about \$23 per month). |

| City Name and Population | City or Agency Handling the Program | Utilities Included | Eligibility and Program Type (Low Income, Senior, Disabled, Other) | Program Description |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Hillsboro (107,618) | City | Water, Sewer, Transportation, Surface Water Mgm't | Low Income - must receive services from government assistance programs OR have HH income at or below 185% of Federal Poverty Limit for the past 60 days (varies by household size). Must obtain proof of eligibility from a community partner (such as Salvation Army). | Relief may be given on up to 2 bills in a 12- month period; total cannot exceed \$250. |
| Gresham (114,833) | City | Water, Sewer | Low Income - must have a Gresham utility billing account, program is targeted to HH making <60% of median family income, limited funding for 61%-70% median family income, HH income validation required. | Each application considered individually. Assistance is limited to once per year. Program closes when funds are depleted. |
| Salem (179,642) | Emergency Program (City); Elderly & Disabled Program (Mid-Willamette Valley Community Action Agency) | Water, Sewer, _ Garbage | Low Income - Disabled & Elderly Program - must be age 60+ with income at or below 60% SMI, <u>Emergency Program</u> - must meet income guidelines of the Emergency Food Assistance Program, must requalify every year. | <u>Elderly & Disabled program</u> - monthly discount on utility and garbage. Emergency program -Up to \$500 each calendar year. |
| Portland (647,697) | City | Water, Sewer, Stormwater | Low Income - Up to 60% of MFI, must have a single-family account, must reapply every 2 years, applicant must live at the property, self-report income. <u>Crisis Voucher</u> - additional credit for a temporary crisis (once only every 12 months), must be enrolled in the bill discount program, and must pay some of the bill. | Discount applied to every sewer, water and stormwater bill. Amount depends on income of the HH; typically about \$50 off per month. <u>Crisis Voucher</u> - \$500 one-time discount. |
| Source: July 1, 2 | 2022 population prepared by the Popu | lation Research Center | r, Portland State University. | |
| HH = | Household | LIHEAP = | Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program | |
| MFI = | Median Family Income | MHI = | Median Household Income | |
| HHS = | U.S. Health and Human Services | HUD = | U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development | |
| SMI = | State (of Oregon) Median Income | SNAP = | Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program | |

HANSFORD ECONOMIC CONSULTING

Water Rate Cost of Services Study



March 15, 2016

HEC Project #140136

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION

| 1. | Introduction | 1 |
|-----|---|----|
| 1.1 | Purpose of the Study | 1 |
| 1.2 | Methodology | 2 |
| 1.3 | Organization of the Report | 2 |
| 2. | Summary of Findings | 4 |
| 2.1 | Major Findings | 4 |
| 2.2 | Key Assumptions | 6 |
| 2.3 | Calculated Rates | 7 |
| 2.4 | Rate Impacts | 10 |
| 3. | Current Conditions | 11 |
| 3.1 | City Water System | 11 |
| 3.2 | Customer Base | 14 |
| 3.3 | The Water Fund | 15 |
| 4. | Financial Projections | 21 |
| 4.1 | Revenue Requirement | 21 |
| 4.2 | Talent Irrigation District Non-Potable Irrigation Service | 25 |
| 4.3 | Meter Replacement Program | 27 |
| 5. | Cost of Service Analysis | 29 |
| 5.1 | Functional Cost Allocation | 29 |
| 5.2 | Rate Design | 30 |
| 5.3 | Water Demand Projection | 37 |
| 5.4 | Calculated Rates | 38 |
| 5.5 | Projected Cash Flow and Fund Balance | 42 |
| 6. | Impacts of New Rate Structure | 44 |
| 6.1 | Bill Impacts | 44 |
| 6.2 | Affordability Test | 44 |
| 6.3 | Comparison of Water Rates | 45 |

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE

| 1 | Calculated Water Rates through 2022 | 8 |
|----|---|----|
| 2 | Calculated Typical Home Bill for 1,000 Cubic Feet | 9 |
| 3 | Historical Potable Water Production | 11 |
| 4 | Historical Water Consumption | 13 |
| 5 | City Population Growth | 14 |
| 6 | Current Water Rates | 17 |
| 7 | Water System Development Charges | 18 |
| 8 | Forest Resiliency Program Fee Schedule | 19 |
| 9 | Historical Water Fund Balance | 20 |
| 10 | Summary of 10-Year CIP for Existing Customers | 22 |
| 11 | Estimated Water System Assets Depreciation | 23 |
| 12 | Projected Revenue Requirement | 24 |
| 13 | Calculated TID Use Rates for Fiscal Year 2015-2016 | 26 |
| 14 | TID Revenue Offset | 27 |
| 15 | Estimated Meter Replacement Fee Program Costs | 28 |
| 16 | Calculated Meter Replacement Fees | 28 |
| 17 | Allocation of Revenue Requirement to Cost Functions | 30 |
| 18 | Calculation of Customer Service Costs per Account | 31 |
| 19 | Calculation of Monthly Service Charge by Meter Size | 32 |
| 20 | Estimated Meter Equivalent Units | 32 |
| 21 | Customer Usage Characteristics | 34 |
| 22 | Projected Potable Water Demand | 37 |
| 23 | Calculated Use Charges per Cubic Foot | 39 |
| 24 | Summary of Calculated Water Rates | 40 |
| 25 | Cost Allocation by Customer Type | 41 |
| 26 | Projected Operating Fund Cash Flow | 42 |
| 27 | Projected Water Fund Balance | 43 |
| 28 | Affordability Test | 45 |
| 29 | Calculated Typical Home Bill for 1,000 Cubic Feet | 46 |

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE

Page

| 1 | Cost of Service Redistribution of FY 2015-16 Revenue Requirement | 4 |
|----|--|----|
| 2 | Typical Monthly Bill for ¾" Single Family Home | 9 |
| 3 | Annual Water Consumption by Month | 12 |
| 4 | Water Use by Customer Type | 15 |
| 5 | Typical Annual Sources of Water Fund Revenue | 16 |
| 6 | Water Sales by Customer Type | 16 |
| 7 | Typical Annual Water Fund Expenses | 19 |
| 8 | Monthly Water Use by Customer Type | 33 |
| 9 | Residential Water Use by Tier | 35 |
| 10 | Non-Residential Water Use by Tier (current rate structure) | 36 |
| 11 | Commercial Water Use by Tier (proposed rate structure) | 36 |
| 12 | Redistribution of Costs to Customer Types | 41 |
| 13 | Water Fund Balance | 43 |
| 14 | Comparison of Single Family Monthly Water Bill | 46 |

Section 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE OF THE STUDY

The City of Ashland (City) contracted with Hansford Economic Consulting (HEC) to perform a Water Rates Cost of Service Study (Study). The purpose of this Study is two-fold: (1) to ensure that different customer types pay their fair share of water system costs by performing a cost of service analysis and (2) to collect sufficient revenues to adequately fund the water system in a safe manner; providing the residents and businesses of the City with a clean, safe and reliable potable water system that meets State and Federal requirements, by projecting revenue needs and determining a supporting rate schedule.

This report provides an explanation and justification of redistribution of water system costs to customer types and calculated water rates through fiscal year ending 2022. This report has been prepared with the following principles in mind:

- (1) Revenues derived from water fees should not exceed the funds required to provide the water service.
- (2) Revenues derived from water fees should not be used for any purpose other than that for which the fees were imposed.
- (3) Customer water bills should reflect the customer's fair share (proportional) cost of service to provide water to the customer.
- (4) Water fees should only be charged to customers using the service or with the ability to use the service at any time. Water fees should not be charged based on potential or future use of water.

The City conducted a Water Master Plan that was completed in 2012. The Water Master Plan called for several large capital improvement projects and the need to raise water rates to plan for those project costs. The City raised water rates July 2013, 2014, and 2015 by 10% each year as a result of the findings of the Water Master Plan.

Since the 2012 completion of the Water Master Plan the region has experienced a drought. Projected water demands have not been realized, which have resulted in (a) less revenue than anticipated, and (b) greater expenditure in earlier years to complete the Talent-Ashland-Phoenix (TAP) project to augment water supplies. The recent water rate increases were based on percentage increases needed from water sales and not based on cost of service. The City wanted to assess whether customers are paying their proportional share of costs of the water system (not subsidizing among customer types). The City also wanted to ensure that sufficient revenues would be available to pay for projects identified in the Master Plan, as well as other projects identified since completion of the 2012 Master Plan. Given decreased water demand in recent years the City also anticipated that water rates would have to increase through fiscal year 2022 or necessary capital projects (most particularly a new water treatment plant) would have to be postponed.

1.2 METHODOLOGY

This report was prepared using the principles established by the American Water Works Association (AWWA). The AWWA "Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges: Manual of Water Supply Practices M1" (the "M1 Manual") establishes commonly accepted professional standards for cost of service studies. The M1 Manual general principles of rate structure design and the objectives of the Study are described below.

According to the M1 Manual, the first step in the ratemaking analysis is to determine the adequate and appropriate funding of a utility. This is referred to as the "revenue requirements" analysis. This analysis considers the short-term and long-term service objectives of the utility over a given planning horizon, including capital facilities and system operations and maintenance, to determine the adequacy of a utility's existing rates to recover its costs. A number of factors may affect these projections, including the number of customers served, water-use trends, nonrecurring sales, weather, conservation, use restrictions, inflation, interest rates, wholesale contracts, water rights agreements, and other changes in operating and economic conditions.

After determining a utility's revenue requirements, a utility's next step is determining the cost of service. Utilizing a public agency's approved budget, financial reports, operating data, and capital improvement plans, a rate study categorizes (functionalizes) the costs, expenses, and assets of the water system among major operating functions to determine the cost of service.

After the assets and the costs of operating those assets are properly categorized by function, the rate study allocates those "functionalized costs" to the various customer classes (e.g., single-family residential, multi-family residential and commercial) by determining the characteristics of those classes and the contribution of each to incurred costs such as peaking factors, different delivery costs, service characteristics and demand patterns. Rate design is the final part of the M1 Manual's ratemaking procedure. The revenue requirement and cost of service analyses are used to determine appropriate rates for each customer class.

1.3 ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

The Study is presented in six sections.

Following this introduction, Section 2 provides a summary of major assumptions and findings of the study. Section 3 provides information on the City's water system including historical water production and consumption, customer base, historical City growth, and health of the water enterprise fund. Section 4 projects revenue needs, "the revenue requirement", through fiscal year 2021-22, calculates costs associated with City Talent Irrigation District (TID) non-potable water service, and determines a meter replacement program and its associated costs.

Section 5 presents the cost of service analysis, water demand projections, and details of the calculated water rates. The impacts of the new water rate structure are presented in Section 6, including a comparison of bills with other Oregon water providers.

Appendix A includes support tables for the water rates analysis.

Section 2: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

2.1 MAJOR FINDINGS

Cost of Service. The cost of service analysis finds that commercial, institutional, and nonpotable metered irrigation customers are currently paying more than their proportional share of water system costs. Potable irrigation and non-potable unmetered irrigation customers are paying less than their proportional share of water system costs. This is illustrated in **Figure 1** below. Customer types with negative revenue requirement in the illustration should be paying less as a customer group than they are currently paying. Customer types with positive revenue requirement should be paying more as a customer group than they are currently paying. Although residential shows an underpayment of \$42,111, this is a very minimal difference, as it is only 1% of the current cost (see **Table 25**). As a result of the cost of service analysis (see Section 5) the rates from fiscal year 2016-17 onwards shift costs between customer types.





Costs are allocated to potable customers based on their potential to use system capacity and their water usage characteristics. Costs are allocated to non-potable customers based on typical annual water usage for metered customers and property acreage for unmetered customers.

Rate Structure Modifications. The current rate structure is proposed to be modified to better reflect customer usage patterns and cost of service, ensure accuracy for account billing, and encourage water use efficiency.

• Flat Charges (All Customers). Currently bills comprise one flat charge – the monthly service charge. Under the new rate structure bills would continue to have one flat charge which would include the service charge, but it would also include a customer charge for costs associated with administration of the water system and provision of customer service. The customer charge would be the same every month, and the same for every account (accounts with more than one meter only charged once). The service charge would continue to cover the costs of services and meters and a portion of system capacity costs; generally, the costs to be able to provide water service regardless of the amount of water used during a given period. The service charge would continue to apply to each meter at the property.

Service Charge Meter Ratios Change. The service charge meter ratios were adjusted to AWWA meter ratios established using safe maximum operating capacities for meters in the M1 Manual. These meter ratios more accurately capture the capacity of the water service to each customer than the current meter ratios. As a result of this change the larger meter sizes would pay more per month than under the current meter ratios. For 1" meter services the meter ratio was set equal to a ¾" meter to ensure that households required to upsize for fire code requirements are not penalized (this methodology was also used to establish the Forest Resiliency Program Fee in May, 2015 and is being used with greater frequency in cities in other Western U.S. states)¹.

• **Commercial Customers.** Commercial customers are separated into commercial, institutional, and potable water irrigation customers. Institutional customers include the current government/municipal customers. This change is made to better reflect the different customer water demand patterns associated with non-residential activity. The tiers for the new customer categories are also different from the current tiers. The rate structure is intended to fit typical customer usage patterns and promote water use efficiency as well as proportionately allocate the cost of service to those who place the greatest demands on the system.

The table on the following page shows proposed modifications to the non-residential customer tiers. Note that non-residential irrigation water would be charged at on peak and off peak rates. The purpose of seasonal rates for irrigation is to reduce the cost of irrigation water during the spring, fall, and winter months when water supply is not a concern and increase the cost of irrigation water when supplies may be impacted by drought.

¹ Source: HEC experience working with cities in California.

| | TIER 1 | TIER 2 | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--|
| | Cut | pic Feet | |
| CURRENT for ALL NON-RESIDENTIAL | < 50,000 | >50,000 | |
| NEW | | | |
| INSTITUTIONAL | No tier – uniform rate | | |
| IRRIGATION | No tier – seasonal rates | | |
| COMMERCIAL 2" or less | < 2,500 | >2,500 | |
| COMMERCIAL >2" | < 15,000 | >15,000 | |

- Residential Customers. There is no change proposed for residential tiers. Residential customers with separate potable irrigation meters (about 5% of all potable irrigation customers) would pay a service charge each month for each meter but only one customer charge for the account each month. Metered potable irrigation water would be added to the domestic water for calculation of use charges. As the City is converting to new water billing software in 2016 there may be a transition period during which time residential potable irrigation water is billed starting at the Tier 2 rate for residential water. Billing would begin at Tier 2 because average water use is 460 cubic feet per month for indoor use (see Table 21) indicating that a typical home would be using some irrigation water in Tier 2. Once the new billing software is in place the irrigation metered use would be added to domestic metered use.
- **Potable Water Irrigation Customers.** All potable irrigation customers (commercial and residential) would be billed the flat monthly charges (service charge and customer charge) year-round rather than only in the months that water is taken as is current practice. Potable irrigation customers would be treated the same as all other potable water customers in this regard, reflecting the ability for the customer to take water at any time of year. This shift from current billing practice may cause some potable irrigation customers to want to discontinue having a separate irrigation meter. This is an option for residential potable irrigation customers.²

2.2 KEY ASSUMPTIONS

Implementation. The new rate structure is assumed to be in effect beginning July 1, 2016 and to be increased each July 1 thereafter. The rate increases would coincide with the fiscal year as is current practice.

Water CIP Projects are funded through rates, connection fees, and City borrowing. Rates and City borrowing will be used to finance capital improvements that benefit existing customers. Connection fees will only be used for projects that are related to new growth in the City. Developer contributions may be required for certain facilities. It is assumed that the City will obtain Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) money to finance construction of the new water treatment plant and Crowson II reservoir. If DWSRF money is not obtained the

² This is not an option for non-residential customers because of sewer billing methodology.

revenue requirement would increase (assuming all other costs do not change) and water rates would have to increase beyond those calculated in this report.

System rehabilitation costs are included in rates. Rates should include depreciation of existing assets so that funds are accumulated and available for replacement of assets on a timely basis, preferably paid for with cash. This Study uses estimated depreciation costs to collect for system rehabilitation. Rate money collected for system rehabilitation is used to fund capital improvement projects for existing customers. In some years system rehabilitation revenue may exceed capital improvement costs. In these years the excess revenue is added to reserves for future rehabilitation projects.

TAP Water Costs. The TAP emergency water pipeline was recently completed. This treated water source will be utilized by the City in late summer or early fall, as needed, to augment supplies. For purposes of the Study it is assumed that water is taken for 31 days each year. The current contract rate is 68 cents per 1,000 gallons of water. In the model it is assumed the cost increases to 75 cents per 1,000 gallons in 2016 and at 3.5% per year each year thereafter.

2.3 CALCULATED RATES

The Study provides a basis for adoption of new rates beginning July 1, 2016. By modifying the rate structure the City will generate sufficient revenue to continue to meet its bond covenants, build a healthy reserve, fund necessary capital improvements, and fully fund water operations.

The revenue requirement, which is the amount of money to be raised by rates, is calculated to increase by the following percentages:

| 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 8% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |

The revenue requirement percentage increases for the next 3 years match those calculated in the 2012 Water Master Plan; however, with the shift in costs between customer categories not all customer categories will experience the same percentage increases.

Table 1 on the following page shows calculated water rates through 2022 for all customercategories and compares the calculated rates with the current rate structure.

Table 2 on page 9 shows the calculated bill for a single family home using 1,000 cubic feet ofwater in a billing cycle. A typical residential bill would increase from \$51.72 to \$54.35 July 1,2016.

Table 1Calculated Water Rates through 2022

| Rate Component | Rates Implementation | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | 7/1/2015 | 7/1/2016 | 7/1/2017 | 7/1/2018 | 7/1/2019 | 7/1/2020 | 7/1/2021 |
| Monthly Customer Charge per Bill | n.a. | \$11.74 | \$12.19 | \$12.54 | \$12.89 | \$13.25 | \$13.64 |
| Monthly Service Charge per Meter [1] | | | | | | | |
| 3/4" and Fire Guards | \$23.50 | \$13.75 | \$14.27 | \$14.68 | \$15.10 | \$15.52 | \$15.98 |
| 1" | \$46.99 | \$14.34 | \$14.88 | \$15.31 | \$15.75 | \$16.19 | \$16.66 |
| 1.5" | \$66.99 | \$65.61 | \$68.13 | \$70.07 | \$72.08 | \$74.10 | \$76.24 |
| 2" | \$88.24 | \$104.27 | \$108.28 | \$111.36 | \$114.55 | \$117.76 | \$121.16 |
| 3" | \$184.50 | \$209.08 | \$217.12 | \$223.30 | \$229.69 | \$236.13 | \$242.95 |
| 4" | \$282.07 | \$331.60 | \$344.32 | \$354.13 | \$364.29 | \$374.52 | \$385.35 |
| 6" | \$528.92 | \$652.47 | \$677.56 | \$696.84 | \$716.81 | \$736.90 | \$758.18 |
| 8" | \$881.49 | \$1,034.38 | \$1,074.23 | \$1,104.77 | \$1,136.39 | \$1,168.21 | \$1,201.93 |
| USE CHARGES FOR POTABLE WATER | | | | | | | |
| Residential [2] | | | | per month | n, per unit | | |
| 0 to 300 cf | \$0.0243 | \$0.0246 | \$0.0256 | \$0.0263 | \$0.0271 | \$0.0278 | \$0.0287 |
| 301 to 1,000 cf | \$0.0299 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| 1001 to 2,500 cf | \$0.0400 | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| > 2,500 cf (2,501 - 3,600 cf June to Sept) | \$0.0517 | \$0.0537 | \$0.0559 | \$0.0575 | \$0.0592 | \$0.0609 | \$0.0627 |
| > 3,600 cf (June to Sept only) | \$0.0673 | \$0.0691 | \$0.0719 | \$0.0739 | \$0.0761 | \$0.0783 | \$0.0806 |
| Non-Residential | per month, per meter | | | | | | |
| 0-50,000 cf | \$0.0343 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| > 50,000 cf | \$0.0353 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Commercial <2" meter | | | | | | | |
| 0-2,500 cf | n.a. | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| > 2,500 cf | n.a. | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | | | | | | | |
| 0-15,000 cf | n.a. | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| > 15,000 cf | n.a. | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| Insitutional | n.a. | \$0.0294 | \$0.0305 | \$0.0314 | \$0.0323 | \$0.0333 | \$0.0342 |
| Commercial and Institutional Irrigation | | | | | | | |
| October to May | n.a. | \$0.0331 | \$0.0345 | \$0.0356 | \$0.0367 | \$0.0378 | \$0.0390 |
| June to September | n.a. | \$0.0449 | \$0.0469 | \$0.0483 | \$0.0498 | \$0.0513 | \$0.0530 |
| Bulk Water [3] same a | s non-res. | \$0.0338 | \$0.0351 | \$0.0362 | \$0.0372 | \$0.0383 | \$0.0394 |
| Fire Protection Service [4] | | | | | | | |
| Meter Replacement Charge | n.a. | \$1.18 | \$1.22 | \$1.26 | \$1.30 | \$1.34 | \$1.38 |
| Service Charge | \$23.50 | \$13.75 | \$14.27 | \$14.68 | \$15.10 | \$15.52 | \$15.98 |
| Usage Charges same a | s non-res. | \$0.0338 | \$0.0351 | \$0.0362 | \$0.0372 | \$0.0383 | \$0.0394 |
| TID Non-Potable Water | | | per irrigat | tion season, | per acre or p | ortion of | |
| Unmetered Service | \$170.01 | \$183.11 | \$196.20 | \$209.30 | \$222.40 | \$235.50 | \$248.59 |
| Metered Service: | | | | | | | |
| Service Charge per mete | r as above | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Meter Replacement Fee [5] | none | | | per meter | as above | | |
| Water Consumption per c.f. | \$0.0055 | \$0.0022 | \$0.0023 | \$0.0024 | \$0.0025 | \$0.0026 | \$0.0026 |
| Outside City Limits | | | | | | | |

All rates and charges for water service provided outside the city limits will be 1.5 times the inside city rates and charges.

Source: City of Ashland.

[3] For temporary water provided through a bulk meter on a fire hydrant.

[4] This rate shall apply to all water taken through fire protection services or fire guards.

[5] Due once per year on first TID non-potable water bill.

^[1] Irrigation customers currently only billed charges when the service takes water. Effective July 1, 2016 these customers will be charged the flat monthly fees every month regardless of whether water is taken.

^[2] For residential customers with separate irrigation meters the metered irrigation water is added to the domestic water use.

Table 2Calculated Typical Home Bill for 1,000 Cubic Feet

| | | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| Residential Charges | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | |
| | current | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| Flat Charges | | | | | | | | |
| Customer Charge | | \$11.74 | \$12.19 | \$12.54 | \$12.89 | \$13.25 | \$13.64 | |
| Service Charge | \$23.50 | \$13.75 | \$14.27 | \$14.68 | \$15.10 | \$15.52 | \$15.98 | |
| Total Flat Charges | \$23.50 | \$25.48 | \$26.46 | \$27.21 | \$27.99 | \$28.78 | \$29.61 | |
| Use Charges | | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 per cu. ft. | \$0.0243 | \$0.0246 | \$0.0256 | \$0.0263 | \$0.0271 | \$0.0278 | \$0.0287 | |
| Tier 2 per cu. ft. | \$0.0299 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 | |
| Tier 1 Charges (300 cu ft) | \$7.29 | \$7.37 | \$7.67 | \$7.89 | \$8.12 | \$8.35 | \$8.60 | |
| Tier 2 Charges (700 cu ft) | \$20.93 | \$21.50 | \$22.36 | \$23.01 | \$23.68 | \$24.35 | \$25.07 | |
| Total Use Charges | \$28.22 | \$28.87 | \$30.02 | \$30.89 | \$31.80 | \$32.70 | \$33.67 | |
| Bill for 3/4" using 1,000 cu. ft. | \$51.72 | \$54.35 | \$56.48 | \$58.11 | \$59.79 | \$61.48 | \$63.28 | |
| Percentage Increase | | 5% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | |

Source: HEC.

Figure 2 shows the calculated bill for a single family home with a $\frac{3}{2}$ meter using 1,000 cubic feet in the cost of service study compared to the master plan projections through 2022. Bills may be lower or higher than shown depending on actual quantity of water used.

Figure 2 Typical Monthly Bill for ¾" Single Family Home



2.4 RATE IMPACTS

Residential. In 2016 residential water bills would experience increases of about 5% rather than the full 8% increase in revenue requirement because of the cost redistribution between customers. The bills for residential customers will remain affordable per the Oregon Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program definition (see Section 6).

Commercial. Many commercial water bills would decrease under the new rate structure in 2016. The reduction in bills is also due to the reallocation of costs under the cost of service analysis. Commercial customers with 2" and larger meters would pay a larger portion of their bill as a flat monthly charge due to the change in service charge meter ratios to AWWA safe maximum operating capacities for meters. Larger water meter commercial customers would have higher bills in 2016.

Institutional. Institutional customers would experience a slight increase in bills in the winter months and a decrease in bills in the summer months. Institutional customers have a relatively flat demand throughout the year, with a slight peak in the spring months before the irrigation season begins, so the change to a uniform use charge (the same rate per 1,000 gallons is charged regardless of total water use) is appropriate.

Potable Irrigation. During the peak summer months potable irrigation bills would increase in 2016 due to cost redistribution. The new rate design is intended to curb irrigation water use during the peak use months by having a higher "on peak" rate per 1,000 gallons June through September. During off-peak months (October through April) water bills would increase if no water was taken. This reflects billing the flat monthly charges regardless of whether water is used or not. For accounts using water during the off-peak, irrigation bills would decrease. The off-peak potable irrigation water rate encourages planting in spring and fall months when water supply is not a concern.

TID Non-Potable Water Irrigation. The unmetered customers' rate would increase from \$170.01 per acre to \$183.11 per acre July 1, 2016 as a result of cost redistribution. The TID metered customer rate would decrease from \$0.0055 per cubic foot to \$0.0022 per cubic foot July 1, 2016. In addition, TID metered customers would pay a meter replacement fee.

Section 3: CURRENT CONDITIONS

3.1 CITY WATER SYSTEM

The City operates a surface water supply system. The main water supply is from Ashland Creek and reservoir. This water is treated at a City owned and operated water treatment plant. Treated water enters the distribution system from this point and either flows directly to customers or to one of 4 reservoirs (water tanks) located in the City. In 2014 the TAP water supply was completed to Ashland. The City can take up to 2.13 million gallons per day (mgd) in emergency water supplies from the Medford Water Commission. This water source will be used in late summer or early fall as needed to augment supplies. In addition to these two sources of treated water the City also obtains water from the Talent Irrigation District (TID). Non-potable TID water is supplied to irrigation customers located along the TID canal. Under terms of the contracts with TID the City may also use the water for potable water demands. When used for potable needs, water from the canal is diverted to the Ashland Creek water treatment plant where it is treated and enters the City's potable water distribution system.

Potable water production averages 46 million gallons per month during the winter months (December through March). Peak month production is July or August when production averages 152 million gallons per month. The highest month production in the past 6 years was 180 million gallons in July 2009. **Table 3** shows historical potable water production.

| Month | | | Calenda | ar Year | | | | Avg. Annual | Percent |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|----------------|-------------|
| Year | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | V | Vater Delivery | of Delivery |
| | | | | | | | | (MG) | by Month |
| | | Figures in | n Millions of | f Gallons | | | | | |
| January | 51.06 | 48.16 | 48.88 | 48.07 | 42.97 | 42.38 | | 46.92 | 5% |
| February | 44.48 | 41.77 | 44.11 | 44.96 | 36.98 | 37.36 | | 41.61 | 4% |
| March | 48.71 | 47.54 | 47.18 | 47.65 | 42.45 | 41.71 | | 45.87 | 5% |
| April | 64.90 | 48.40 | 48.70 | 53.24 | 54.76 | 56.41 | | 54.40 | 5% |
| May | 105.77 | 59.31 | 60.78 | 90.64 | 90.46 | 97.70 | | 84.11 | 8% |
| June | 124.39 | 88.51 | 88.77 | 109.75 | 117.26 | 119.26 | | 107.99 | 11% |
| July | 180.38 | 157.48 | 135.27 | 133.40 | 170.48 | 137.17 | | 152.36 | 15% |
| August | 167.64 | 158.29 | 152.00 | 149.87 | 155.29 | 131.38 | | 152.41 | 15% |
| September | 116.02 | 114.52 | 131.36 | 124.35 | 114.30 | 104.15 | | 117.45 | 12% |
| October | 69.73 | 86.43 | 82.60 | 81.33 | 99.24 | 83.61 | | 83.83 | 8% |
| November | 48.97 | 51.89 | 54.13 | 45.01 | 81.63 | 55.40 | | 56.17 | 6% |
| December | 51.26 | 47.26 | 49.63 | 40.50 | 52.97 | 51.01 | | 48.77 | 5% |
| Total | 1,073.32 | 949.57 | 943.42 | 968.78 | 1,058.79 | 957.53 | Α | 991.90 | 100% |
| Base Monthly Flow (Dec - Mar) | | | | | | | В | 45.79 | |
| Average Annual Base Flow C = B*1 | | | | | | 12 | 549.53 | 55% | |
| Average Anr | nual Additio | nal Flow | | | | D=A | -С | 442.37 | 45% |

Table 3 Historical Potable Water Production

Source: City of Ashland.

Water production includes Ashland Creek and TAP water supplies. Annual base water production is the winter monthly average production multiplied by 12. Base water production comprises 55% of annual production. Additional flow to meet demands that pick up during the spring, summer, and fall months comprises 45% of annual production.

Historical water consumption is shown in **Table 4.** Due to billing cycles, consumption by month in the table reflects the amount of water billed each month which is not exactly the same as total water used in each month; however, the pattern of use is very similar with peak month usage typically in July or August. **Figure 3** shows the seasonal pattern of water consumption.



Figure 3 Annual Water Consumption by Month

Table 4 compares potable water consumption and production. The figures show that about 4.5% of water produced is unbilled or unaccounted for. This figure is considered healthy for a water system³.

The total annual water usage billed increased 13% between 2010 and 2013 then fell back to almost the same level as 2010 in 2014. The decrease in water use between 2013 and 2014 is probably largely due to the drought. Oftentimes a decrease such as this can be sustained for many years, particularly if followed by another drought year, as has been the case in 2015. Referred to as 'demand hardening,' customers become accustomed to using less water. During the drought years they have retrofitted fixtures and reset irrigation clocks or changed out landscaping to reduce their water use.

³ "Most states have regulatory policies that set acceptable losses from public water system distribution systems at a maximum of between 10 and 15 percent of the water produced by the public water system.", page vii of 'Control and Mitigation of Drinking Water Losses in Distribution Systems', EPA November 2010 publication.

Table 4 Historical Water Consumption

| | Calendar Year | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Month | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | | | | |
| Consumption | | Fig | ures in Cubic F | eet | | | | | |
| January | 5,688,024 | 6,377,053 | 5,822,654 | 6,398,479 | 5,698,647 | | | | |
| February | 5,099,644 | 5,088,576 | 5,264,148 | 5,106,362 | 5,903,155 | | | | |
| March | 5,997,480 | 5,766,127 | 6,218,217 | 6,620,823 | 5,395,848 | | | | |
| April | 6,277,962 | 5,688,600 | 5,835,945 | 6,921,512 | 6,737,313 | | | | |
| May | 6,175,787 | 6,517,554 | 9,374,536 | 11,570,159 | 9,004,008 | | | | |
| June | 10,178,300 | 10,104,520 | 13,707,604 | 15,747,969 | 13,874,124 | | | | |
| July | 15,731,277 | 14,807,946 | 17,927,282 | 20,205,591 | 16,364,166 | | | | |
| August | 20,686,522 | 18,804,858 | 20,516,243 | 21,154,339 | 16,915,748 | | | | |
| September | 17,851,518 | 19,930,790 | 17,585,640 | 16,960,380 | 14,895,165 | | | | |
| October | 11,796,560 | 13,546,376 | 16,327,008 | 9,331,983 | 12,225,379 | | | | |
| November | 7,824,931 | 7,349,883 | 7,001,274 | 7,667,451 | 7,481,362 | | | | |
| December | 5,685,693 | 6,519,096 | 6,151,560 | 6,465,232 | 7,819,658 | | | | |
| Total Consumption (Cu. Ft.) | 118,993,698 | 120,501,379 | 131,732,111 | 134,150,280 | 122,314,573 | | | | |
| Total Consumption (Gallons) | 890,072,861 | 901,350,315 | 985,356,190 | 1,003,444,094 | 914,913,006 | | | | |
| Millions of Gallons Billed | 890 | 901 | 985 | 1,003 | 915 | | | | |
| Millions of Gallons Produced [1] | 950 | 943 | 969 | 1,059 | 958 | | | | |
| Production less Consumption | 59 | 42 | -17 | 55 | 43 | | | | |
| Production as % of Billing | 6.3% | 4.5% | -1.7% | 5.2% | 4.5% | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland.

[1] Includes TAP water of 6.3 MG in 2014. Production figures for 2012 unreliable due to calibration difficulties at the plant.

In selecting a base year as a platform for water use from which to project water demand over the Study time period it would be best to either use the average of the last five years or the most recent year of water use. This Study projects water use based on the most recent year of water use (2014). Unlike the Water Master Plan, in which the core objective is to ensure sufficient capacity is available for a 'worst case' growth in demand scenario (maximum likely use), this Study needs to ensure sufficient revenue is available in a 'best case' growth in demand scenario under which there are minimum increases in water use. The average annual water use of the last 5 years was 939 million gallons. The Study uses the 2014 use of 915 million gallons as the base for projecting water demand.

Over the same five-year period (2010-2014) the population of Ashland increased very slightly from an estimate of 20,100 to 20,300. Gallons of water produced per capita per day has remained flat at 129. Ashland's population growth and gallons per capita per day is shown in **Table 5**.

| Tabl | e 5 |
|------|--------------------------|
| City | Population Growth |

| Year | Certified Population Estimate | Annual Change | Annual % Change | Water Production Gallons per Capita per Day |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| | 1-Jul | | | |
| 2000 | 19,610 | | | |
| 2001 | 19,770 | 160 | 0.8% | |
| 2002 | 20,130 | 360 | 1.8% | |
| 2003 | 20,430 | 300 | 1.5% | |
| 2004 | 20,590 | 160 | 0.8% | |
| 2005 | 20,880 | 290 | 1.4% | 160 |
| 2006 | 21,430 | 550 | 2.6% | 161 |
| 2007 | 21,630 | 200 | 0.9% | 154 |
| 2008 | 21,485 | -145 | -0.7% | 153 |
| 2009 | 21,505 | 20 | 0.1% | 137 |
| 2010 | 20,095 | -1,410 | -6.6% | 129 |
| 2011 | 20,255 | 160 | 0.8% | 128 |
| 2012 | 20,325 | 70 | 0.3% | 131 |
| 2013 | 20,295 | -30 | -0.1% | 143 |
| 2014 | 20,340 | 45 | 0.2% | 129 |
| Change | 730 | 52 | | |
| Average Annua | al Population Increas | 0.26% | | |

Source: Portland State University Population Research Center -

www.pdx.edu/prc and Carollo 2012 City of Ashland Comprehensive Water Master Plan.

3.2 CUSTOMER BASE

As shown in **Table 5**, the City services a population of approximately 20,300 and it has sustained an annual average population increase of 0.26% since 2000. City water customers include residential (single family and multi-family), commercial, institutional (government/municipal), potable irrigation and non-potable irrigation (TID) customers. **Figure 4** shows water use by customer type. The figure excludes water use by the non-potable irrigation customers.

As the pie chart shows, the majority of City water use (69%) is by residential customers.

Figure 4 Water Use by Customer Type



3.3 THE WATER FUND

The water enterprise fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with operating the water system.⁴

Revenues. Historically, 61% of the water enterprise fund's operating revenue has been derived from water sales. Other operating revenue includes bond proceeds, system development charges (SDCs), new service installation fees, inter-government revenues, interest, and other miscellaneous revenues. **Table A-1** shows historical and budgeted water fund revenues. **Figure 5** shows the typical annual share of revenues by source.

Water sales by customer type is shown in Figure 6.

⁴ An enterprise fund is a fund that is intended to recover its costs through user fees and charges. Enterprise funds also provide the repayment capacity for, and make debt service payments on, any debt incurred for capital projects associated with the utility; therefore, any water enterprise fund bond-funded projects do not diminish the City's general fund debt capacity.

Figure 5 Typical Annual Sources of Water Fund Revenue

- Water Sales
- SDC Revenue
- New Service Installation
- Intergovernmental, Interest & Miscellaneous
- Bond Proceeds



Figure 6 Water Sales by Customer Type



Rate revenue is generated according to the current water rate schedule shown in **Table 6**. Customers are billed fixed service charges according to their water meter size plus use charges.

Table 6 Current Water Rates

| Rate Component | | | Rate Schedule 7/1/2015 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Monthly Service Charge | | | Within City Limits |
| Meter Size | | | |
| 3/4" | | | \$23.50 |
| 1" | | | \$46.99 |
| 1.5" | | | \$66.99 |
| 2" | | | \$88.24 |
| 3" | | | \$184.50 |
| 4" | | | \$282.07 |
| 6" | | | \$528.92 |
| 8" | | | \$881.49 |
| Usage Charges | | | |
| Residential [1] | | | |
| | | | October - May |
| 0 to 300 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0243 |
| 301 to 1,000 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0299 |
| 1,001 to 2,500 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0400 |
| > 2,500 cf | per month | per unit | Ş0.0517 |
| | | | June - September |
| 0 to 300 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0243 |
| 301 to 1,000 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0299 |
| 1,001 to 2,500 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0400 |
| 2,501 to 3,600 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0517 |
| > 3,600 cf | per month | per unit | \$0.0673 |
| Non-Residential [1] | | | |
| 0-50,000 cf | per month | | \$0.0343 |
| > 50,000 cf | per month | | \$0.0353 |
| TID Irrigation Rates | | | |
| Unmetered Service | per acre or po | ortion of | \$170.01 |
| Metered Service | Base Service (| Charge | per meter as above |
| | Water Consur | nption per cf | \$0.0055 |
| Bulk Water Rate | | | |
| For water provided on a t | emporary basis | through a bulk | meter on a fire hydrant |
| Deposit | | 0 | \$1,859.28 |
| Basic Fee | | | \$234.77 |
| Cost of Water | | sam | e as non-residential |
| Eire Protection Sonvice | | | |
| This rate shall apply to a | II fire protectio | n services or fir | e guards. The basic |
| service charge will be e | gual to the mini | mum basic serv | vice charge. Water will |
| be billed at non-resider | itial rates. | | |

Outside City Limits

All rates and charges for water service provided outside the city limits will be 1.5 times the rates for water service provided within the city limits.

Source: City of Ashland.

[1] Irrigation customers only billed when the service takes water.

New development pays System Development Charges (SDC) fees to pay for new facilities necessary to accommodate the increased demand associated with new customers. The current SDC fee schedule is shown in **Table 7**. SDC charges are not updated as part of this Study.

| Applicant | | SDC Charges | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Reimbursement | Improvement | Total |
| Residential | | | |
| All, per Sq. Ft. Habitable Area | \$0.9318 | \$1.6751 | \$2.6069 |
| Commercial & Industrial | | | |
| Meter Size | | | |
| 3/4" | \$1,792.89 | \$3,084.22 | \$4,877.11 |
| 1" | \$2,988.75 | \$5,140.43 | \$8,129.18 |
| 1.5" | \$5,975.70 | \$10,280.87 | \$16,256.57 |
| 2" | \$9,561.48 | \$16,448.58 | \$26,010.06 |
| 3" | \$20,917.65 | \$35,983.04 | \$56,900.69 |
| 4" | \$35,857.80 | \$61,685.21 | \$97,543.01 |
| 6" | \$74,704.35 | \$128,508.83 | \$203,213.18 |
| 8" | \$107,573.40 | \$185,053.61 | \$292,627.01 |

Table 7Water System Development Charges

Source: Economic & Financial Analysis, June 5, 2014.

Water customers are also charged a fixed monthly fee by water meter size for the Ashland Forest Resiliency Program. This new fee was adopted by City Council in May 2015 and is also not part of the Study. The Forest Resiliency Program was included in the Water Fund prior to fiscal year 2015-16. It is now part of public safety. The Forest Resiliency Program fee schedule is shown in **Table 8** on the following page.

Expenses. The water fund incurs annual expenses for supply, distribution, treatment plant, and conservation functions. Costs for these functions are further grouped into ten categories in the Study:

| Personnel (includes benefits) | Supplies |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Repair & Maintenance | Communications |
| Contractual Services | Central Service |
| Miscellaneous Charges | Other Purchased Services |
| Conservation Programs | Franchise Tax |

| Meter Size | Monthly Charge |
|------------|----------------|
| 3/4" | \$1.39 |
| 1" | \$1.39 |
| 1.5" | \$6.95 |
| 2" | \$11.12 |
| 3" | \$22.24 |
| 4" | \$34.75 |
| 6" | \$69.50 |
| 8" | \$111.20 |

Source: Resolution 2015-14 adding a surcharge to water meters for the purpose of generating and dedicating general fund resources for additional work in the forest interface as part of the Ashland Forest Resiliency Program, May 2015.

Over the past six years personnel costs (including salaries and benefits), central service costs (support from other departments allocated to water), and miscellaneous costs have been the largest expenditure items. Personnel costs have comprised approximately 35 percent of annual costs of the water utility. The percentage share of fiscal year 2015-16 budgeted expenses by expense category is shown in **Figure 7**.

Figure 7 Typical Annual Water Fund Expenses



An addition to the fiscal year 2015-16 budget is the cost of TAP water. This new water source first came online in the fall of 2014. The City anticipates using this water source one month every year in typical water years.

Table A-2 shows historical and budgeted expenditures by water system function. Operations expenditures are summarized in **Table A-3**.

Water Fund Balance. In 2010 and 2011 the water fund was unable to sustain itself. Inter-fund loans from other City funds were used to pay for operations of the water system. Following an increase in revenue in 2013 as a result of the completion of the Water Master Plan and implementation of increased rates, the water fund was able to sustain itself. The water fund balance increased from \$2.7 million to \$6.4 million. The inter-fund loans were repaid. The water fund balance decreased in fiscal years ending 2014 and 2015 (the last 2 fiscal years) to \$5.2 million as revenues decreased due to the drought (despite rate increases over the same time period). Bond proceeds have been used increasingly since 2013 to fund major capital improvements. The historical water fund balance is shown in **Table 9** below.

Table 9 Historical Water Fund Balance

| | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Water Fund | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| Revenues | \$4,455,768 | \$4,806,604 | \$5,745,624 | \$8,280,514 | \$6,322,141 | \$6,604,338 |
| Expenses | \$5,007,651 | \$4,996,091 | \$5,049,115 | \$6,899,636 | \$7,315,933 | \$8,414,077 |
| Excess (Deficiency) | (\$551,883) | (\$189,487) | \$696,509 | \$1,380,878 | (\$993,792) | (\$1,809,739) |
| Other Financing Sources | \$80,000 | \$550,000 | (\$200,000) | \$2,347,791 repayment of | \$829,630 repayment of | \$744,916 |
| | Interfund loan | Interfund loan | repayment of interfund loan | interfund loan & bond proceeds | interfund loan & bond proceeds | bond proceeds |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (\$471,883) | \$360,513 | \$496,509 | \$3,728,669 | (\$164,162) | (\$1,064,823) |
| Fund Balance July 1 Fund Balance June 30 | \$2,323,768 \$1,851,885 | \$1,851,885 \$2,212,398 | \$2,212,398 \$2,708,907 | \$2,708,907 \$6,437,576 | \$6,437,576 \$6,273,414 | \$6,273,414 \$5,208,591 |

Source: City of Ashland CAFRs.

Section 4: FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

4.1 REVENUE REQUIREMENT

The revenue requirement refers to the amount of money that must be raised annually through rates. The projection of revenue requirement is therefore the cornerstone for calculation of rates. This section explains the derivation of revenue requirement for this Study. Components of revenue requirement include:

- Capital Improvements
- Debt Service
- System Rehabilitation
- Operations Expenses and Reserves

City TID non-potable water sales revenue as well as other non-water sales revenue projections are credited against projected operations costs. Non-water sales include intergovernmental revenue, interest on investments, new service installation revenue, and other miscellaneous revenues.

4.1.1. Capital Improvements

The City's water system capital improvements plan (CIP) is shown in **Table A-4**. The table shows costs in inflated dollars to account for the increased cost of infrastructure over time. Project costs are increased 3.12% per year for inflation per the historical 1995-2015 20-year Engineering News-Record Construction Cost Index (ENR CCI) average annual increase.

The table only shows costs to be borne by existing customers. Improvements that benefit future customers will be paid for with system development charges. Total CIP costs benefiting existing customers is summarized in **Table 10.** Total costs (inflated) are estimated at \$28.6 million. Of this total, \$20.3 million (70%) is for the new water treatment plant and reservoir identified in the Master Plan.

Of the total identified \$28.6 million (inflated costs) in improvements, \$20.3 million is assumed to be funded with SRF loans, \$2.1 million is assumed to be funded with bond proceeds, \$3.8 million with cash raised by rates specifically for system rehabilitation, \$0.4 million with other water fund cash, and \$2.0 million with use of restricted reserves for capital improvements.

4.1.2. Debt Service

Existing debt service of the water fund is shown in **Table A-5.** Existing debt comprises City general obligation bonds as well as Medford Water Commission debt and State of Oregon revolving fund loan debt for the TAP project. State of Oregon revolving fund loan debt payments are estimated to begin in fiscal year 2017-18.

New debt service estimates for projects bond-funded by the City are shown in **Table A-6. Table A-7** shows the assumptions and debt service for financing the new water treatment plant and Crowson II reservoir with the Oregon DWSRF program.

| Item | Total | 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 1 | 2017-18 2 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 6 |
|--|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total Project Costs (inflated dollars) | \$28,624,250 | \$4,323,240 | \$12,072,625 | \$10,595,310 | \$282,400 | \$546,475 | \$469,200 | \$335,000 |
| System Rehabilitation Cash [1] | \$3,792,224 | ţΟ | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$282,400 | \$546,475 | \$469,200 | \$335,000 |
| Cash Funded (Rates) | \$402,240 | \$402,240 | ¢0 | \$0 | \$0 | ¢¢ | 0\$ | \$0 |
| Use of Restricted Reserves [2] | \$1,965,726 | \$0 | \$1,933,647 | \$32,079 | \$0 | ¢¢ | 0\$ | \$0 |
| Treatment Plant (SRF Funded) | \$13,041,810 | \$1,043,370 | \$5,910,570 | \$6,087,870 | \$0 | ¢¢ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Crowson II (SRF Funded) | \$7,322,940 | \$778,320 | \$3,223,980 | \$3,320,640 | \$0 | \$0 | 0\$ | \$0 |
| Bond Funded | \$2,099,310 | \$2,099,310 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | ¢¢ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total | \$28,624,250 | \$4,323,240 | \$12,072,625 | \$10,595,310 | \$282,400 | \$546,475 | \$469,200 | \$335,000 |
| Source: HEC | | | | | | | | |

Table 10 Summary of 10-Year CIP for Existing Customers

During years that system rehabilitation cash collection is greater than the CIP, monies will be restricted for capital improvements.
 Reserves restricted for capital improvement projects.

City of Ashland Water Rates Cost of Service Study

4.1.3. System Rehabilitation

Depreciation is used as the basis for which to collect rates to cover system rehabilitation costs. It is recommended that the City collect water rates to fund system rehabilitation costs. **Table 11** shows the estimated cost of depreciation of the water system. The estimated cost includes replacement of existing assets and assets that are estimated to be constructed during the Study time period (see **Table A-8**).

Table 11

| Assets | Annual Depreciation | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | | |
| | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | |
| Existing Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Rights | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | |
| Buildings | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | |
| Equipment | \$11,832 | \$8,189 | \$1,390 | \$1,390 | \$1,390 | \$1,390 | \$1,390 | | |
| Improvements | \$676 <i>,</i> 083 | \$673,081 | \$663,935 | \$663,935 | \$663,735 | \$661,981 | \$657 <i>,</i> 684 | | |
| Total Existing | \$687,915 | \$681,270 | \$665,325 | \$665,325 | \$665,126 | \$663,371 | \$659,074 | | |
| New Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Improvements | \$121,580 | \$323,159 | \$489 <i>,</i> 396 | \$494,288 | \$503,811 | \$511,829 | \$517,412 | | |
| Total New | \$121,580 | \$323,159 | \$489,396 | \$494,288 | \$503,811 | \$511,829 | \$517,412 | | |
| Combined Existing & New | \$809,495 | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$1,159,613 | \$1,168,937 | \$1,175,200 | \$1,176,486 | | |
| % Included in Rates | | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | | |
| Amount In Rates | | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$1,159,613 | \$1,168,937 | \$1,175,200 | \$1,176,486 | | |

Estimated Water System Assets Depreciation

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

4.1.4. Operations Expenses and Reserves

Table A-9 shows that operations costs of the water fund have increased at an average annual rate of 3.4% since 2010. This average annual increase is compared with a 2.7% Engineering News Record (ENR) Construction Cost Index (CCI) increase and 1.8%-2.2% Consumer Price Index (CPI) indexes. It is typical for utilities costs to increase at a faster rate than the price indexes shown.

This Study recommends using average annual increases of 4.0% for personnel costs, 3.5% for TAP water costs, and 3.0% for all other operating costs.

4.1.5. Calculated Revenue Requirement

Table 12 on the next page estimates the revenue requirement of the water fund for the next 10 years. In fiscal year 2015-16 the revenue requirement is calculated at \$5.78 million. The City projects revenues of \$6.52 million. Any realized additional revenue will be reserved for capital improvements identified in the Water Master Plan.

Table 12 Projected Revenue Requirement

| Revenues and | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Expenses | | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 4.0% | \$1,737,310 | \$1,806,802 | \$1,879,074 | \$1,954,237 | \$2,032,407 | \$2,113,703 | \$2,198,251 |
| Supplies | 3.0% | \$305,825 | \$315,000 | \$324,450 | \$334,183 | \$344,209 | \$354,535 | \$365,171 |
| Repair & Maintenance [1] | 3.0% | \$410,512 | \$359,827 | \$370,622 | \$381,741 | \$393,193 | \$404,989 | \$417,139 |
| Communications | 3.0% | \$22,380 | \$23,051 | \$23,743 | \$24,455 | \$25,189 | \$25,945 | \$26,723 |
| Contractual Services | 3.0% | \$353,600 | \$364,208 | \$375,134 | \$386,388 | \$397,980 | \$409,919 | \$422,217 |
| Central Service | 3.0% | \$887,650 | \$914,280 | \$941,708 | \$969,959 | \$999,058 | \$1,029,030 | \$1,059,901 |
| Miscellaneous Charges | 3.0% | \$517,020 | \$532,531 | \$548,507 | \$564,962 | \$581,911 | \$599,368 | \$617,349 |
| Other Purchased Services | 3.0% | \$207,320 | \$213,540 | \$219,946 | \$226,544 | \$233,340 | \$240,341 | \$247,551 |
| Franchise Tax | 3.0% | \$402,653 | \$414,733 | \$427,175 | \$439,990 | \$453,189 | \$466,785 | \$480,789 |
| Conservation Programs | 3.0% | \$114,500 | \$117,935 | \$121,473 | \$125,117 | \$128,871 | \$132,737 | \$136,719 |
| TAP Water [2] | 3.5% | \$44,000 | \$48,000 | \$50,000 | \$52,000 | \$54,000 | \$56,000 | \$58,000 |
| Subtotal Operating Expenses | | \$5,002,770 | \$5,109,906 | \$5,281,831 | \$5,459,577 | \$5,643,347 | \$5,833,351 | \$6,029,809 |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | | |
| Existing Debt (City bonds) | | \$453,291 | \$451,941 | \$450,491 | \$453,891 | \$457,091 | \$450,191 | \$448,241 |
| Existing Debt Medford Water Com | mission | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 |
| Existing Debt (IFA note) | | \$0 | \$0 | \$157,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 |
| New City Debt [3] | Table A-6 | | \$188,000 | \$188,000 | \$188,000 | \$188,000 | \$188,000 | \$188,000 |
| New SRF Debt | Table A-7 | | \$53,736 | \$313,722 | \$581,505 | \$1,145,400 | \$1,145,400 | \$1,145,400 |
| Subtotal Debt Service | | \$617,059 | \$857,445 | \$1,272,981 | \$1,490,164 | \$2,057,259 | \$2,050,359 | \$2,048,409 |
| Capital Outlay Cash Funded | | \$402,240 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| System Rehabilitation | | \$0 | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$1,159,613 | \$1,168,937 | \$1,175,200 | \$1,176,486 |
| Operating Reserves | | \$0 | \$310,000 | (\$105,000) | (\$245,000) | (\$735,000) | (\$650,000) | (\$555,000) |
| Subtotal Annual Cost | | \$6,022,069 | \$7,281,780 | \$7,604,533 | \$7,864,353 | \$8,134,543 | \$8,408,910 | \$8,699,704 |
| Credits | | | | | | | | |
| New Service Installation | 2.0% | \$114,800 | \$117,096 | \$119,438 | \$121,827 | \$124,263 | \$126,748 | \$129,283 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | constant | \$14,000 | \$14,000 | \$14,000 | \$14,000 | \$14,000 | \$14,000 | \$14,000 |
| Interest on Investments | constant | \$20,400 | \$20,400 | \$20,400 | \$20,400 | \$20,400 | \$20,400 | \$20,400 |
| Miscellaneous | 2.0% | \$12,000 | \$12,240 | \$12,485 | \$12,734 | \$12,989 | \$13,249 | \$13,514 |
| Non-Potable Water (TID) Charges | Table 14 | \$80,742 | \$50,800 | \$53,727 | \$56,676 | \$59,632 | \$62,642 | \$65,663 |
| Subtotal Credits | | \$241,942 | \$214,536 | \$220,050 | \$225,637 | \$231,284 | \$237,040 | \$242,860 |
| REVENUE REQUIREMENT | | \$5,780,127 | \$7,067,244 | \$7,384,483 | \$7,638,716 | \$7,903,258 | \$8,171,870 | \$8,456,844 |
| | | base | | | | | | |
| Change from Base Year Water Sale | S | \$6,515,358 | \$551,886 | \$869,124 | \$1,123,358 | \$1,387,900 | \$1,656,512 | \$1,941,485 |
| Annual Change | | | \$551,886 | \$317,239 | \$254,234 | \$264,542 | \$268,612 | \$284,974 |
| Percentage Change | | | 8% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |

Source : HEC.

[1] Maintenance costs reduced in year 1 by \$63,000 which is the average amount spent on meter replacement in the City each year currently. Meter replacement costs will be recouped in the new meter replacement monthly charges.

[2] Assumes 2.13 mgd for 31 days/year. In 2015 the cost is 68 cents per 1,000 gallons. The cost is assumed to increase to 75 cents per 1,000 gallons. in 2016 and thereafter 3.5% per year in the model.

[3] Assumes payments start the following year.

The revenue requirement is projected to increase to \$7.07 million in fiscal year 2016-17, and increase each year thereafter. The revenue requirement is projected to continue to increase fiscal years ending 2018 through 2022 to account for inflation, fund capital expenditures, and account for new debt. To keep rates at a 3% annual increase during this timeframe,

approximately \$2.3 million of existing cash reserves will be depleted. Note that the revenue requirement is the amount that must be collected from potable water customers; it excludes revenues from water sales to City TID customers. The percentage increases in revenue requirement match the 2012 Water Master Plan for the first three fiscal years.

4.2 TALENT IRRIGATION DISTRICT NON-POTABLE IRRIGATION SERVICE

Total annual costs of the water system to potable users is reduced by credits, including credit for water sales to TID non-potable water customers. In fiscal year 2015-16 TID charges are budgeted at \$81,000. This Study calculates the costs of the TID system at \$52,870 for fiscal year 2015-16. **Table A-10** shows annual costs comprise city canal maintenance costs as well as staffing and materials costs. **Table A-11** provides a supporting cost estimate for annual maintenance costs.

TID irrigation water is supplied under a 1924, 1926 and 1935 contract between the City and TID. This contract allows for use of 769 acre-feet for both non-potable irrigation and treated domestic water supplies. Use of TID deliveries by year since 2004 is shown in **Table A-12**. During drought years the contract may be reduced as it was in 2013 and 2014. The City also has a contract with TID for 600 acre-feet per year. The 600-acre feet contract is for potable water customers only.

The City diverts TID water to the Ashland Creek water treatment plant where it is treated and then enters the potable water distribution system. In drought years the City may also divert a portion or all the 769 acre-feet contract water to the treatment plant. Under this circumstance only the 'front side' canal users, located before the diversion to the treatment plant may receive water. As shown in **Table A-12**, on average, TID customers use 73% of the 769 acre-feet of water rights. This percentage is applied to the TID cost calculation for city canal maintenance costs. **Table 13** shows allocation of TID system costs between unmetered and metered non-potable water customers for fiscal year 2015-16.

Table 13Calculated TID Use Rates for Fiscal Year 2015-16

| ltem | Calculation | Current Rates | Calculated 15/16 Rates |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Total TID Annual Cost | а | | \$52,870 |
| Metered Rate per Cu. Ft. | b | \$0.0055 | \$0.0022 |
| SOU Annual Costs [1] | c = 7,101,690*b | | \$15,348 |
| Lithia Park (City) Annual Costs [1] | d = 1,020,495*b | | \$2,205 |
| Unmetered Irrigators Costs | e = a-c-d | \$170.01 | \$35,316 |
| Unmetered Irrigators Acres | e | | 174 |
| Unmetered Annual Rate per Acre | f = d/e | | \$202.97 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Excludes service charge and meter replacement fee.
 Cost share based on TID water use - see Table A-10:
 Total Cubic Feet 24,463,405
 SOU Cubic Feet 7,101,690
 Utility Ded. Cubic Feet 4,020,405

Lithia Park Cubic Feet1,020,495All Other Irrigators Cubic Feet16,341,220

City of Ashland Ordinance 1288 provides for metered and unmetered TID irrigation water rates. The ordinance requires that rates shall be self-supporting so far as is practicable, so that domestic water users do not subsidize the cost of the TID irrigation water system; however, the ordinance also states that the primary use of the City's TID water is for domestic purposes in water-short years. In addition, TID non-potable water will be available for irrigation purposes at rates less than those in effect for domestic water.

The calculated rate for metered customers is less than the current rate. The rate for unmetered customers does not immediately increase to cost of service. It gradually increases over the next six years to cost of service.

| | Current | 7/1/2016 | 7/1/2017 | 7/1/2018 | 7/1/2019 | 7/1/2020 | 7/1/2021 |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Metered | \$0.0055 | \$0.0022 | \$0.0023 | \$0.0024 | \$0.0025 | \$0.0026 | \$0.0026 |
| Rate per | | | | | | | |
| Cu. Ft. | | | | | | | |
| Unmetered | \$170.01 | \$183.11 | \$196.20 | \$209.30 | \$222.40 | \$235.50 | \$248.59 |
| Rate per | | | | | | | |
| Acre | | | | | | | |

Table 14 shows the calculated offset to the revenue requirement over the Study period.

Table 14 TID Revenue Offset

| Costs | Assumption | 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | Assumption | Duse | - | - | <u> </u> | - | , | |
| TID Annual Cost Paid by Metered Cu | ustomers | | | | | | | |
| Base Meter Charge [1] | | | | | | | | 4 |
| SOU | | \$4,231 | Ş432 | \$446 | \$460 | \$466 | \$487 | \$502 |
| Lithia Park (City) | | \$2,257 | \$351 | \$362 | \$373 | \$377 | \$395 | \$407 |
| Metered Water Use [2] | | | | | | | | |
| SOU | | \$39,059 | \$15,875 | \$16,420 | \$16,984 | \$17,568 | \$18,172 | \$18,798 |
| Lithia Park (City) | | \$5,613 | \$2,281 | \$2 <i>,</i> 359 | \$2,441 | \$2,524 | \$2,611 | \$2,701 |
| Total SOU | | \$44,672 | \$18,156 | \$18,779 | \$19,425 | \$20,092 | \$20,784 | \$21,499 |
| Total Lithia Park (City) | | \$7,869 | \$2,632 | \$2,722 | \$2,814 | \$2,901 | \$3,007 | \$3,108 |
| Total TID Metered Customers | | \$52,541 | \$20,788 | \$21,501 | \$22,238 | \$22,993 | \$23,790 | \$24,608 |
| All Other TID Users Costs | | | | | | | | |
| Annual Flat Fees [3] | | \$29,582 | \$31,861 | \$34,140 | \$36,418 | \$38,697 | \$40,976 | \$43,255 |
| Total TID Unmetered Customers | | \$29,582 | \$31,861 | \$34,140 | \$36,418 | \$38,697 | \$40,976 | \$43,255 |
| Total Estimated TID Customer Paym | ients | | | | | | | |
| Meter Fees | | \$6,488 | \$783 | \$809 | \$833 | \$842 | \$883 | \$909 |
| Use Fees | | \$74,254 | \$50,016 | \$52,919 | \$55,843 | \$58,790 | \$61,760 | \$64,754 |
| Total Fees | | \$80,742 | \$50,800 | \$53,727 | \$56,676 | \$59,632 | \$62,642 | \$65,663 |
| Contracted Water | 2.0% | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| City Maintenance Costs | 3.0% | \$30,070 | \$30,972 | \$31,901 | \$32,858 | \$33,844 | \$34,859 | \$35,905 |
| Canal Depreciation | constant | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TID Billing Costs (personnel) | 4.0% | \$22,800 | \$23,712 | \$24,660 | \$25,647 | \$26,673 | \$27,740 | \$28,849 |
| Total Annual Cost (rounded) | | \$52,870 | \$54,684 | \$56,562 | \$58,505 | \$60,517 | \$62,599 | \$64,754 |
| Annual Percentage Increase | | | 3.4% | 3.4% | 3.4% | 3.4% | 3.4% | 3.4% |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Customer charges and meter replacement fees for one 6" meter (SOU) and one 4" meter (Lithia Park).

[2], [3] Calculated Rates from Table 12.

| Calculated Rate per Metered Connection | \$0.0055 | \$0.0022 | \$0.0023 | \$0.0024 | \$0.0025 | \$0.0026 | \$0.0026 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Calculated Rate per Acre at Cost of Service | \$170.01 | \$209.93 | \$217.14 | \$224.60 | \$232.32 | \$240.32 | \$248.59 |
| Calculated Rate per Acre at Gradual Increase | | \$183.11 | \$196.20 | \$209.30 | \$222.40 | \$235.50 | \$248.59 |

4.3 METER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM

City crews replace older water meters that are near the end of their useful life, or which are inaccurately measuring water flow. The City has not been collecting funds to routinely replace meters. The cost to replace meters, by size of meter, was used to determine the annual cost of a meter replacement program (it is estimated that meters will have to be replaced every 20 years). Meter replacement program costs will increase as the number of City water meters increases and as the cost of installation increases. It is estimated that the meter replacement program will increase annually from approximately \$138,000 in 2015 to \$172,000 fiscal year ending 2022, as shown in **Table 15**.

Table 15Estimated Meter Replacement Fee Program Costs

| | | Fiscal Year Ending | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
| Item | Assumption | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Projected Growth in V | /ater Meters | | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% |
| Projected City Water Meters | | 8,819 | 8,871 | 8,923 | 8,976 | 9,029 | 9,082 | 9,136 |
| Estimated Replacement Cost per Meter [1] | 3.12% | \$312 | \$322 | \$332 | \$342 | \$353 | \$364 | \$376 |
| Percentage of Meters Replaced | 20-yr cycle | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% | 5.0% |
| Estimated Meter Replacement Program Co | \$137,719 | \$142,851 | \$148,169 | \$153,697 | \$159,426 | \$165,363 | \$171,533 | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Weighted average cost of meters.

Assumptions for meter costs in 2015 are shown in **Table A-13**. Meter costs and fees are increased 3.12% per year per the historical 20-year average annual ENR CCI increase previously described. **Table 16** shows the calculated meter replacement fees. Since the revenues and costs of the meter replacement program are assumed to be equal each year, the program is not included in the revenue requirement calculation.

| | Effective July 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Meter | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | | | | |
| Size | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | | | |
| Annual escalator 3.12% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3/4" | \$1.15 | \$1.18 | \$1.22 | \$1.26 | \$1.30 | \$1.34 | \$1.38 | | | | |
| 1" | \$1.72 | \$1.77 | \$1.83 | \$1.88 | \$1.94 | \$2.00 | \$2.07 | | | | |
| 1-1/2" | \$2.71 | \$2.79 | \$2.88 | \$2.97 | \$3.06 | \$3.16 | \$3.26 | | | | |
| 2" | \$3.65 | \$3.76 | \$3.88 | \$4.00 | \$4.12 | \$4.25 | \$4.38 | | | | |
| 3" | \$7.81 | \$8.06 | \$8.31 | \$8.57 | \$8.83 | \$9.11 | \$9.39 | | | | |
| 4" | \$16.98 | \$17.51 | \$18.05 | \$18.62 | \$19.20 | \$19.80 | \$20.41 | | | | |
| 6" | \$23.54 | \$24.28 | \$25.03 | \$25.81 | \$26.62 | \$27.45 | \$28.30 | | | | |
| 8" | \$28.39 | \$29.27 | \$30.18 | \$31.12 | \$32.10 | \$33.10 | \$34.13 | | | | |

Table 16Calculated Meter Replacement Fees

Source: HEC.
Section 5: COST OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

5.1 FUNCTIONAL COST ALLOCATION

City water system costs were classified into different functions: customer costs, meter and services costs, capacity costs, and commodity costs. Customer costs, meter and services costs, and a portion of capacity costs are fixed costs. Fixed costs generally consist of costs that a utility incurs to serve customers irrespective of the amount or rate of water they use.⁵ A portion of capacity costs and all commodity costs are variable costs. Variable costs are those that change in total as the volume of activity changes, as measured in a specific time period. These commonly include the costs of chemicals used in the treatment process, energy related to pumping for transmission and distribution, and purchased water.

Table A-14 shows how the expenses in the City's budget were allocated to the different functions of water service. Expense functions were allocated based on one of five different methodologies. These methodologies include:

- 1. **Plant In Service.** Plant in service allocation is shown in **Table A-15**. Plant in service costs include the original cost of current water system assets. Total cost is allocated to customers, meters and services, capacity, and commodity.
- 2. Ratio of Average to Peak Month. The calculation of peak to average month flows is shown in Table 3. Expenses are allocated 55% to customers and 45% to use functions using this methodology.
- **3.** Utilities. All utilities costs (electricity) are allocated 100% to commodity because they are directly affected by the amount of water delivered. TAP water is also allocated 100% to commodity.
- 4. **Customers.** Central service costs and costs such as office supplies, telephones, computers, postage and insurance are allocated 100% to customer costs. These costs are not affected by the amount of water delivered.
- 5. Average of Classified Costs. Many expenses are allocated to multiple functions of water service because they do not directly relate to capacity of the water system, or quantity of water deliveries. These expenses are allocated among the customer, meters and services, capacity, and commodity functions based on the combined percentage allocation of all other classified costs. Examples of expenses allocated using this methodology include salaries and other personnel costs, professional services, and training costs.

Customer, meters and services, and a portion of capacity costs are captured in flat monthly fees. Commodity costs and a portion of capacity costs are captured through variable water service fees (use fees). Capacity costs were split between flat monthly fees and use fees to reflect that some capacity or infrastructure costs must be recovered regardless of the amount of water used.⁶

⁵ M1 Manual, pp. 137-138.

⁶ M1 Manual page 139, fixed charges.

The portion of capacity costs allocated to the flat monthly fees is referred to as a readiness to serve charge. The allocation of revenue requirement using the functional allocation is shown in **Table 17**.

Table 17

Allocation of Revenue Requirement to Cost Functions

| Costs | Functional Allocation | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Total Revenue Requirement | | \$6,543,230 | \$7,067,244 | \$7,384,483 | \$7,638,716 | \$7,903,258 | \$8,171,870 | \$8,456,844 |
| Customer | 18% | \$1,177,781 | \$1,272,104 | \$1,329,207 | \$1,374,969 | \$1,422,587 | \$1,470,937 | \$1,522,232 |
| Meters & Services | 5% | \$327,162 | \$353,362 | \$369,224 | \$381,936 | \$395,163 | \$408,594 | \$422,842 |
| Capacity (in flat charge) [1] | 19% | \$1,243,214 | \$1,342,776 | \$1,403,052 | \$1,451,356 | \$1,501,619 | \$1,552,655 | \$1,606,800 |
| Capacity (in use charge) | 31% | \$2,028,401 | \$2,190,846 | \$2,289,190 | \$2,368,002 | \$2,450,010 | \$2,533,280 | \$2,621,622 |
| Commodity | 27% | \$1,766,672 | \$1,908,156 | \$1,993,810 | \$2,062,453 | \$2,133,880 | \$2,206,405 | \$2,283,348 |
| Total | 100% | \$6,543,230 | \$7,067,244 | \$7,384,483 | \$7,638,716 | \$7,903,258 | \$8,171,870 | \$8,456,844 |

Source: HEC.

[1] The readiness to serve charge.

[2] In 2014 the City collected 45% of water charges in flat monthly charges; however, this was a drought year. During drought years the base charges comprise a larger portion of total revenues.

5.2 RATE DESIGN

Allocation of costs to customer categories is based on the Commodity-Demand method described in the M1 Manual Chapter III.2. Once the revenue requirement has been projected and the functional allocation analysis performed the City has to arrive at a rate design (how the revenue requirement will be collected) with knowledge of how the City's water system costs are structured. In determining an appropriate rate design for Ashland, this Study considered the following key objectives:

- Rates must be capable of generating sufficient revenues to meet all annual financial obligations of the water enterprise fund;
- The rate structure should encourage water efficiency;
- Change to the rate structure must be administratively feasible (compatible with the existing billing system and straightforward to explain to customers);
- The rate structure should be as representative of local customer water use patterns as possible; and
- Revised rates must be supportive of City goals, keeping within affordability guidelines.

With these objectives in mind, the differential in costs by pumping zone was analyzed. The analysis did not show any significant differences in costs by pumping zone; this potential change to the rate design was discarded.

Flat Monthly Costs. The customer, meters and services, and readiness to serve costs should all be collected in flat monthly fees. Options for collection include combining all costs into one service charge based on meter size (as is currently done) or separating customer costs from capacity costs and collecting customer costs based on the number of accounts, rather than meter size. While both approaches are common, this Study recommends a customer charge and a service charge because this methodology more accurately captures the costs of service. Central services costs, which make up the majority of customer costs, are a direct function of the number of water accounts served, not capacity of the system (meters).

This Study recommends implementation of monthly customer charges as shown in **Table 18**. If a water account has multiple meters associated with it, the account would only pay the customer charge once. In contrast, capacity costs are collected for each meter with the potential to use the capacity of the system.

| Allocated To | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Projected Annual Growth Rate | | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% |
| Revenue Requirement Allocated | \$1,177,781 | \$1,272,104 | \$1,329,207 | \$1,374,969 | \$1,422,587 | \$1,470,937 | \$1,522,232 |
| Total City Water Accounts | 8,980 | 9,033 | 9,087 | 9,140 | 9,194 | 9,249 | 9,303 |
| Customer Cost per Bill per Year | \$131.16 | \$140.83 | \$146.28 | \$150.43 | \$154.72 | \$159.04 | \$163.62 |
| Cost per Month | \$10.93 | \$11.74 | \$12.19 | \$12.54 | \$12.89 | \$13.25 | \$13.64 |

Table 18 Calculation of Customer Service Costs per Account

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

Table 19 on the next page shows allocation of meters and services and the readiness to serve costs. The calculation is based on total number of billable meter equivalents and the meter ratios of meter sizes to a 3/4" meter. Meter ratios reflect the difference in water volume that can be taken through the meter. Calculation of equivalent meter ratios is shown in **Tables 20** and **A-16**.

In addition to the customer and service charges calculated from the revenue requirement projection and allocation, the new rate structure adds the meter replacement fee (see Section 4) to the service charge. The revised flat monthly charge now includes three components: the service charge, the customer charge, and the meter replacement fee.

Variable (Use) Costs. Remaining capacity costs and commodity costs are recovered from customers through use charges applied to actual water consumption as measured through

water meters. In 2014 the City collected 55% of costs through use charges.⁷ This Study calculates rates with 58% of costs collected in use charges so that use charges continue to send a water conservation signal to customers. There are many ways that the City could collect use charges. This Study selected a rate structure based on City goals and customer water use patterns.

\$335.51

\$936.08 \$1,005.11 \$1,044.05 \$1,073.65 \$1,104.30 \$1,135.12 \$1,167.80

\$585.05 \$628.19 \$652.53 \$671.03 \$690.19 \$709.45

\$345.09 \$354.72

\$364.94

\$729.87

Table 19Calculation of Monthly Service Charge by Meter Size

| | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Allocated Costs | [1] | \$1,570,375 | \$1,696,139 | \$1,772,276 | \$1,833,292 | \$1,896,782 | \$1,961,249 | \$2,029,642 |
| Est. Billable Met | ter Equivalents | 11,184 | 11,250 | 11,317 | 11,384 | 11,451 | 11,519 | 11,587 |
| | Meter | | | | | | | |
| Meter Size | Ratio | | | Monthly Se | ervice Charg | e per Meter | | |
| 3/4" | 1.00 | \$11.70 | \$12.56 | \$13.05 | \$13.42 | \$13.80 | \$14.19 | \$14.60 |
| 1" | 1.00 | \$11.70 | \$12.56 | \$13.05 | \$13.42 | \$13.80 | \$14.19 | \$14.60 |
| 1.5" | 5.00 | \$58.51 | \$62.82 | \$65.25 | \$67.10 | \$69.02 | \$70.94 | \$72.99 |
| 2" | 8.00 | \$93.61 | \$100.51 | \$104.41 | \$107.36 | \$110.43 | \$113.51 | \$116.78 |
| 3" | 16.00 | \$187.22 | \$201.02 | \$208.81 | \$214.73 | \$220.86 | \$227.02 | \$233.56 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

4"

6"

8"

[1] Includes meter and services costs and portion of capacity costs that represent the readiness to serve.

\$292.53 \$314.10 \$326.27

Table 20Estimated Meter Equivalent Units

25.00

50.00

80.00

| Meter Size | Number of Meters | Ratio to 3/4" Service | Equivalent Meter Units |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | [1] | |
| 3/4" | 7,814 | 1.0 | 7,814 |
| 1" | 509 | 1.0 | 509 |
| 1.5" | 167 | 5.0 | 835 |
| 2" | 145 | 8.0 | 1,160 |
| 3" | 21 | 16.0 | 336 |
| 4" | 14 | 25.0 | 350 |
| 6" | 2 | 50.0 | 100 |
| 8" | 1 | 80.0 | 80 |
| Total | 8,673 | | 11,184 |

Source: Table B-1 of the AWWA M1 Manual, City of Ashland, and HEC.

[1] Uses safe maximum operating capacities of C-700-09

Displacement Type Meters (bronze main case) for meters smaller than 2" and C-702-10 Compound Type, Class I for meters 2" and larger.

⁷ Percentage will fluctuate from year to year. Since 2014 was a drought year it is expected that use charges would normally comprise a larger share of total water rate revenues (between 55% and 60%).

This Study proposes to keep the City's current increasing block rate structure for most customers for use charges. Properly designed increasing block rates recover class-specific costs of service while sending a more conservation-oriented price signal to that class.⁸ The M1 Manual page 116 also summarizes that "increasing block rate structure have found growing use in areas experiencing growth in water demand that is reaching the safe yield or capacity of the system, where there has been an impetus for improved efficiency in water use." Setting appropriate increasing blocks is determined by examining customer characteristics.

5.2.1. Customer Characteristics

Table 21 on the following page shows the customer characteristics of residential, nonresidential, and irrigation customers. Average monthly use, monthly winter average and monthly summer average use as well as average annual use by customer type are calculated using 2014 meter reads. In the summer months all residential customers and commercial customers with meters 2" or less use approximately twice the amount of water that they do during the winter months. Larger commercial customers and institutional customers use about 1.5 times the amount of water during the summer months. The summer to average month ratio is close to one for institutional customers and the maximum month usage is in May, before the peak use for the water system as a whole. Institutional characteristics suggest one rate for all water use would be appropriate. Irrigation customers display very different usage to the other customer types. Only about 10% of irrigation customers take water throughout the year.

Figure 8 shows customer usage patterns by customer type throughout the year. The peaking patterns of residential and irrigation customers is pronounced compared with the other customer types. These customers also comprise 81% of total water use (see **Figure 4**) therefore a rate structure that encourages efficient use of water during the summer months is very important.



Figure 8 Monthly Water Use by Customer Type

⁸ M1 Manual page 111.

| | | | Median | Average | Maxin | unu | Average | Monthly | Monthly | Winter | Summer to |
|-------------------------|--------|------------|---------|---------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|---------|--------|------------|
| | Number | of Billing | Monthly | Monthly | Average M | onth Use | Annual | Winter | Summer | ţ | Avg. Month |
| Customer Type | Meters | Units | Use | Use | (non-coine | cidental) | Use | Average | Average | Summer | Ratio |
| | | | | cub | iic feet per moi | nth figu | res in cubic fe | eet | | | |
| Residential | | | | | use per unit | | | [1] | [2] | | |
| Master Metered | 606 | 3,300 | 296 | 374 | 548 | August | 4,487 | 265 | 525 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Single Unit | 6,993 | 6,993 | 505 | 772 | 1,296 | August | 9,265 | 460 | 1,201 | 2.6 | 1.6 |
| Non-Residential | | | | | 2 | ise per meter | | | | | |
| Commercial < 2" | 504 | | 588 | 1,672 | 2,601 | August | 20,064 | 1,080 | 2,360 | 2.2 | 1.4 |
| Commercial 2" or larger | 51 | | 5,310 | 11,224 | 15,989 | August | 134,691 | 9,094 | 14,918 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Institutional | 77 | | 994 | 6,780 | 9,543 | Мау | 81,366 | 5,876 | 7,360 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Irrigation [3] | 325 | | 1,657 | 6,442 | 10,652 S | eptember | 77,301 | 647 | 8,808 | 13.6 | 1.4 |
| Total | 8,556 | 10,293 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

December through March consumption.
 June through September consumption.
 Approximately 32 accounts (10%) use water year-round.

Table 21 **Customer Usage Characteristics**

Use by customer type by month is further examined by water meter size in **Table A-17**. The table shows that use is driven by customer category and by meter size. Based on use characteristics by customer type the proposed rate structure includes five customer categories, designed to capture customer use patterns. The customer categories include residential, commercial 2" or smaller, commercial greater than 2", institutional, and irrigation.

Bill Tabulation. Bill tabulation is a tool used to analyze customer use data to determine appropriate rate blocks. Bill tabulations and analysis for residential customers are shown in **Tables A-18** through **A-20**. On an annual basis, residential customers take 36% of water in tier 1, 37% in tier 2, 19% in tier 3, 4% in tier 4 and 3% in tier 5 (summer months only). Residential use by tier is illustrated in **Figure 9**.

This Study recommends keeping the current tiers for residential customers. As is desired, the current rate structure is capturing the majority of water use in tiers 1, 2, and 3. Only excessive water users (the top 7% of water) are billed in tiers 4 and 5. Tier 5 only applies during the summer (June through September)⁹.



Figure 9 Residential Water Use by Tier

Non-residential bill tabulation under the current rate structure is shown in **Table A-21**. The table shows large discrepancies in water billed under tiers 1 and 2 among the different non-residential customer types (irrigation, commercial and institutional) as illustrated in **Figure 10**. This Study recommends only charging commercial customers two tiers. The proposed

⁹ Tier 1 is intended to capture typical customer monthly indoor water usage. Tier 2 is intended to capture typical customer monthly indoor usage and some outdoor water usage. Tier 3 is intended to apply to customers using more than the typical customer does in an average water use month.

two tiers result in the bill tabulation shown in **Table A-22**. As a result of changing the commercial tiers according to meter size (less than 2" and 2" and larger), 60-65% of water is billed in tier 1, providing consistency among different commercial users. This is shown in **Figure 11**. The current rate structure and proposed rate structure are compared in **Tables A-23** and **A-24**.



Figure 10 Non-Residential Water Use by Tier (current rate structure)

Figure 11 Commercial Water Use by Tier (proposed rate structure)



5.3 POTABLE WATER DEMAND PROJECTION

Historical potable water use by customer type is shown in **Table A-25.** Projected potable water demand is shown in **Table 22**. Total number of water users by customer category is projected using an average annual growth rate of 0.59%. The growth rate is based on the average of the State certified population estimates historical growth rate and the City's Comprehensive Plan estimated growth rate. Projected water demand is based on average annual use by customer category for calendar year 2014.

Table 22 Projected Potable Water Demand

| Potable Water Customer | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Residential | | | | Figures in (| Cubic Feet | | |
| Single Family | 62,048,584 | 62,463,798 | 62,760,506 | 63,092,739 | 63,426,063 | 63,763,271 | 64,099,340 |
| Multi-Family | 20,299,186 | 20,443,836 | 20,544,128 | 20,654,585 | 20,765,447 | 20,877,506 | 20,989,338 |
| Subtotal Residential | 82,347,770 | 82,907,634 | 83,304,634 | 83,747,324 | 84,191,510 | 84,640,777 | 85,088,678 |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | |
| Commercial <2" meter | 10,276,017 | 10,477,157 | 10,522,645 | 10,576,058 | 10,629,590 | 10,683,875 | 10,737,773 |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | 7,446,478 | 7,592,234 | 7,625,196 | 7,663,901 | 7,702,694 | 7,742,031 | 7,781,088 |
| Institutional | 6,197,355 | 6,282,192 | 6,314,230 | 6,348,832 | 6,383,577 | 6,418,661 | 6,453,731 |
| Irrigation | 14,792,917 | 14,121,921 | 14,133,872 | 14,179,296 | 14,224,212 | 14,271,344 | 14,315,774 |
| Subtotal Non-Residential | 38,712,767 | 38,473,504 | 38,595,943 | 38,768,087 | 38,940,073 | 39,115,911 | 39,288,367 |
| Total Billable | 121,060,537 | 121,381,138 | 121,900,577 | 122,515,411 | 123,131,582 | 123,756,688 | 124,377,045 |
| Tracking Water | 1,254,006 | 1,261,422 | 1,268,881 | 1,276,385 | 1,283,932 | 1,291,525 | 1,299,162 |
| Unaccounted Water | 5,504,154 | 5,518,915 | 5,542,626 | 5,570,631 | 5,598,698 | 5,627,170 | 5,655,429 |
| Estimated Water Produced | 127,818,697 | 128,161,475 | 128,712,083 | 129,362,426 | 130,014,213 | 130,675,383 | 131,331,636 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

Tables A-26 and **A-27** show the water demand calculations. Projected water demand accounts for decreased use of water due to reaction to increased water prices. This effect is called 'price elasticity.' Price elasticity measures the change in water use resulting from a price increase, all other things held equal. Price elasticity factors vary by location, pricing structure of both water and sewer rates, time of year, and customer type. Price elasticity is only applied to real price increases; that is the price increase adjusted for inflation, to keep the effect of the price of water independent of total cost increases. For example, if the price increase necessary to meet the revenue requirement is 10.0% and inflation is 2.0%, any change in water demand as a result of a price increase is calculated on an 8.0% increase. With a negative price elasticity of 0.1, a single family residential customer is expected to decrease water use by 1.0% when price increases 10.0%. Irrigation customers are anticipated to react the most to water price increases.

Table A-28 compares the water demand projection in the Study to water demand projections in the 2012 Water Master Plan. It also shows derivation of the average annual growth rate used in the Study. This cost of service water rate study projects lower demands than the 2012 Water Master Plan; however, this is considered reasonable for purposes of the Study. As described in Section 1 of the Study, the purpose of the Water Master Plan is to plan for maximum future use whereas the purpose of the Study is to plan for minimum future use.

5.4 CALCULATED RATES

The flat monthly charges were calculated in Section 5.2. Use charges are calculated based on the proposed new customer categories, rate structure (tiers), estimated water use by tier, and total projected water demand (Section 5.3).

Total costs allocated to use charges equals capacity costs allocated to use charges and commodity costs. The allocation of these costs by customer type is shown in **Table A-29**. A support table to the allocation of commodity costs is shown in **Table A-30**.

Table 23 on the next page shows the calculation of usage charges. The cost ratios between residential tier 1 and tier 2 is 0.80. Between tier 2 and tier 3 the ratio is 1.35, between tier 3 and tier 4 it is 1.75 and between tier 4 and tier 5 it is 2.25. As an example, tier 3 water is 35% more expensive than tier 2 water.

Commercial customers would be charged at the residential tier 2 and tier 3 rates.

On-peak and off-peak (seasonal) potable irrigation rates were calculated for commercial and institutional irrigation customers based on historical usage as shown in **Table A-31**. On-peak rates would be charged June through September.

Institutional customers would be charged one rate for all consumption.

Calculated water rates through the Study period are shown in **Table 24** on page 40. Monthly service charges include the meter replacement fee.

Table 23 Calculated Use Charges per Cubic Foot

| ltem | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Allocated Cost | | \$3 795 073 | \$4,099,001 | \$4 283 000 | \$4 430 455 | \$4 583 890 | \$4 739 685 | \$4 904 969 |
| Total Consumption | | 121 060 537 | 121 381 138 | 121 900 577 | 122 515 411 | 123 131 582 | 123 756 688 | 124 377 045 |
| Cost per Cubic Foot [1] | | \$0,0313 | \$0,0338 | \$0,0351 | \$0,0362 | \$0,0372 | \$0,0383 | \$0,0394 |
| | | <i>Q0.0515</i> | <i>Q0100000</i> | <i>Q010001</i> | ŶŨĨŨŨŨĹ | 90.007E | <i>QUIDEDE</i> | <i>Q</i> 0.0004 |
| Institutional Costs | | | | | | | | |
| Insitutional Cost | | \$170,913 | \$184,600 | \$192,887 | \$199,528 | \$206,438 | \$213,454 | \$220,898 |
| Insitutional Use | | 6,197,355 | 6,282,192 | 6,314,230 | 6,348,832 | 6,383,577 | 6,418,661 | 6,453,731 |
| Institutional Cost per Cu. Ft. | | \$0.0276 | \$0.0294 | \$0.0305 | \$0.0314 | \$0.0323 | \$0.0333 | \$0.0342 |
| Residential & Commercial Costs | | | | | | | | |
| Residential Cost | | \$2,613,129 | \$2,822,401 | \$2,949,094 | \$3,050,626 | \$3,156,275 | \$3,263,548 | \$3,377,356 |
| Commercial Cost | | \$466,606 | \$503,975 | \$526,597 | \$544,727 | \$563,592 | \$582,747 | \$603,069 |
| Total Resid. & Comm'l Costs | | \$3,079,735 | \$3,326,375 | \$3,475,692 | \$3,595,353 | \$3,719,866 | \$3,846,295 | \$3,980,425 |
| Estimated Usage by Customer Grou | p by Ti | er | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 (Residential) | | 29,979,403 | 30,183,226 | 30,327,758 | 30,488,923 | 30,650,632 | 30,814,192 | 30,977,254 |
| Tier 2 (Residential & Comm'l) | | 41,828,362 | 42,254,443 | 42,451,723 | 42,674,612 | 42,898,188 | 43,124,473 | 43,349,830 |
| Tier 3 (Residential & Comm'l) | | 22,486,770 | 22,724,357 | 22,830,151 | 22,949,856 | 23,069,927 | 23,191,461 | 23,312,483 |
| Tier 4 (Residential) | | 3,675,585 | 3,700,574 | 3,718,294 | 3,738,054 | 3,757,880 | 3,777,933 | 3,797,925 |
| Tier 5 (Residential June - Sept only) | | 2,100,145 | 2,114,423 | 2,124,548 | 2,135,838 | 2,147,167 | 2,158,624 | 2,170,047 |
| Total Use Residential & Comm'l | | 100,070,265 | 100,977,025 | 101,452,474 | 101,987,283 | 102,523,794 | 103,066,683 | 103,607,539 |
| Resid. & Comm'l Cost per Cu. Ft. | Ratio | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 (Residential) | 0.80 | \$0.0230 | \$0.0246 | \$0.0256 | \$0.0263 | \$0.0271 | \$0.0278 | \$0.0287 |
| Tier 2 (Residential & Comm'l) | 1.00 | \$0.0287 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| Tier 3 (Residential & Comm'l) | 1.35 | \$0.0387 | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| Tier 4 (Residential) | 1.75 | \$0.0502 | \$0.0537 | \$0.0559 | \$0.0575 | \$0.0592 | \$0.0609 | \$0.0627 |
| Tier 5 (Residential June - Sept only | 2.25 | \$0.0646 | \$0.0691 | \$0.0719 | \$0.0739 | \$0.0761 | \$0.0783 | \$0.0806 |
| Irrigation Costs [2] | | | | | | | | |
| Irrigation Cost | | \$544,426 | \$588,026 | \$614,422 | \$635,575 | \$657,586 | \$679,936 | \$703,647 |
| Irrigation Off-Peak Use | 27% | 4,050,831 | 3,867,088 | 3,870,361 | 3,882,799 | 3,895,099 | 3,908,006 | 3,920,172 |
| Irrigation Summer (Peak) Use | 73% | 10,742,086 | 10,254,833 | 10,263,511 | 10,296,496 | 10,329,113 | 10,363,339 | 10,395,602 |
| Off-Peak Cost per Cu. Ft. | | \$0.0292 | \$0.0331 | \$0.0345 | \$0.0356 | \$0.0367 | \$0.0378 | \$0.0390 |
| On-Peak Cost per Cu. Ft. | | \$0.0397 | \$0.0449 | \$0.0469 | \$0.0483 | \$0.0498 | \$0.0513 | \$0.0530 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Source: HEC.

[1] Bulk water rate is the average cost of water collected in use charge for all customer types.

[2] Commercial and Institutional Irrigation services.

| Table 24 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Summary of Calculated Water Rates | |

| | | | Rate | es Effective | on July 1 Bil | ls | |
|-------------------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| Charges | Current | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
| | | | Мо | nthly Charg | es (\$ per Bil | I) | |
| Customer Charge | \$0.00 | \$11.74 | \$12.19 | \$12.54 | \$12.89 | \$13.25 | \$13.64 |
| Service Charge | | | Month | y Charges (| \$ per Meter | Size) | |
| 3/4" and Fire Guards | \$23.50 | \$13.75 | \$14.27 | \$14.68 | \$15.10 | \$15.52 | \$15.98 |
| 1" | \$46.99 | \$14.34 | \$14.88 | \$15.31 | \$15.75 | \$16.19 | \$16.66 |
| 1.5" | \$66.99 | \$65.61 | \$68.13 | \$70.07 | \$72.08 | \$74.10 | \$76.24 |
| 2" | \$88.24 | \$104.27 | \$108.28 | \$111.36 | \$114.55 | \$117.76 | \$121.16 |
| 3" | \$184.50 | \$209.08 | \$217.12 | \$223.30 | \$229.69 | \$236.13 | \$242.95 |
| 4" | \$282.07 | \$331.60 | \$344.32 | \$354.13 | \$364.29 | \$374.52 | \$385.35 |
| 6" | \$528.92 | \$652.47 | \$677.56 | \$696.84 | \$716.81 | \$736.90 | \$758.18 |
| 8" | \$881.49 | \$1,034.38 | \$1,074.23 | \$1,104.77 | \$1,136.39 | \$1,168.21 | \$1,201.93 |
| Potable Water Use Charg | ges | | | <u>\$ per cub</u> | oic foot | | |
| Bulk Water | [1] | \$0.0338 | \$0.0351 | \$0.0362 | \$0.0372 | \$0.0383 | \$0.0394 |
| Institutional Water | [1] | \$0.0294 | \$0.0305 | \$0.0314 | \$0.0323 | \$0.0333 | \$0.0342 |
| Residential | [2] | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 | \$0.0243 | \$0.0246 | \$0.0256 | \$0.0263 | \$0.0271 | \$0.0278 | \$0.0287 |
| Tier 2 | \$0.0299 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| Tier 3 | \$0.0400 | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| Tier 4 | \$0.0517 | \$0.0537 | \$0.0559 | \$0.0575 | \$0.0592 | \$0.0609 | \$0.0627 |
| Tier 5 (Jun-Sep only) | \$0.0673 | \$0.0691 | \$0.0719 | \$0.0739 | \$0.0761 | \$0.0783 | \$0.0806 |
| Commercial | [3] | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 | \$0.0343 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| Tier 2 | \$0.0353 | \$0.0415 | \$0.0431 | \$0.0444 | \$0.0457 | \$0.0470 | \$0.0484 |
| Irrigation [4] | | | | | | | |
| Off-Peak (Oct - May) | [1] | \$0.0331 | \$0.0345 | \$0.0356 | \$0.0367 | \$0.0378 | \$0.0390 |
| On-Peak (Jun - Sep) | [1] | \$0.0449 | \$0.0469 | \$0.0483 | \$0.0498 | \$0.0513 | \$0.0530 |

Source: HEC.

[1] Currently charged the same as commercial customers.

[2] Tiers do not change under new rate structure. They are: Tier 1 - up to 300 cf, Tier 2 - 301-1,000 cf, Tier 3 - 1,001-2,500 cf, Tier 4 - 2,501-3,600 cf, Tier 5 - greater than 3,600 cf. Residential irrigation services currently charged the same as residential domestic services. Under the new rate structure irrigation use would be combined with domestic use.

[3] Commercial current tiers are <50,000 cf and >50,000 cf. New tiers are <2,500 cf and >2,500 cf for commercial customers with meters <2" and <15,000 and >15,000 for larger meters.

[4] Seasonal rates for commercial and institutional irrigation meters.

5.4.1. Cost of Service Redistribution of Costs

The cost of service analysis shows that currently there is subsidization of rates among customer classes. **Table 25** shows the reallocation of costs as a result of the cost of service analysis. Cost reallocation is also illustrated in **Figure 12**. Detailed calculations of revenues under the new rate structure are provided in **Table A-32**.

| Customer | Current (pe | r Budget) | New (see Ta | able A-32) | Cost Redis | tribution |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| Туре | Total | Share of | Total | Share of | As % of | Total |
| | | Total | | Total | Current Cost | Difference |
| POTABLE | | | | | | |
| Residential | \$4,621,000 | 70% | \$4,663,111 | 71% | 1% | \$42,111 |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | |
| Commercial | \$938,800 | 14% | \$825,265 | 13% | -12% | (\$113,535) |
| Institutional | \$278,900 | 4% | \$273,548 | 4% | -2% | (\$5,352) |
| Fire Guards | \$25,500 | 0% | \$31,774 | 0% | 25% | \$6,274 |
| Irrigation | \$649,777 | 10% | \$749,532 | 11% | 15% | \$99,755 |
| Subtotal Potable | \$6,513,977 | 99% | \$6,543,230 | 99% | 0% | \$29,253 |
| NON-POTABLE (TID) | | | | | | |
| Metered | \$52,541 | 1% | \$17,554 | 0% | -67% | (\$34,988) |
| Unmetered | \$29,582 | 0% | \$35,316 | 1% | 19% | \$5,735 |
| Subtotal Non-Potable | \$82,123 | 1% | \$52,870 | 1% | -36% | (\$29,253) |
| Total FY 2015-16 | \$6,596,100 | 100% | \$6,596,100 | 100% | 0% | \$0 |

Table 25Cost Allocation by Customer Type

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

Figure 12 Redistribution of Costs to Customer Types



5.5 PROJECTED CASH FLOW AND FUND BALANCE

Table 26 projects cash flow through fiscal year 2021-22 for the operating fund. With adoption of the calculated rates it is anticipated that the City will be able to meet all water enterprise fund obligations, including existing and potential debt service coverage requirements, and achieve a targeted reserve of 20% of annual revenues in every year.

| 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 1 | 2017-18 2 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 6 |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Rates Effective | 7/1/2016 | 7/1/2017 | 7/1/2018 | 7/1/2019 | 7/1/2020 | 7/1/2021 |
| | | | | | | |
| \$6,521,112 | \$7,067,244 | \$7,384,483 | \$7,638,716 | \$7,903,258 | \$8,171,870 | \$8,456,844 |
| \$80,742 | \$50,800 | \$53,727 | \$56,676 | \$59 <i>,</i> 632 | \$62,642 | \$65,663 |
| \$161,200 | \$163,736 | \$166,323 | \$168,961 | \$171,652 | \$174,397 | \$177,197 |
| \$6,763,054 | \$7,281,780 | \$7,604,533 | \$7,864,353 | \$8,134,543 | \$8,408,910 | \$8,699,704 |
| \$5,002,770 | \$5,109,906 | \$5,281,831 | \$5,459,577 | \$5,643,347 | \$5,833,351 | \$6,029,809 |
| vice | | | | | | |
| \$1,760,284 | \$2,171,874 | \$2,322,701 | \$2,404,776 | \$2,491,196 | \$2,575,559 | \$2,669,895 |
| \$617,059 | \$857,445 | \$1,272,981 | \$1,490,164 | \$2,057,259 | \$2,050,359 | \$2,048,409 |
| 2.85 | 2.53 | 1.82 | 1.61 | 1.21 | 1.26 | 1.30 |
| \$0 | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$1,159,613 | \$1,168,937 | \$1,175,200 | \$1,176,486 |
| s \$402,240 | \$1,933,647 | \$32,079 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| \$740,985 | (\$1,623,647) | (\$137,079) | (\$245,000) | (\$735,000) | (\$650,000) | (\$555,000) |
| \$3,264,915 | \$4,005,900 | \$2,382,253 | \$2,245,174 | \$2,877,387 | \$2,764,848 | \$2,820,848 |
| \$740,985 | (\$1,623,647) | (\$137,079) | (\$245,000) | (\$735,000) | (\$650,000) | (\$555,000) |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| CIP \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$877,213 | \$622,462 | \$706,000 | \$841,486 |
| \$4,005,900 | \$2,382,253 | \$2,245,174 | \$2,877,387 | \$2,764,848 | \$2,820,848 | \$3,107,335 |
| \$1,352,611 | \$1,456,356 | \$1,520,907 | \$1,572,871 | \$1,626,909 | \$1,681,782 | \$1,739,941 |
| | 2015-16 Base New Rates Effective \$6,521,112 \$80,742 \$161,200 \$6,763,054 \$5,002,770 vice \$1,760,284 \$617,059 2.85 \$0 \$402,240 \$740,985 \$740,985 \$740,985 \$0 \$4,005,900 \$1,352,611 | 2015-16 Base 2016-17 1 New Rates Effective 7/1/2016 \$6,521,112 \$7,067,244 \$80,742 \$50,800 \$161,200 \$163,736 \$6,6763,054 \$7,281,780 \$5,002,770 \$5,109,906 rice \$1,760,284 \$2,171,874 \$617,059 \$857,445 2.85 \$2.85 2.53 \$0 \$1,004,428 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 \$740,985 (\$1,623,647) \$0 \$3,264,915 \$4,005,900 \$740,985 \$70 \$0 \$0 \$1,322,611 \$1,456,356 | 2015-16 Base 2016-17 1 2017-18 2 New Rates Effective 7/1/2016 7/1/2017 \$6,521,112 \$7,067,244 \$7,384,483 \$80,742 \$50,800 \$53,727 \$161,200 \$163,736 \$166,323 \$6,763,054 \$7,281,780 \$7,604,533 \$5,002,770 \$5,109,906 \$5,281,831 rice \$1,760,284 \$2,171,874 \$2,322,701 \$617,059 \$857,445 \$1,272,981 2.85 2.53 1.82 \$0 \$1,004,428 \$1,154,721 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 \$32,079 \$740,985 (\$1,623,647) (\$137,079) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,32,64,915 \$4,005,900 \$2,382,253 \$740,985 (\$1,623,647) (\$137,079) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,352,611 \$1,456,356 \$1,520,907 | 2015-16 Base 2016-17 1 2017-18 2 2018-19 3 New Rates Effective 7/1/2016 7/1/2017 7/1/2018 \$6,521,112 \$7,067,244 \$7,384,483 \$7,638,716 \$80,742 \$50,800 \$53,727 \$56,676 \$161,200 \$163,736 \$166,323 \$168,961 \$6,6763,054 \$7,281,780 \$7,604,533 \$7,864,353 \$5,002,770 \$5,109,906 \$5,281,831 \$5,459,577 sice \$1,760,284 \$2,171,874 \$2,322,701 \$2,404,776 \$617,059 \$857,445 \$1,272,981 \$1,490,164 2.85 2.53 1.82 1.61 \$0 \$1,004,428 \$1,154,721 \$1,159,613 \$1,490,164 \$32,079 \$0 \$0 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 \$32,079 \$0 \$740,985 \$4,005,900 \$2,382,253 \$2,245,174 \$740,985 \$4,005,900 \$2,382,253 \$2,245,000) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,62 | 2015-16 Base 2016-17 1 2017-18 2 2018-19 3 2019-20 4 New Rates Effective 7/1/2016 7/1/2017 7/1/2018 7/1/2019 \$6,521,112 \$7,067,244 \$7,384,483 \$7,638,716 \$7,903,258 \$80,742 \$50,800 \$53,727 \$56,676 \$59,632 \$161,200 \$163,736 \$168,961 \$171,652 \$6,763,054 \$7,281,780 \$7,604,533 \$7,864,353 \$8,134,543 \$5,002,770 \$5,109,906 \$5,281,831 \$5,459,577 \$5,643,347 sice \$1,760,284 \$2,171,874 \$2,322,701 \$2,404,776 \$2,491,196 \$617,059 \$857,445 \$1,272,981 \$1,490,164 \$2,057,259 2.85 2.53 1.82 1.61 1.21 \$1,004,428 \$1,154,721 \$1,159,613 \$1,168,937 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 \$32,079 \$0 \$0 \$3,264,915 \$4,005,900 \$2,382,253 \$2,245,174 \$2,877,387 \$740,985 \$4,005,900 \$2,382,253 | 2015-16 Base 2016-17 1 2017-18 2 2018-19 3 2019-20 4 2020-21 5 New Rates Effective 7/1/2016 7/1/2017 7/1/2018 7/1/2019 7/1/2020 \$6,521,112 \$7,067,244 \$7,384,483 \$7,638,716 \$7,903,258 \$8,171,870 \$80,742 \$50,800 \$53,727 \$56,676 \$59,632 \$62,642 \$161,200 \$163,736 \$166,323 \$168,961 \$171,652 \$174,397 \$6,763,054 \$7,281,780 \$7,604,533 \$7,864,353 \$8,134,543 \$8,408,910 \$5,002,770 \$5,109,906 \$5,281,831 \$5,459,577 \$5,643,347 \$5,833,351 rice \$1,760,284 \$2,171,874 \$2,322,701 \$2,404,776 \$2,491,196 \$2,575,559 \$617,059 \$857,445 \$1,272,981 \$1,490,164 \$2,057,259 \$2,050,359 2.85 2.53 1.82 1.61 1.21 1.26 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 \$32,079 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$402,240 \$1,933,647 |

Table 26 Projected Operating Fund Cash Flow

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Minimum requirement of 1.20 assumed.

[2] Beginning balance as of July 1, 2015.

[3] 20% of operating revenues.

Projected water fund balances are shown in **Table 27**. This table includes the capital fund which is funded with SDC revenues.

Figure 13 illustrates the historical and projected water fund balance. The water fund balance is projected to decrease from \$5.00 million to \$4.16 million in fiscal year 2021-22.

Figure 13 Water Fund Balance



Table 27 Projected Water Fund Balance

| Projected Cash Balances | 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Buse | - | - | y | - | , | Ū |
| Operating | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Balance | \$775,215 | \$1,516,200 | \$1,826,200 | \$1,721,200 | \$1,476,200 | \$741,200 | \$591,200 |
| Revenues | \$6,763,054 | \$7,281,780 | \$7,604,533 | \$7,864,353 | \$8,134,543 | \$8,408,910 | \$8,699,704 |
| Expenses | (\$6,022,069) | (\$8,905,427) | (\$7,741,612) | (\$8,109,353) | (\$8,869,543) | (\$9,058,910) | (\$9,254,704) |
| TAP Contingency | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transfer In (Out) | \$0 | \$1,933,647 | \$32,079 | \$0 | \$0 | \$500,000 | \$500,000 |
| Ending Operating Balance | \$1,516,200 | \$1,826,200 | \$1,721,200 | \$1,476,200 | \$741,200 | \$591,200 | \$536,200 |
| System Rehabilitation | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Balance | \$2,489,700 | \$2,489,700 | \$556,053 | \$523,974 | \$1,401,187 | \$2,023,649 | \$2,229,649 |
| System Rehabilitation Revenue | \$0 | \$1,004,428 | \$1,154,721 | \$1,159,613 | \$1,168,937 | \$1,175,200 | \$1,176,486 |
| Revenue used for CIP Projects | \$0 | (\$1,004,428) | (\$1,154,721) | (\$282,400) | (\$546,475) | (\$469,200) | (\$335,000) |
| Transfer In (Out) | \$0 | (\$1,933,647) | (\$32,079) | \$0 | \$0 | (\$500,000) | (\$500,000) |
| Ending Rehabilitation Balance | \$2,489,700 | \$556,053 | \$523,974 | \$1,401,187 | \$2,023,649 | \$2,229,649 | \$2,571,135 |
| Total Operating Balance | \$4,005,900 | \$2,382,253 | \$2,245,174 | \$2,877,387 | \$2,764,848 | \$2,820,848 | \$3,107,335 |
| Capital | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Balance | \$1,943,676 | \$991,716 | \$1,070,716 | \$1,061,716 | \$1,052,716 | \$1,048,716 | \$1,044,716 |
| Add SDC Revenue [1] | \$100,000 | \$250,000 | \$260,000 | \$260,000 | \$270,000 | \$270,000 | \$280,000 |
| Future Customers CIP PAYG | (\$1,051,960) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Debt Service | \$0 | (\$171,000) | (\$269,000) | (\$269,000) | (\$274,000) | (\$274,000) | (\$274,000) |
| Transfer In (Out) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ending Capital Balance | \$991,716 | \$1,070,716 | \$1,061,716 | \$1,052,716 | \$1,048,716 | \$1,044,716 | \$1,050,716 |
| Water Fund Balance | \$4,997,616 | \$3,452,969 | \$3,306,890 | \$3,930,103 | \$3,813,564 | \$3,865,564 | \$4,158,051 |

Source: HEC.

[1] Assumes addition of 50 EDUs per year and annual increase of SDCs of 2%.

Section 6: IMPACTS OF NEW RATE STRUCTURE

6.1 BILL IMPACTS

Bill impact analysis is used to demonstrate the new rate structure and the redistribution of costs among customer types in **Tables A-33** through **A-41** for the first year of rate increase, fiscal year 2016-17. The tables demonstrate that the new rate structure has the desired outcome on each customer group.

Residential. Residential water bills would experience a small increase under the new rate structure due to the increase in revenue requirements and the reallocation of costs under the cost of service analysis (see **Table A-33**).

Commercial. Many commercial water bills would decrease under the new rate structure. The reduction in bills is also due to the reallocation of costs under the cost of service analysis. Larger meter sizes would be billed a greater portion of their total bill in flat monthly charges and would experience a total bill increase. Bill impacts are shown in **Tables A-34** through **A-37**.

Institutional. Institutional water bills would experience a slight increase in the winter months and a decrease in the summer months. Since institutional customers have a relatively flat demand throughout the year, with a slight peak in the spring months before the irrigation season begins, this is appropriate. Institutional bills for 2" and 4" customers are shown in **Tables A-38** and **A-39**.

Potable Irrigation. During peak summer months potable irrigation bills would increase. The rate design is intended to curb potable irrigation water use during the peak use months. During off-peak months water bills would increase if no water was taken. This reflects billing the flat monthly charges regardless of whether water is used or not. For accounts using water, irrigation bills would decrease. The off-peak potable irrigation water rate encourages planting in summer and fall months when water supply is not a concern. Irrigation bill impacts are shown in **Tables A-40** and **A-41**.

6.2 AFFORDABILITY TEST

Under the calculated water rates for July 1, 2016, a ¾" meter single family home using 1,000 cubic feet in a month would pay \$54.35, which is 1.5% of the estimated median household income for Ashland. The proposed water rates are affordable under EPA guidelines. These calculations are shown in **Table 28**.

Table 28 Affordability Test

| | | Annual | |
|--|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Item | Annual | Increase | Monthly |
| Ashland Median Household Income [1] | \$43,500 | | |
| 2015-16 Water Rates 3/4" using 1,000 cu. ft./mo Current Water Rates as % of Ashland MHI | \$621 1.4% | | \$51.72 |
| 2016-17 Water Rates 3/4" using 1,000 cu. ft./mo Proposed Water Rates % of Ashland MHI | \$652 1.5% | | \$54.35 |
| Water Rates @ 2.0% of MHI [2] Water Rates @ 2.5% of MHI [2] | \$870 \$1,088 | \$870 \$1,087 | \$72.50 \$90.63 |

Source: US Census.

[1] 2014 5-year American Community Survey estimate.

[2] Per EPA guidelines a water rate greater than 2% is high and a water rate higher than 2.5% is burdensome.

6.3 COMPARISON OF WATER RATES

Figure 14 illustrates what a household with a $\frac{3}{4}$ " meter using 1,000 cubic feet in a month would pay for water in Ashland and several comparison communities as of August 1, 2015. Ashland's water rates are currently at the high end of the range and will remain at the high end of the range with the proposed rate increases.

Figure 14 Comparison of Single Family Monthly Water Bill



Monthly Water Bill for 1,000 cubic feet

Table 29 compares fiscal year 2015-16 water bills for a typical single family home using 1,000 cubic feet under the current and new rate structures, and projects the calculated water bill through fiscal year ending 2022. Per EPA guidelines¹⁰, water rates would be considered affordable through fiscal year 2021-22.

Table 29

Calculated Typical Home Bill for 1,000 Cubic Feet

| 2017 t 1 \$11.74 50 \$13.75 50 \$25.48 | 2018 2 \$12.19 \$14.27 \$26.46 | 2019 3 \$12.54 \$14.68 \$27.21 | 2020 4 \$12.89 \$15.10 \$27.99 | 2021 5 \$13.25 \$15.52 \$28.78 | 2022 6 \$13.64 \$15.98 \$29.61 |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| \$11.74 \$11.74 \$0 \$13.75 \$0 \$25.48 | 2 \$12.19 \$14.27 \$26.46 | 3 \$12.54 \$14.68 \$27.21 | 4 \$12.89 \$15.10 \$27.99 | 5 \$13.25 \$15.52 \$28.78 | 6 \$13.64 \$15.98 \$29.61 |
| \$11.74 50 \$13.75 50 \$25.48 | \$12.19 \$14.27 \$26.46 | \$12.54 \$14.68 \$27.21 | \$12.89 \$15.10 \$27.99 | \$13.25 \$15.52 \$28.78 | \$13.64 \$15.98 \$29.61 |
| \$11.74 50 \$13.75 50 \$25.48 | \$12.19 \$14.27 \$26.46 | \$12.54 \$14.68 \$27.21 | \$12.89 \$15.10 \$27.99 | \$13.25 \$15.52 \$28.78 | \$13.64 \$15.98 \$29.61 |
| 50 \$13.75 50 \$25.48 | \$14.27 \$26.46 | \$14.68 \$27.21 | \$15.10 \$27.99 | \$15.52 \$28.78 | \$15.98 \$29.61 |
| 50 \$25.48 | \$26.46 | \$27.21 | \$27.99 | \$28.78 | \$29.61 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| \$0.0246 | \$0.0256 | \$0.0263 | \$0.0271 | \$0.0278 | \$0.0287 |
| 9 \$0.0307 | \$0.0319 | \$0.0329 | \$0.0338 | \$0.0348 | \$0.0358 |
| 29 \$7.37 | \$7.67 | \$7.89 | \$8.12 | \$8.35 | \$8.60 |
| 93 \$21.50 | \$22.36 | \$23.01 | \$23.68 | \$24.35 | \$25.07 |
| 22 \$28.87 | \$30.02 | \$30.89 | \$31.80 | \$32.70 | \$33.67 |
| 2 \$54.35 | \$56.48 | \$58.11 | \$59.79 | \$61.48 | \$63.28 |
| 5% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| | 29 \$7.37 93 \$21.50 22 \$28.87 72 \$54.35 5% | 29 \$7.37 \$7.67 33 \$21.50 \$22.36 22 \$28.87 \$30.02 72 \$54.35 \$56.48 5% 4% | 29 \$7.37 \$7.67 \$7.89 93 \$21.50 \$22.36 \$23.01 22 \$28.87 \$30.02 \$30.89 72 \$54.35 \$56.48 \$58.11 5% 4% 3% | 29 \$7.37 \$7.67 \$7.89 \$8.12 93 \$21.50 \$22.36 \$23.01 \$23.68 22 \$28.87 \$30.02 \$30.89 \$31.80 72 \$54.35 \$56.48 \$58.11 \$59.79 5% 4% 3% 3% | 29 \$7.37 \$7.67 \$7.89 \$8.12 \$8.35 93 \$21.50 \$22.36 \$23.01 \$23.68 \$24.35 22 \$28.87 \$30.02 \$30.89 \$31.80 \$32.70 72 \$54.35 \$56.48 \$58.11 \$59.79 \$61.48 5% 4% 3% 3% 3% |

¹⁰ "Affordability Assessment Tool for Federal Water Mandates", prepared for the United States Conference of Mayors, The American Water Works Association, and the water Environment Federation by Stratus Consulting, Boulder, Colorado, 2013.

APPENDIX A

RATE STUDY SUPPORT TABLES

HANSFORD ECONOMIC CONSULTING

Regional and Resource Economics

Table A-1 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Historical and Budgeted Water Fund Revenues

| REVENUES | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | | | | |
| | actual | actual | actual | actual | actual | actual | budget | | | | |
| Charges for Service | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Sales | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial | \$580,812 | \$603,874 | \$679,370 | \$762,567 | \$816,152 | \$892,585 | \$938 <i>,</i> 800 | | | | |
| Fire Guard | \$14,880 | \$17,342 | \$18,434 | \$24,025 | \$29,845 | \$31,423 | \$25,500 | | | | |
| Government & Municipal | \$174,795 | \$185,897 | \$201,809 | \$242,995 | \$266,409 | \$272,797 | \$278,900 | | | | |
| Multi-Family Residential | \$479,996 | \$500,079 | \$562,916 | \$643,854 | \$671,343 | \$715,405 | \$777,900 | | | | |
| Single Family Residential | \$2,439,336 | \$2,504,647 | \$2,781,220 | \$3,208,071 | \$3,473,458 | \$3,537,845 | \$3,843,100 | | | | |
| Irrigation (incl. TID customers) | \$444,284 | \$419,039 | \$528,824 | \$609,199 | \$581,370 | \$624,453 | \$731,900 | | | | |
| Subtotal Water Sales | \$4,134,103 | \$4,230,879 | \$4,772,573 | \$5,490,711 | \$5,838,578 | \$6,074,507 | \$6,596,100 | | | | |
| System Development Charges | \$151,864 | \$180,604 | \$491,612 | \$266,196 | \$269,029 | \$328,414 | \$100,000 | | | | |
| Connection Fees | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | |
| Temporary Service | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | | |
| New Service Installation | \$12,627 | \$18,086 | \$83,058 | \$29,262 | \$35,746 | \$50,837 | \$114,800 | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | \$0 | \$1,290 | \$35,601 | \$27,587 | \$39,308 | \$38,580 | \$12,000 | | | | |
| Subtotal Charges for Service | \$164,491 | \$199,980 | \$610,272 | \$323,046 | \$344,084 | \$417,831 | \$226,800 | | | | |
| Other Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 Water Bonds | \$46 | \$21 | \$24 | \$18 | \$24 | \$14 | \$0 | | | | |
| 1992 Water Bonds | \$54 | \$24 | \$28 | \$21 | \$28 | \$15 | \$0 | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | \$99,928 | \$344,396 | \$336,811 | \$1,969,979 | \$89,747 | \$70,473 | \$14,000 | | | | |
| Interest on Investments | \$22,991 | \$10,006 | \$16,598 | \$19,542 | \$32,527 | \$24,080 | \$20,400 | | | | |
| Miscellaneous Income | \$34,154 | \$21,297 | \$9,318 | \$477,199 | \$17,154 | \$17,420 | \$0 | | | | |
| Bond Proceeds | \$80,000 | \$550,000 | \$0 | \$2,547,791 | \$979,630 | \$744,916 | \$3,921,000 | | | | |
| Subtotal Other Revenues | \$237,174 | \$925,744 | \$362,780 | \$5,014,551 | \$1,119,110 | \$856,917 | \$3,955,400 | | | | |
| Total Revenues | \$4,535,767 | \$5,356,603 | \$5,745,625 | \$10,828,307 | \$7,301,772 | \$7,349,255 | \$10,778,300 | | | | |
| Fund Balance | | | | | \$6,273,414 | \$5,208,591 | | | | | |
| Total Revenues | | | | | \$13,575,186 | \$12,557,846 | | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland.

revs

Historical and Budgeted Expenditures by Water System Function

| EXPENDITURES | | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 |
| SUPPLY Salaries & Wages Benefits | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual | Actual \$2,932 \$235 | Actual \$11,664 \$2.150 | Adopted \$0 \$0 |
| Subtotal Personal Services | | | | | \$3,168 | \$13,815 | \$0 |
| Infrastructure | ŚO | \$0 | \$800 | ŚŊ | \$135 | \$28.011 | در |
| Professional Services | \$7,442 | \$19,997 | \$23,211 | \$34,853 | \$54,508 | \$54,303 | \$229,600 |
| Miscellaneous | \$109.916 | \$109.457 | \$113.392 | \$112.533 | \$140.783 | \$145.109 | \$151.050 |
| Other | \$58,791 | \$61,459 | \$60,408 | \$63,664 | \$143,393 | \$104,638 | \$149,900 |
| Subtotal Materials & Services | \$176,148 | \$190,913 | \$197,810 | \$211,050 | \$338,820 | \$332,061 | \$530,550 |
| Capital Outlay | \$75,469 | \$108,186 | \$193,531 | \$59,501 | \$1,640,806 | \$2,491,193 | \$1,209,150 |
| Debt Service | \$22,860 | \$23,147 | \$23,122 | \$21,416 | \$22,613 | \$22,174 | \$9,568 |
| TOTAL SUPPLY | \$274,477 | \$322,246 | \$414,463 | \$291,968 | \$2,005,408 | \$2,859,242 | \$1,749,268 |
| DISTRIBUTION | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$580,171 | \$562,250 | \$494,924 | \$537,596 | \$583,438 | \$654,405 | \$635,000 |
| Benefits | \$278,819 | \$275,600 | \$265,372 | \$301,271 | \$365,844 | \$378,422 | \$394,750 |
| Subtotal Personal Services | \$858,990 | \$837,850 | \$760,296 | \$838,867 | \$949,282 | \$1,032,827 | \$1,029,750 |
| Office | \$2,195 | \$1,480 | \$1,605 | \$4,120 | \$1,322 | \$1,252 | \$2,650 |
| Small Tools | \$1,873 | \$2,961 | \$5 <i>,</i> 473 | \$3 <i>,</i> 503 | \$3,081 | \$5,545 | \$4,000 |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$1,928 | \$828 | \$810 | \$1,676 | \$3,961 | \$1,589 | \$1,500 |
| Uniforms - Other | \$175 | \$1,769 | \$2,678 | \$404 | \$0 | \$1,339 | \$3,000 |
| Technical | \$3,075 | \$2,788 | \$6,113 | \$859 | \$5,174 | \$5,433 | \$15,000 |
| Chemicals | \$706 | \$307 | \$1,253 | \$2,516 | \$3,563 | \$111 | \$5,500 |
| County Services | \$3,200 | \$4,000 | \$3,600 | \$2,800 | \$0 | \$3,200 | \$4,950 |
| Other | ,\$O | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$15,000 |
| Books & Periodicals | \$48 | \$82 | \$51 | \$89 | \$252 | \$111 | \$200 |
| Subtotal Supplies | \$13,200 | \$14,215 | Ş21,582 | \$15,967 | \$17,352 | \$18,582 | \$51,800 |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$73,500 | \$73,500 | \$66,340 | \$66,340 | \$66,340 | \$66,340 | \$66,340 |
| Fuel | \$24,692 | \$29,117 | \$27,218 | \$25,849 | \$19,338 | \$14,342 | \$28,000 |
| Replacement | \$51,300 | \$51,300 | \$51,300 | \$51,300 | \$51,300 | \$51,300 | \$61,560 |
| Electricity | \$28,771 | \$21,488 | \$22,101 | \$22,931 | \$31,322 | \$51,618 | \$60,000 |
| Water | \$881 | \$460 | \$385 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Wastewater & Other | \$0 ¢0 | \$130 | \$0 ¢10 | \$0 ¢0 | \$0 ¢0 | \$0 ¢0 | \$300 |
| Disposal | \$0 \$0 | \$9 \$9 | \$10 \$10 | \$U \$0 | \$0 \$0 | ېن د 214 | ېں د د م |
| Infrastructure | ېں 42 570 | ېن 4/3 7/1 | ېږ 67 /80 | ېر 401 824 | ېن مور ۵۱ کود | ې214 73 007 | \$300 \$115 000 |
| Subtotal Rental, Repair, Maintenance | \$ 221,714 | \$ 219,745 | \$234,838 | \$ 258,243 | \$ 259,596 | \$ 256,820 | \$331,700 |
| Local | \$1,207 | \$1,178 | \$1,167 | \$1,222 | \$1,347 | \$1,353 | \$1,200 |
| Long Distance | \$12 | \$15 | \$17 | \$16 | \$16 | \$18 | \$20 |
| Cellular | \$1,577 | \$1,523 | \$1,961 | \$2,036 | \$2,428 | \$2,667 | \$3,700 |
| Computers | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,749 | \$3,085 | \$1,144 | \$2,500 |
| Postage | \$188 | \$264 | \$628 | \$432 | \$1,459 | \$1,539 | \$2,000 |
| Radios | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,000 |
| Subtotal Communications | \$2,985 | \$2,981 | \$3,773 | \$6,456 | \$8,334 | \$6,721 | \$10,420 |
| Professional Services | \$5 <i>,</i> 626 | \$1,113 | \$4,159 | \$20,679 | \$22,745 | \$33,767 | \$60,000 |
| Physician/Health | \$0 | \$183 | \$0 | \$187 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$184 | \$244 | \$90 | \$39 | \$50,000 |
| Subtotal Contractual Services | \$5,626 | \$1,296 | \$4,343 | \$21,110 | \$22,835 | \$33,806 | \$110,000 |

Historical and Budgeted Expenditures by Water System Function

| EXPENDITURES | | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 |
| Central Service | \$549,753 | \$549,753 | \$570,000 | \$632,000 | \$646,640 | \$659,530 | \$692,510 |
| Insurance Service | \$35,760 | \$35,760 | \$34,900 | \$34,900 | \$34,900 | \$34,900 | \$35,600 |
| Technology Debt | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 |
| Use of Facilities | \$125,883 | \$125,883 | \$80,000 | \$80,000 | \$80,000 | \$80,000 | \$80,000 |
| Bad Debt Expense | \$6,204 | \$10,089 | \$7,894 | \$3,620 | \$22,504 | \$13,224 | \$12,000 |
| Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,000 | \$2,111 | \$583 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Licensing | \$5 <i>,</i> 546 | \$8,623 | \$8,423 | \$6,321 | \$10,965 | \$5,104 | \$37,700 |
| Subtotal Miscellaneous Charges & Fees | \$773,147 | \$780,109 | \$754,217 | \$808,951 | \$845,592 | \$842,758 | \$907,810 |
| Advertising | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,875 | \$0 |
| Air | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,533 | \$3,000 |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$284 | \$0 | \$0 | \$350 |
| Lodging | \$0 | \$517 | \$0 | \$510 | \$0 | \$939 | \$2,000 |
| Meals | \$0 | \$1,006 | \$0 | \$113 | \$0 | \$334 | \$350 |
| Training | \$2,602 | \$423 | \$2,470 | \$1,655 | \$0 | \$89 | \$4,000 |
| Dues | \$268 | \$1,082 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Medical & Laboratory | \$9,595 | \$10,710 | \$10,545 | \$11,563 | \$11,526 | \$12,567 | \$15,000 |
| Subtotal Other Purchased Services | \$12,466 | \$13,737 | \$13,015 | \$14,125 | \$11,526 | \$17,338 | \$24,700 |
| Franchise Tax | \$419,978 | \$342,525 | \$294,695 | \$356,283 | \$357,799 | \$372,200 | \$402,653 |
| Capital Outlay | \$53,865 | \$72,088 | \$109,315 | \$84,197 | \$206,990 | \$104,317 | \$1,105,200 |
| Debt Service | \$325,990 | \$330,336 | \$327,051 | \$137,064 | \$333,461 | \$329,340 | \$250,649 |
| TOTAL DISTRIBUTION | \$2,687,960 | \$2,614,882 | \$2,523,125 | \$2,541,263 | \$3,012,767 | \$3,014,709 | \$4,224,682 |
| TREATMENT PLANT | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$275,564 | \$298,719 | \$294,268 | \$312,259 | \$308,548 | \$332,754 | \$340,050 |
| Benefits | \$112,364 | \$140,315 | \$134,534 | \$154,592 | \$158,437 | \$177,449 | \$197,320 |
| Subtotal Personal Services | \$387,929 | \$439,034 | \$428,801 | \$466,851 | \$466,985 | \$510,203 | \$537,370 |
| Office | \$2,330 | \$5,154 | \$5,196 | \$2,214 | \$1,544 | \$1,180 | \$2,000 |
| Small Tools | \$798 | \$324 | \$463 | \$739 | \$559 | \$1,142 | \$800 |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$1,197 | \$454 | \$1,131 | \$805 | \$686 | \$2,084 | \$2,500 |
| Uniforms - Other | \$245 | \$443 | \$774 | \$567 | \$60 | \$383 | \$500 |
| Technical | \$12,154 | \$10,438 | \$9,766 | \$15,213 | \$20,128 | \$10,446 | \$22,000 |
| Chemicals | \$147,418 | \$131,893 | \$111,049 | \$128,767 | \$157,280 | \$171,617 | \$220,000 |
| Emergency Work | (\$12) | \$0 | \$0 | \$30 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Books & Periodicals | \$0 | \$140 | \$126 | \$186 | \$0 | \$170 | \$150 |
| Subtotal Supplies | \$164,131 | \$148,846 | \$128,505 | \$148,521 | \$180,257 | \$187,021 | \$247,950 |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$10,200 | \$10,200 | \$9,200 | \$9,200 | \$9,200 | \$9,200 | \$9 <i>,</i> 397 |
| Fuel | \$3,211 | \$4,568 | \$6,255 | \$5,618 | \$9,846 | \$7,334 | \$6,500 |
| Replacement | \$900 | \$900 | \$900 | \$900 | \$900 | \$900 | \$1,080 |
| Maintenance | (\$750) | \$0 | \$622 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Electricity | \$37,102 | \$38,965 | \$46,948 | \$33,378 | \$34,855 | \$38,552 | \$38,000 |
| Custodial | \$170 | \$476 | \$26 | \$98 | \$86 | \$116 | \$1,000 |
| Grounds Care | \$2,873 | \$988 | \$1,064 | \$79 | \$308 | \$266 | \$1,500 |
| Infrastructure | \$9,023 | \$7,077 | \$11,042 | \$10,176 | \$4,871 | \$21,531 | \$15,000 |
| Subtotal Rental, Repair, Maintenance | \$62,729 | \$63,174 | \$76,057 | \$59,450 | \$60,067 | \$77,898 | \$72,477 |

Historical and Budgeted Expenditures by Water System Function

| EXPENDITURES | | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 |
| Local | | ¢E 10E | ¢E E22 | ¢E 6E1 | | ¢E 661 | ¢5 600 |
| | \$3,500 \$1 | 50+,55 ۵۷ | \$0,532 \$0 | \$3,031 \$0 | دەن,دچ ۵¢ | \$3,001 \$0 | \$3,000 \$10 |
| Cellular | \$477 | \$0 \$ <i>1</i> 1 <i>1</i> | \$262 | \$263 | \$252 | \$493 | \$500 |
| Computers | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,037 | \$960 | \$9,611 | \$2,500 |
| Postage | \$5.408 | \$1,933 | \$221 | \$40 | \$217 | \$22 | \$3,000 |
| Radios | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$300 | \$100 |
| Subtotal Communications | \$11,452 | \$7,862 | \$6,015 | \$7,990 | \$7,094 | \$16,087 | \$11,710 |
| Professional Services | \$11,880 | \$580 | \$24,389 | \$7,701 | \$5,579 | \$1,080 | \$12,000 |
| Other | \$72 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | (\$1,600) | \$0 |
| Subtotal Contractual Services | \$11,952 | \$580 | \$24,389 | \$7,701 | \$5,579 | (\$520) | \$12,000 |
| Central Service | \$143,119 | \$143,119 | \$155,000 | \$155,000 | \$158,100 | \$161,200 | \$169,260 |
| Insurance Service | \$8,030 | \$8,030 | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | \$4,080 |
| Technology Debt | \$28,200 | \$28,200 | \$28,200 | \$28,200 | \$28,200 | \$28,200 | \$28,200 |
| Use of Facilities | \$137,235 | \$137,235 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$100,000 |
| Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,000 | \$2,111 | \$583 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Licensing | \$1,155 | \$1,709 | \$7,850 | \$3,222 | \$1,194 | \$3,714 | \$4,700 |
| Subtotal Miscellaneous Charges & Fees | \$317,739 | \$318,293 | \$298,050 | \$292,533 | \$292,077 | \$297,114 | \$306,240 |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$180 | \$0 | \$198 | \$261 | \$0 | \$142 | \$200 |
| Advertising | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$78 | \$0 |
| Lodging | \$773 | \$813 | \$1,000 | \$1,117 | \$1,357 | \$2,064 | \$2,000 |
| Meals | \$289 | \$180 | \$389 | \$380 | \$362 | \$188 | \$600 |
| Training | \$4,253 | \$1,581 | \$1,280 | \$1,044 | \$1,015 | \$2,749 | \$2,000 |
| Dues | \$70 | \$268 | \$81 | \$81 | \$166 | \$255 | \$270 |
| Medical & Laboratory | \$17,425 | \$11,200 | \$11,886 | \$13,700 | \$11,261 | \$10,918 | \$19,400 |
| Subtotal Other Purchased Services | Ş22,990 | \$14,042 | \$14,834 | \$16,583 | Ş14,161 | \$16,394 | \$24,470 |
| Capital Outlay | \$79,183 | \$1,872 | \$4,145 | \$98,033 | \$50,388 | \$108,397 | \$2,226,690 |
| Debt Service | \$231,260 | \$233,322 | \$233,146 | \$220,863 | \$235,320 | \$232,114 | \$436,211 |
| TOTAL TREATMENT PLANT | \$1,289,365 | \$1,227,024 | \$1,213,943 | \$1,318,525 | \$1,311,928 | \$1,444,707 | \$3,875,118 |
| FOREST INTERFACE | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$66,540 | \$130,770 | \$151,035 | \$146,031 | \$97,935 | \$92,753 | \$0 |
| Benefits | \$32,822 | \$54,554 | \$65,010 | \$68,379 | \$52,657 | \$48,424 | \$0 |
| Subtotal Personal Services | \$99,361 | \$185,324 | \$216,045 | \$214,410 | \$150,592 | \$141,177 | \$0 |
| Other | \$120,486 | \$181,646 | \$268,098 | \$2,243,767 | \$423,446 | \$165,908 | \$0 |
| Advertising | \$0 | \$465 | \$302 | \$900 | \$1,670 | \$1,280 | \$0 |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$0 | \$165 | \$94 | \$286 | \$48 | \$339 | \$0 |
| Meals | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$48 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Training | \$594 | \$658 | \$930 | \$463 | \$2,146 | \$2 <i>,</i> 605 | \$0 |
| Forest Commissions | \$575 | \$858 | \$258 | \$258 | \$87 | \$130 | \$0 |
| TOTAL FOREST INTERFACE | \$221,016 | \$369,116 | \$485,728 | \$2,460,085 | \$578,038 | \$311,440 | \$0 |
| SDC REIMBURSEMENT | | | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | \$38,321 | \$113,549 | \$96,007 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Debt Service | \$82,297 | \$83,328 | \$83,240 | \$77,098 | \$81,408 | \$79,825 | \$34,443 |
| Unappropriated - Other Financing | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL SDC REIMBURSEMENT | \$120,618 | \$196,877 | \$179,246 | \$77,098 | \$81,408 | \$79,825 | \$34,443 |
| SDC IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | | |
| Contractual | \$0 | \$413 | \$0 | \$1,600 | \$947 | \$27,093 | \$0 |
| Capital Outlay | \$198,014 | \$48,370 | \$45,273 | \$30,537 | \$101,554 | \$34,419 | \$1,298,360 |
| Debt Service | \$41,147 | \$41,664 | \$41,620 | \$38,549 | \$40,704 | \$383,799 | \$180,977 |
| Unappropriated - Other Financing | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL SDC REIMBURSEMENT | \$239,162 | \$90,447 | \$86,893 | \$70,686 | \$143,205 | \$445,311 | \$1,479,337 |

Historical and Budgeted Expenditures by Water System Function

| EXPENDITURES | | | | Fiscal Year | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 |
| CONSERVATION | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$73,475 | \$69,630 | \$49,841 | \$51,505 | \$77,643 | \$87,799 | \$105,240 |
| Benefits | \$34,263 | \$34,852 | \$23,111 | \$22,385 | \$42,088 | \$44,734 | \$64,950 |
| Subtotal Personal Services | \$107,737 | \$104,482 | \$72,952 | \$73,889 | \$119,731 | \$132,532 | \$170,190 |
| Office | \$651 | \$511 | \$1,914 | \$231 | \$581 | \$536 | \$4,550 |
| Small Tools | \$24 | \$27 | \$918 | \$13 | \$35 | \$78 | \$200 |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$47 | \$0 | \$148 | \$118 | \$0 | \$0 | \$200 |
| Uniforms - Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$29 | \$0 | \$0 | \$125 |
| Technical | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$40 | \$0 | \$740 | \$800 |
| Meetings | \$0 | \$50 | \$0 | \$29 | \$0 | \$156 | \$100 |
| Books & Periodicals | \$16 | \$0 | \$224 | \$41 | \$0 | \$0 | \$100 |
| Subtotal Supplies | \$739 | \$588 | \$3,204 | \$500 | \$616 | \$1,510 | \$6,075 |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$300 | \$300 | \$270 | \$270 | \$270 | \$270 | \$270 |
| Fuel | \$0 | \$126 | \$0 | \$57 | \$227 | \$58 | \$150 |
| Replacement | \$5,790 | \$5,790 | \$5,790 | \$5,790 | \$5,790 | \$5,790 | \$5,790 |
| Rental Charges | \$0 | \$42 | \$124 | \$122 | \$121 | \$121 | \$125 |
| Subtotal Rental, Repair, Maintenance | \$6,090 | \$6,258 | \$6,184 | \$6,240 | \$6,408 | \$6,239 | \$6,335 |
| Local | \$82 | \$0 | \$0 | \$38 | \$159 | \$160 | \$100 |
| Long Distance | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$50 |
| Cellular | \$112 | \$95 | \$94 | \$95 | \$214 | \$525 | \$0 |
| Computers | \$0 | \$0 | \$756 | \$317 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Postage | \$0 | \$0 | \$36 | \$0 | \$0 | \$28 | \$100 |
| Subtotal Communications | \$193 | \$95 | \$886 | \$450 | \$372 | \$713 | \$250 |
| Professional Services | \$0 | \$0 | \$56 | \$0 | \$0 | \$8,271 | \$2,000 |
| Central Service | \$23,625 | \$23,625 | \$23,700 | \$23,700 | \$24,170 | \$24,650 | \$25,880 |
| Insurance Service | \$2,245 | \$2,245 | \$3,370 | \$3,370 | \$3,370 | \$3,370 | \$3,440 |
| Use of Facilities | \$15,085 | \$15,085 | \$7,500 | \$7,500 | \$7,500 | \$7,500 | \$8,250 |
| Subtotal Miscellaneous Charges & Fees | \$40,955 | \$40,955 | \$34,626 | \$34,570 | \$35,040 | \$43,791 | \$39,570 |
| Advertising | \$333 | \$0 | \$2,113 | \$1,068 | \$290 | \$132 | \$1,600 |
| Printing & Binding | \$36 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10 | \$16 | \$0 | \$200 |
| Air | \$407 | \$241 | \$337 | \$610 | \$302 | \$1,538 | \$1,500 |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$22 | \$215 | \$0 | \$0 | \$106 | \$407 | \$500 |
| Lodging | \$66 | \$1,050 | \$73 | \$715 | \$686 | \$1,363 | \$2,000 |
| Meals | \$175 | \$488 | \$142 | \$222 | \$166 | \$295 | \$750 |
| Training | \$811 | \$0 | \$1,220 | \$169 | \$779 | \$730 | \$1,000 |
| Dues | \$508 | \$125 | \$440 | \$381 | \$783 | \$785 | \$700 |
| Subtotal Other Purchased Services | \$2,358 | \$2,118 | \$4,324 | \$3,175 | \$3,128 | \$5,250 | \$8,250 |
| Conservation Programs | \$16,982 | \$20,999 | \$23,539 | \$21,191 | \$17,884 | \$68,805 | \$114,500 |
| TOTAL CONSERVATION | \$175,054 | \$175,495 | \$145,716 | \$140,014 | \$183,179 | \$258,842 | \$345,170 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | | | | | | |
| Interfund Loans | \$0 | \$0 | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$150,000 | \$0 | \$250,000 |
| Contingency | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$170,000 |
| Unappropriated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL WATER FUND | \$5,007,651 | \$4,996,087 | \$5,249,115 | \$7,099,639 | \$7,465,934 | \$8,414,076 | \$12,128,018 |

Source: City of Ashland.

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Table A-3 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Historical and Budgeted Water Fund Operation Expenditures

| | | | Fiscal | Year | | | Adopted | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Expenses | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | |
| Water Fund Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | \$1,454,017 | \$1,566,691 | \$1,478,094 | \$1,594,018 | \$1,689,757 | \$1,830,555 | \$1,737,310 | |
| Supplies | \$178,069 | \$163,649 | \$153,291 | \$164,988 | \$198,225 | \$207,113 | \$305,825 | |
| Repair & Maintenance | \$290,532 | \$289,177 | \$317,079 | \$323,933 | \$326,070 | \$340,958 | \$410,512 | |
| Communications | \$14,630 | \$10,938 | \$10,675 | \$14,896 | \$15,801 | \$23,521 | \$22,380 | |
| Contractual Services | \$25,020 | \$21,873 | \$51,999 | \$63,664 | \$82,921 | \$95 <i>,</i> 860 | \$353,600 | |
| Central Service | \$716,497 | \$716,497 | \$748,700 | \$810,700 | \$828,910 | \$845 <i>,</i> 380 | \$887,650 | |
| Miscellaneous Charges | \$525,259 | \$532,316 | \$451,585 | \$437,887 | \$484,583 | \$483 <i>,</i> 392 | \$517,020 | |
| Other Purchased Services | \$96,604 | \$91,357 | \$92,581 | \$97,546 | \$172,208 | \$143,619 | \$207,320 | |
| Franchise Tax | \$419,978 | \$342,525 | \$294,695 | \$356,283 | \$357,799 | \$372,200 | \$402,653 | |
| Conservation Programs | \$16,982 | \$20,999 | \$23 <i>,</i> 539 | \$21,191 | \$17,884 | \$68 <i>,</i> 805 | \$114,500 | |
| Other Forest Interface | \$221,016 | \$369,116 | \$485,728 | \$2,460,085 | \$578,038 | \$311,440 | \$0 | |
| Other Supply Costs | \$0 | \$0 | \$800 | \$0 | \$135 | \$28,011 | \$0 | |
| Subtotal Operating Expenses | \$3,958,605 | \$4,125,137 | \$4,108,767 | \$6,345,190 | \$4,752,332 | \$4,750,855 | \$4,958,770 | |
| Capital Outlay | \$208,517 | \$182,146 | \$306,991 | \$241,732 | \$1,898,185 | \$2,703,906 | \$4,541,040 | |
| Total | \$4,167,122 | \$4,307,283 | \$4,415,758 | \$6,586,922 | \$6,650,517 | \$7,454,761 | \$9,499,810 | |

Source: City of Ashland.

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Table A-4 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Water Capital Improvement Projects Benefitting Existing Customers in Inflated Dollars

| Water Improvement | Total Cost Estimate | 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 1 | 2017-18 2 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 6 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| SERVICE Supply | ¢11.050 | ćo | ć11 0F0 | ćo | ćo | ćo | ćo | ćo |
| FERC Part 12 Dam Safety Inspection (50% Electric, 50% Water) [1] | \$11,950 | \$U | \$11,950 | \$U | \$U | \$U | \$U | \$U |
| Ashland Creek West Fork Bridge Construction [1] | \$31,300 | \$U | \$31,300 | \$0 ¢0 | \$0 ¢0 | \$U | \$0 ¢0 | \$0 ¢0 |
| Sediment TMDL in Reeder Resv. [1] | \$32,800 | \$U | \$15,925 | \$U | \$U | \$16,875 | \$U | \$U |
| Reeder Resv Access Road TMDL Compliance [1] | \$28,150 | \$28,150 | \$U | \$0 \$0 | \$0 ¢0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 ¢0 |
| East & West Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation | \$300,000 | \$0 | \$300,000 | \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 \$0 |
| Reeder Resv Variable Depth Intake | \$126,700 | Ş0 | \$0 | \$0 \$ | \$0 \$0 | \$126,700 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TID Terrace St Pump Station Improvements | \$255,000 | \$255,000 | \$0 | \$0 \$ | \$0 | \$0 \$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| TID Canal Piping: Starlite to Terrace Street [1] | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 | \$0 \$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 \$ |
| Emergency TAP Pipeline & Pump | \$920,000 | \$920,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Subtotal Water Supply | \$1,705,900 | \$1,203,150 | \$359,175 | Ş0 | Ş0 | \$143,575 | Ş0 | Ş0 |
| Water Treatment & Storage | | | | | | | | |
| Permanganate Feed Facility Study & Implementation | \$307,200 | \$307,200 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Raw Water Bypass Measurement | \$25,000 | \$0 | \$25,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2.6-MG Reservoir & Clearwell ("Crowson II") [1] | \$7,322,940 | \$778,320 | \$3,223,980 | \$3,320,640 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2.5 MGD Water Treatment Plant [1] | \$13,041,810 | \$1,043,370 | \$5,910,570 | \$6,087,870 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Subtotal Treatment & Storage | \$20,696,950 | \$2,128,890 | \$9,159,550 | \$9,408,510 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Water Distribution | | | | | | | | |
| Park Estates Pump Station/Loop Road Reservoir Alternatives | \$2 527 600 | \$618,000 | \$1 909 600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Radio Read Meter Program | 0¢ | \$0 \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Hydrant Benlacement Program | \$172 300 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 | \$55 700 | \$57 400 | \$59 200 | \$0 |
| Granite Reservoir Valving | \$123,000 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$123,000 | \$0,200 \$0 | \$0,100 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 \$0 |
| Subtotal Water Distribution | \$2,822,900 | \$618,000 | \$1,909,600 | \$123,000 | \$55,700 | \$57,400 | \$59,200 | \$0 \$0 |
| Mainline Projects (see page 2) | \$3,398,500 | \$373,200 | \$644,300 | \$1,063,800 | \$226,700 | \$345,500 | \$410,000 | \$335,000 |
| TOTAL WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS (inflated dollars) | \$28,624,250 | \$4,323,240 | \$12,072,625 | \$10,595,310 | \$282,400 | \$546,475 | \$469,200 | \$335,000 |

Table A-4 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Water Capital Improvement Projects Benefitting Existing Customers in Inflated Dollars

| Water Improvement | Total | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|--|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Cost Estimate | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Water Mainline Projects | | | | | | | | |
| Oak Street - Nevada to Bear Creek Bridge | \$273,200 | \$273,200 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Lithia Water Line Replacement - Pioneer Street to Plaza | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| lvy Lane - Morton Street to west end of lvy Lane | \$346,200 | \$0 | \$346,200 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ivy Lane - South Mountain to FH-16AD-038 | \$100,300 | \$0 | \$100,300 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| A Street - 1st St to 6th St | \$515,000 | \$0 | \$150,000 | \$365,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Parker Street - Walker Ave to Lit Way | \$198,500 | \$0 | \$23,900 | \$174,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Harmony Lane - Siskiyou Blvd to Lit Way | \$79,500 | \$0 | \$11,900 | \$67,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Lit Way - Joy Avenue to Ray Lane | \$42,900 | \$0 | \$6,000 | \$36,900 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ray Lane - Lit Way to Joy Ave | \$66,300 | \$0 | \$6,000 | \$60,300 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Beach Street - Larkin Lane to Iowa Street | \$114,900 | \$0 | \$0 | \$12,300 | \$102,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Siskiyou Boulevard - Crowson Road south towards I-5 Exit 11 | \$168,800 | \$0 | \$0 | \$168,800 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| AHS Property - Fire hydrant in school property | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Meade Street - Vista St/Hillcrest to Iowa Street | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ditch Road - Strawberry PS to Grandview Dr | \$187,200 | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,200 | \$95,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Lithia Water Line | \$86,100 | \$0 | \$0 | \$86,100 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Elkader Street - Ivy Lane to Pinecrest Trail | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ivy Lane - South Mountain Ave to Elkader St | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| South Mountain Ave - S. Mountain Ave to Emma St | \$7,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$7,600 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| South Mountain Ave - From S. Mountain Ave to FH 16AD-043 | \$21,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$21,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Vista Street - Fork St to Hillcrest St | \$155,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$155,000 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Vista Street - Intersection of Vista, Hillcrest, Glenview Dr | \$5,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5 <i>,</i> 500 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Pinecrest Terrace - Penny Drive to Woodland Drive | \$185,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$185,000 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Pinecrest Terrace - Walker Ave to Starlight Place | \$410,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$410,000 | \$0 |
| Penny Drive - Woodland Dr to Weissenback Way | \$85,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$85,000 |
| Woodland Drive - Leonard St to Pinecrest Terrace | \$55,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$55,000 |
| Hiawatha Place - Walker Ave to FH 15CA-020 | \$60,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$60,000 |
| Morton Street - FH 16AC-023 to PRV 12 | \$135,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$135,000 |
| Subtotal Mainline Projects (inflated dollars) | \$3,398,500 | \$373,200 | \$644,300 | \$1,063,800 | \$226,700 | \$345,500 | \$410,000 | \$335,000 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Portion (or all) of project to be funded by future customers (excluded from table).

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Table A-5 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Existing Debt

| | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------|
| Bonds | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 2009 G O Bonds | \$66 666 | \$66 666 | \$66 666 | \$66,666 | \$66 666 | \$66 666 | \$66 666 |
| 2013 G.O. Bonds | \$195.275 | \$197.225 | \$194.125 | \$195.975 | \$197.725 | \$194.425 | \$196.075 |
| 2013 G.O Bonds Refinancing | \$191,350 | \$188,050 | \$189,700 | \$191,250 | \$192,700 | \$189,100 | \$185,500 |
| MWC Debt for SDC Purchase | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 | \$163,768 |
| Total Existing Debt Service | \$617,059 | \$615,709 | \$614,259 | \$617,659 | \$620,859 | \$613,959 | \$612,009 |
| State of Oregon Revolving Fund (estimated) [1] | | | \$157,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 | \$103,000 |
| Total Existing Debt Service with SRF | \$617,059 | \$615,709 | \$771,259 | \$720,659 | \$723,859 | \$716,959 | \$715,009 |
| Source: City of Ashland and HEC. | | | | | | | debt |
| [1] SRF Loan Principal | \$2,561,027 | Project comple | ted by May 201 | 16. Assume first | debt payment | is due Dec 1, 20 | 017. |
| Years | 29 | | | | | | |
| Interest Rate | 1.0% | | | | | | |
| | <u>2014-15</u> | <u>2015-16</u> | <u>2016-17</u> | <u>Total</u> | | | |
| Estimated Disbursements | \$870,000 | \$1,150,000 | \$541,027 | \$2,561,027 | | | |
| Interest | \$8,700 | \$20,200 | \$25,610 | \$54,510 | | | |

Table A-6 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Estimated New City Debt

| Facilities and Cost | Assumptions | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Water Improvements [1] | | \$2,099,310 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Sizing | | | | | | | | |
| Capitalized Interest | 6 months | \$47,230 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Issuance Costs | 3% | \$62,980 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Underwriter's Discount | 1% | \$20,990 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Reserve Fund | 1 year debt service | \$188,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Estimated Bond Size | | \$2,418,510 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Bond Size Adjusted for Rounding | 1.160 bond load | \$2,435,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Estimated Annual Debt Service | [2] | \$188,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

Source: HEC

new debt

[1] Existing customer share only. Excludes cost of improvements benefitting future customers.

[2] Debt service estimate based on sale of revenue bonds with the following terms: Assumed first payment due the following fiscal year.

interest rate: 4.5%

years: 20

| Item | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | Total |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Treatment Plant | | | | |
| 2.5 MGD Water Treatment Plant | \$1,043,370 | \$5,910,570 | \$6,087,870 | \$13,041,810 |
| Contingency 10% | \$104,337 | \$591,057 | \$608 <i>,</i> 787 | \$1,304,181 |
| Total Estimated Treatment Plant Cost | \$1,147,707 | \$6,501,627 | \$6,696,657 | \$14,345,991 |
| Estimated Interest | \$24,561 | \$163,696 | \$307,004 | \$495,261 |
| Annual Debt Service [1] | | | | \$652,900 |
| Total Payments | | | | \$19,587,000 |
| Principal | | | | \$14,345,991 |
| Interest | | | | \$5,241,009 |
| Crowson II Reservoir | | | | |
| Tank | \$778,320 | \$3,223,980 | \$3,320,640 | \$7,322,940 |
| Contingency (5%) | \$38,916 | \$161,199 | \$166,032 | \$732,294 |
| Total Estimated Reservoir Cost | \$817,236 | \$3,385,179 | \$3,486,672 | \$8,055,234 |
| Estimated Interest | \$29,175 | \$150,026 | \$274,500 | \$453,702 |
| Annual Debt Service [1] | | | | \$492,500 |
| Total Payments | | | | \$12,312,500 |
| Principal | | | | \$8,055,234 |
| Interest | | | | \$4,257,266 |
| TOTAL SRF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE | | | | \$1,145,400 |
| Source: City of Ashland. | | | | srf |
| [1] Terms assumed: | Plant | Tank | | |
| Interest | 2.14% | 3.57% | | |
| Years | 30 | 25 | | _ |

Assumes projects completed by October 2017 and first debt payment is due Dec 1, 2018.

Table A-8City of Ashland Water Rate StudyEstimated Depreciation of New Assets

| Improvement | Life (years) | 2015-16 Base | 2016-17 1 | 2017-18 2 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 6 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Water Supply | | | | | | | | |
| FERC Part 12 Dam Safety Inspection (50% Electric, 50% Water) [1] | 20 | \$0 | \$2,390 | \$2,390 | \$2,390 | \$2,390 | \$2,390 | \$2,390 |
| Ashland Creek West Fork Bridge Construction [1] | 80 | \$0 | \$1,565 | \$1,565 | \$1,565 | \$1,565 | \$1,565 | \$1,565 |
| Sediment TMDL in Reeder Resv. [1] | 50 | \$0 | \$1,274 | \$1,274 | \$1,274 | \$2,624 | \$2,624 | \$2,624 |
| Reeder Resv Access Road TMDL Compliance [1] | 40 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 | \$2,815 |
| East & West Fork Transmission Line Rehabilitation | 60 | \$0 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 |
| Reeder Resv Variable Depth Intake | 100 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,267 | \$1,267 | \$1,267 |
| TID Terrace St Pump Station Improvements | 50 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 | \$5,100 |
| TID Canal Piping [1], [2] | 60 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 | \$47,000 |
| Emergency TAP Pipeline & Pump | 80 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 | \$11,500 |
| Subtotal Water Supply | | \$66,415 | \$76,644 | \$76,644 | \$76,644 | \$79,261 | \$79,261 | \$79,261 |
| Water Treatment & Storage | | | | | | | | |
| Permanganate Feed Facility Study & Implementation | 40 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 | \$7,680 |
| Raw Water Bypass Measurement | 40 | \$0 | \$625 | \$625 | \$625 | \$625 | \$625 | \$625 |
| 2.6-MG Reservoir & Clearwell ("Crowson II") [1] | 60 | \$14,413 | \$74,117 | \$135,610 | \$135,610 | \$135,610 | \$135,610 | \$135,610 |
| 2.5 MGD Water Treatment Plant [1] | 80 | \$14,491 | \$96,583 | \$181,136 | \$181,136 | \$181,136 | \$181,136 | \$181,136 |
| Subtotal Treatment & Storage | | \$36,585 | \$179,004 | \$325,051 | \$325,051 | \$325,051 | \$325,051 | \$325,051 |
| Water Distribution | | | | | | | | |
| Park Estates Pump Station/Loop Road Reservoir Alternatives | 50 | \$12,360 | \$50,552 | \$50,552 | \$50,552 | \$50,552 | \$50,552 | \$50,552 |
| Radio Read Meter Program | 15 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Hydrant Replacement Program | 50 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,114 | \$2,262 | \$3,446 | \$3,446 |
| Granite Reservoir Valving | 50 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,460 | \$2,460 | \$2,460 | \$2,460 | \$2,460 |
| Subtotal Water Distribution | | \$12,360 | \$50,552 | \$53,012 | \$54,126 | \$55,274 | \$56,458 | \$56,458 |
| Water Mains | 60 | \$6,220 | \$16,958 | \$34,688 | \$38,467 | \$44,225 | \$51,058 | \$56,642 |
| Total | | \$121,580 | \$323,159 | \$489,396 | \$494,288 | \$503,811 | \$511,829 | \$517,412 |

Source: HEC.

new depr

[1] Portion (or all) of improvement project to be funded by future customers. Replacement costs paid for by existing customers.

[2] New canal improvements paid by new customers. Replacement costs paid by existing customers.

Table A-9City of Ashland Water Rate StudyAverage Annual Change in Operating Costs Compared with Indices

| Expenses and | | | % | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|--------|
| Indices | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | Change | Change |
| Water Fund Operating Expenses [1] | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | \$1,454,017 | \$1,566,691 | \$1,478,094 | \$1,594,018 | \$1,689,757 | \$1,830,555 | \$376,538 | 4.7% |
| Supplies | \$178,069 | \$163,649 | \$153,291 | \$164,988 | \$198,225 | \$207,113 | \$29,044 | 3.1% |
| Repair & Maintenance | \$290,532 | \$289,177 | \$317,079 | \$323,933 | \$326,070 | \$340,958 | \$50,426 | 3.3% |
| Communications | \$14,630 | \$10,938 | \$10,675 | \$14,896 | \$15,801 | \$23,521 | \$8,891 | 10.0% |
| Contractual Services | \$25,020 | \$21,873 | \$51,999 | \$63,664 | \$82,921 | \$95 <i>,</i> 860 | \$70,839 | 30.8% |
| Central Service | \$716,497 | \$716,497 | \$748,700 | \$810,700 | \$828,910 | \$845 <i>,</i> 380 | \$128,883 | 3.4% |
| Miscellaneous Charges | \$525,259 | \$532,316 | \$451,585 | \$437,887 | \$484,583 | \$483,392 | (\$41,867) | -1.6% |
| Other Purchased Services | \$96,604 | \$91,357 | \$92,581 | \$97,546 | \$172,208 | \$143,619 | \$47,015 | 8.3% |
| Franchise Tax | \$419,978 | \$342,525 | \$294,695 | \$356,283 | \$357,799 | \$372,200 | (\$47,778) | -2.4% |
| Conservation Programs | \$16,982 | \$20,999 | \$23,539 | \$21,191 | \$17,884 | \$68 <i>,</i> 805 | \$51,823 | 32.3% |
| Total | \$3,737,590 | \$3,756,021 | \$3,622,240 | \$3,885,105 | \$4,174,159 | \$4,411,404 | \$673,814 | 3.4% |
| Engineering News Record | June 2010 | June 2011 | June 2012 | June 2013 | June 2014 | June 2015 | | |
| ENR Construction Cost Index 20-City [2] | 8,805.00 | 9,053.00 | 9,291.00 | 9,542.00 | 9,800.00 | 10,039.00 | 1,234.00 | 2.7% |
| Bureau of Labor Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer Price Index - Size D (Cities<50,000) | 211.09 | 218.86 | 223.83 | 228.61 | 233.39 | 234.06 | 22.96 | 2.1% |
| Consumer Price Index - US City Average | 217.29 | 224.99 | 228.83 | 232.86 | 237.69 | 237.79 | 20.50 | 1.8% |
| Consumer Price Index - Portland-Salem, OR | 217.51 | 223.11 | 228.75 | 233.74 | 239.75 | 242.98 | 25.47 | 2.2% |

Source: City of Ashland, Engineering News Record, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[1] Excludes Forest Interface which is no longer part of the Water Fund.

[2] Average annual increase for the past 20 years (June 1995-2015) is 3.12%.

срі

| TID Total Annual Cost | Estimated Cost | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Costs | | | | | |
| Contracted Water | | \$0 | | | |
| City Maintenance Costs [1] | | \$30,070 | | | |
| Canal Depreciation | | \$0 | | | |
| TID Staffing and Materials Costs [2] | | \$22,800 | | | |
| Total Annual Cost | | \$52 <i>,</i> 870 | | | |
| | | Typical De | livery [3] | | |
| | | Cubic Feet | Acre Feet | | |
| Total Use | а | 24,463,405 | 562 | | |
| SOU Use [4] | b | 7,101,690 | 163 | | |
| Lithia Park Use [4] | С | 1,020,495 | 23 | | |
| Remaining TID Irrigators | d = a-b-c | 16,341,220 | 375 | | |
| Source: City of Ashland and HEC. | | | tid calc | | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] See Table A-11. Costs shown are 73% of the total costs in 2013 - see Table A-12.

[2] Estimated finance and public works departments time and materials costs to manage T.I.D. agreements, billing and customer service.

[3] Under the 1924, 1926, and 1935 contract the City can take up to 769 acre feet in a typical year for any purpose. The City also has an agreement with TID for an additional 600 acre feet for municipal purposes. On average, City TID customers use 73% of the 769 acre feet contract and the City municipal customers use the 600 acre feet contract. See Table A-12.

[4] Uses water consumption from the last non-drought year (2012).

Table A-11City of Ashland Water Rate StudyTID Canal Maintenance Costs

| Cost | 2013 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Man Hours | 1205 | 1411 |
| Labor Cost | \$33,076 | \$30,753 |
| Equipment Cost | \$8,098 | \$33,671 |
| Total Cost | \$41,174 | \$64,425 |
| Source: City of Ashland. | | tid maint |
| | | |

Table A-12 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Actual TID Non-Potable Water Deliveries (Past 10 Years)

| | Total | Municipal | Spill to | Irrigation | 1924, 1926 & | Irrigation Use as |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Year | Acre-Feet | Use | Creek | Use | 1935 Contract | % of Contract |
| | [1] | [2] | | | [3] | |
| | | All Fi | gures in Acre I | Feet | | |
| 2004 | 751.71 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 627.96 | 769.00 | 82% |
| 2005 | 478.57 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 354.82 | 769.00 | 46% |
| 2006 | 659.93 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 536.18 | 769.00 | 70% |
| 2007 | 560.14 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 436.39 | 769.00 | 57% |
| 2008 | 726.56 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 602.81 | 769.00 | 78% |
| 2009 | 742.90 | 224.24 | 123.75 | 394.91 | 769.00 | 51% |
| 2010 | 818.73 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 694.98 | 769.00 | 90% |
| 2011 | 755.37 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 631.62 | 769.00 | 82% |
| 2012 | 731.81 | 0.00 | 123.75 | 608.06 | 769.00 | 79% |
| 2013 | 981.49 | 205.15 | 123.75 | 652.59 | 654.00 | 100% |
| 2014 | 1,173.94 | 565.44 | 123.75 | 484.75 | 654.00 | 74% |
| Average Excl | luding Drought Yea | ars [4] | | 561.60 | 769.00 | 73% |

Source: Talent Irrigation District.

tid deliv

[1] TID measurements.

[2] City measurements.

[3] In 2013 and 2014 TID curtailed the amount allowed to 654 acre feet.

[4] Excludes drought years 2009, 2013, and 2014.

Table A-13City of Ashland Water Rate StudyMeter Replacement Fee Calculation

| | Assumption | | Meter Size | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|--------|------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|--|
| ltem | / Total | 3/4" | 1" | 1-1/2" | 2" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | |
| New Meter with Transponder [1] | | \$220 | \$330 | \$520 | \$700 | \$1,500 | \$3,260 | \$4,520 | \$5,450 | |
| Installation Costs [2] | 20% | \$44 | \$66 | \$104 | \$140 | \$300 | \$652 | \$904 | \$1,090 | |
| Administration Costs | 5% | \$11 | \$17 | \$26 | \$35 | \$75 | \$163 | \$226 | \$273 | |
| Total Cost per Meter | \$312 | \$275 | \$413 | \$650 | \$875 | \$1,875 | \$4,075 | \$5 <i>,</i> 650 | \$6,813 | |
| Replacement Interval (years) | | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | |
| Cost per Meter per Year | | \$14 | \$21 | \$33 | \$44 | \$94 | \$204 | \$283 | \$341 | |
| Monthly Cost per Meter | | \$1.15 | \$1.72 | \$2.71 | \$3.65 | \$7.81 | \$16.98 | \$23.54 | \$28.39 | |
| Cost per Billing Meter [3] | | \$1.17 | \$1.75 | \$2.75 | \$3.71 | \$7.94 | \$17.26 | \$23.94 | \$28.86 | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

[1] Prices quoted from City vendor, November 2014.

[2] Actual installation costs vary by meter size as a percentage of meter cost.

[3] Accounts for 2% of meters not billable at any one time.

meter prog
Table A-14 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Calculation of Functional Allocation Revenue Requirement

| Operating Expenditures | BUDGET 2015-16 | Allocation Basis | Customer | Meters & Services | Capacity | Commodity | Unclassified |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| | with addition of | [1] | | | | | |
| SUPPLY | TAP water | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$0 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Benefits | \$0 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Infrastructure | \$0 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Professional Services | \$229,600 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Miscellaneous | \$151,050 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Other | \$149,900 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Capital Outlay | \$1,209,150 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Debt Service | \$9,568 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 0% | 55% | 45% | 0% |
| TOTAL SUPPLY | \$44,000 \$1,793,268 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| DISTRIBUTION | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$635,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Benefits | \$394,750 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Office | \$2,650 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Small Tools | \$4,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$1,500 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Other | \$3,000 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Technical | \$15,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Chemicals | \$5,500 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| County Services | \$4,950 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Other | \$15,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Books & Periodicals | \$200 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$66,340 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Fuel | \$28,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Replacement | \$61,560 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Electricity | \$60,000 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Water | \$0 \$200 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Wastewater & Other | \$300 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Custodial | \$0 6500 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Disposal | \$500 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Intrastructure | \$115,000 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | /4% | 15% | 0% |
| Local | \$1,200 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Cellular | \$20 \$3,700 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Computers | \$2,500 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Postage | \$2,000 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Badios | \$1,000 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Professional Services | \$60.000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Physician/Health | \$0 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Other | \$50.000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Central Service | \$692,510 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Insurance Service | \$35,600 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Technology Debt | \$50,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Use of Facilities | \$80,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Bad Debt Expense | \$12,000 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Other | \$0 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Licensing | \$37,700 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Air | \$3,000 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$350 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Lodging | \$2,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Meals | \$350 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Training | \$4,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Dues | \$0 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Medical & Laboratory | \$15,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Franchise Tax | \$402,653 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Capital Outlay | \$1,105,200 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Debt Service | \$250,649 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 0% | 55% | 45% | 0% |
| TOTAL DISTRIBUTION | \$4,224,682 | | | | | | |
| TREATMENT PLANT | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$340,050 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Benefits | \$197,320 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Office | \$2,000 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Small Tools | \$800 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$2,500 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Other | \$500 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Technical | \$22,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Chemicals | \$220,000 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |

Table A-14 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Calculation of Functional Allocation Revenue Requirement

| Operating Expenditures | BUDGET 2015-16 | Allocation Basis | Customer | Meters & Services | Capacity | Commodity | Unclassified |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | with addition of | [1] | | | | | |
| Emergency Work | \$0 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Books & Periodicals | \$150 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$9,397 \$6,500 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Replacement | \$1,080 | Peaking Month Lise | 0% | 55% | 0% | 43% | 0% |
| Maintenance | \$1,000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Electricity | \$38.000 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Custodial | \$1,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Grounds Care | \$1,500 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Infrastructure | \$15,000 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Local | \$5,600 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Long Distance | \$10 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Cellular | \$500 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Computers | \$2,500 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Postage | \$3,000 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Radios | \$100 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Other | \$12,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Control Sonvice | \$U \$160.260 | Avg. of Classified | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| | \$109,200 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Technology Debt | \$28,000 | Peaking Month Lise | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Use of Facilities | \$100.000 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Other | \$0 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Licensing | \$4,700 | Utilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Personal Vehicle Mileage | \$200 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Lodging | \$2,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Meals | \$600 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Training | \$2,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Dues | \$270 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Medical & Laboratory | \$19,400 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Capital Outlay | \$2,226,690 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Debt Service TOTAL TREATMENT PLANT | \$436,211 \$3,875,118 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 0% | 55% | 45% | 0% |
| CONSERVATION | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | \$105,240 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Benefits | \$64,950 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Office | \$4,550 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Small Tools | \$200 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Clothing | \$200 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Uniforms - Other | \$125 | Plant In Service | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 0% |
| Technical | \$800 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Meetings | \$100 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Books & Periodicals | \$100 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Fleet Maintenance | \$270 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Poplacement | \$150 ¢E 700 | Peaking Month Lico | 0% | 55% EE0/ | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Rental Charges | \$3,790 | Peaking Month Lise | 0% | 55% | 0% | 43% | 0% |
| Local | \$100 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Long Distance | \$50 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Cellular | \$0 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Computers | \$0 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Postage | \$100 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Professional Services | \$2,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Central Service | \$25,880 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Insurance Service | \$3,440 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Use of Facilities | \$8,250 | Peaking Month Use | 0% | 55% | 0% | 45% | 0% |
| Advertising | \$1,600 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Printing & Binding | \$200 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Air | \$1,500 | Customers | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Personal Venicle Mileage | \$500 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Louging | \$2,000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| ivicals | \$/50 ¢1.000 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Training Dues | \$1,000 ¢700 | Avg. of Classified | 0% | 0% | 0% | U% | 100% |
| Conservation Programs | ې/UU 11/ 500 | Litilities | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 100% |
| TOTAL CONSERVATION | \$345,170 | ounties | 0/0 | 0/6 | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES | \$10,238,238 | | \$1,382,804 | \$391,007 | \$3,901,763 | \$2,102,184 | \$2,460,480 |
| Total with Reallocation | \$10,238,239 | | 5457,448 \$1,820 252 | \$514 702 | \$5,136,070 | \$2,767 204 | |
| Revenue Requirement Allocation Perc | entages | | 18% | 5% | 50% | 27% | |

Source: HEC.

[1] For allocation of plant in service see Table A-14. For allocation of peaking month use see Table 4.

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Table A-15City of Ashland Water Rate StudyAllocation of Plant in Service

| | | Pei | rcent Alloca | ition | | Cost Allocation | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Facility | Customer | Meters & Services | Capacity | Commodity | Total | Customer | Meters & Services | Capacity | Commodity | Cost Basis | |
| Water Rights Buildings | 100% | | 50% | 50% | 100% 100% | \$930,299 \$0 | \$0 \$0 | \$0 \$12,400 | \$0 \$12,400 | \$930,299 \$24.800 | |
| Equipment | | | | | | <i>+</i> - | ÷ - | <i>,</i> | <i>+ ,</i> · · · · | + - ·) | |
| Clorinator Unit | | | | 100% | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$15.380 | \$15.380 | |
| Residual Analyzer | | | | 100% | 100% | \$0 \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5.913 | \$5.913 | |
| Treatment Plant | | | 100% | | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$51.935 | \$0 | \$51.935 | |
| Distribution | | | 80% | 20% | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$15,186 | \$3,797 | \$18,983 | |
| Services & Meters | | 100% | | | 100% | \$0 | \$35,893 | \$0 | \$0 | \$35,893 | |
| Vehicles & Trailers | 50% | | | 50% | 100% | \$25,445 | \$0 | \$0 | \$25,445 | \$50,890 | |
| Miscellaneous Equipment | | 25% | | 75% | 100% | \$0 | \$22,362 | \$0 | \$67,085 | \$89,446 | |
| Subtotal Equipment | | | | | | \$25,445 | \$58,254 | \$67,121 | \$117,619 | \$268,440 | |
| Improvements | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Services & Meters | | 100% | | | 100% | \$0 | \$236,605 | \$0 | \$0 | \$236,605 | |
| Subdivision Water Lines | 20% | | 80% | | 100% | \$1,905,096 | \$0 | \$7,620,382 | \$0 | \$9,525,478 | |
| Water Mains | | | 100% | | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,885,740 | \$0 | \$10,885,740 | |
| Reservoir | | | | 100% | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,238,247 | \$2,238,247 | |
| Pump Station | | | | 100% | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$102,415 | \$102,415 | |
| Miscellaneous Distribution | | 25% | | 75% | 100% | \$0 | \$526,629 | \$0 | \$1,579,888 | \$2,106,518 | |
| Miscellaneous Other | | | | 100% | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$759,813 | \$759,813 | |
| Water Treatment Plant | | | 100% | | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$5 <i>,</i> 987,687 | \$0 | \$5,987,687 | |
| Fire Hydrants | | | 100% | | 100% | \$0 | \$0 | \$40,433 | \$0 | \$40,433 | |
| Subtotal Improvements | | | | | | \$1,905,096 | \$763,234 | \$24,534,242 | \$4,680,363 | \$31,882,935 | |
| Total Plant in Service | | | | | | \$2,860,840 | \$821,489 | \$24,613,763 | \$4,810,382 | \$33,106,474 | |
| % of Plant in Service | | | | | | 9% | 2% | 74% | 15% | 100% | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

plant

Table A-16 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Number of Billing Meters

| | | | | | Custome | r Category | | |
|------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| | % of | - | Reside | ential | Commercial | Irrigation | Government | Fire |
| Meter Size | Total | TOTAL | SF | MF | - | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 3/4" | 90.1% | 7,814 | 6,723 | 444 | 332 | 179 | 19 | 117 |
| 1" | 5.9% | 509 | 256 | 68 | 108 | 61 | 16 | 0 |
| 1.5" | 1.9% | 167 | 11 | 51 | 64 | 35 | 6 | 0 |
| 2" | 1.7% | 145 | 3 | 35 | 45 | 40 | 22 | 0 |
| 3" | 0.2% | 21 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 0 |
| 4" | 0.2% | 14 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| 6" | 0.0% | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 8" | 0.0% | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total | 100.0% | 8,673 | 6,993 | 606 | 555 | 325 | 77 | 117 |
| % of Total | | 100% | 81% | 7% | 6% | 4% | 1% | 1% |

Source: City of Ashland.

meters

| Table A-17 |
|--|
| City of Ashland Water Rate Study |
| Typical Water Consumption by Meter Size by Customer Type |

| Meter Size/ | | Consumption (2014 Data) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--|
| Customer Type | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Total | |
| | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 3/4" | | | | | | Fig | ures in Cubi | <u>c Feet</u> | | | | | | |
| Residential SF | 486 | 460 | 428 | 448 | 550 | 795 | 1,073 | 1,178 | 1,136 | 955 | 678 | 483 | 8,187 | |
| Residential MF | 839 | 826 | 813 | 896 | 1,057 | 1,572 | 1,715 | 1,733 | 1,548 | 1,260 | 943 | 851 | 14,054 | |
| Commercial | 892 | 850 | 767 | 940 | 1,077 | 1,472 | 1,703 | 1,773 | 1,518 | 1,309 | 993 | 856 | 14,148 | |
| Institutional | 300 | 318 | 352 | 400 | 480 | 791 | 1,326 | 1,086 | 896 | 1,143 | 711 | 378 | 8,180 | |
| Irrigation | 297 | 347 | 163 | 533 | 1,467 | 2,913 | 3,503 | 3,581 | 3,010 | 2,099 | 914 | 238 | 19,064 | |
| 1" | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential SF | 478 | 469 | 474 | 774 | 877 | 1,479 | 1,948 | 1,779 | 1,553 | 1,318 | 638 | 506 | 12,293 | |
| Residential MF | 1,242 | 1,326 | 1,073 | 1,223 | 1,316 | 1,923 | 2,171 | 2,004 | 1,754 | 1,534 | 1,208 | 1,033 | 17,809 | |
| Commercial | 1,258 | 1,213 | 1,006 | 1,322 | 1,638 | 2,420 | 2,513 | 3,081 | 2,828 | 2,141 | 1,449 | 1,258 | 22,127 | |
| Institutional | 1,010 | 805 | 591 | 856 | 961 | 1,176 | 1,029 | 983 | 1,017 | 1,118 | 977 | 634 | 11,157 | |
| Irrigation | 234 | 704 | 970 | 718 | 2,547 | 3,314 | 4,647 | 5,037 | 3,775 | 3,014 | 858 | 500 | 26,317 | |
| 1.5" | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential SF | 636 | 594 | 522 | 848 | 1,142 | 1,699 | 2,308 | 2,314 | 2,265 | 1,525 | 1,145 | 1,156 | 16,154 | |
| Residential MF | 2,697 | 3,479 | 2,856 | 3,052 | 3,511 | 4,579 | 4,859 | 5,116 | 4,968 | 4,307 | 3,773 | 3,142 | 46,339 | |
| Commercial | 2,401 | 2,227 | 2,316 | 3,080 | 3,757 | 5,231 | 6,141 | 6,234 | 5,329 | 4,922 | 3,518 | 2,646 | 47,804 | |
| Institutional | 1,976 | 1,818 | 2,222 | 1,338 | 7,820 | 2,048 | 1,665 | 847 | 797 | 692 | 2,650 | 870 | 24,743 | |
| Irrigation | 414 | 322 | 308 | 1,922 | 4,713 | 8,614 | 12,982 | 13,984 | 11,558 | 8,031 | 1,719 | 840 | 65,407 | |
| 2" | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential SF | 963 | 260 | 680 | 550 | 613 | 1,210 | 1,703 | 2,533 | 3,210 | 2,450 | 1,687 | 630 | 16,490 | |
| Residential MF | 10,187 | 10,694 | 9,899 | 11,196 | 12,200 | 20,561 | 22,593 | 20,322 | 19,732 | 15,615 | 12,704 | 12,281 | 177,984 | |
| Commercial | 5,734 | 7,046 | 6,603 | 7,748 | 8,205 | 10,157 | 12,221 | 12,657 | 11,344 | 9,747 | 8,280 | 6,964 | 106,707 | |
| Institutional | 6,145 | 10,434 | 9,260 | 8,995 | 19,053 | 15,680 | 16,262 | 14,952 | 9,444 | 10,082 | 10,929 | 8,452 | 139,689 | |
| Irrigation | 640 | 377 | 506 | 8,343 | 11,538 | 20,023 | 22,624 | 23,745 | 19,845 | 15,143 | 7,106 | 2,996 | 132,884 | |
| 3" | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential MF | 14,005 | 15,605 | 13,263 | 11,863 | 15,288 | 23,425 | 21,040 | 19,945 | 21,543 | 22,723 | 21,983 | 19,908 | 220,588 | |
| Commercial | 17,618 | 15,500 | 16,216 | 17,592 | 22,458 | 36,710 | 35,242 | 34,500 | 31,320 | 28,940 | 23,784 | 20,630 | 300,510 | |
| Institutional | 3,518 | 8,547 | 7,499 | 7,241 | 8,906 | 12,434 | 10,264 | 9,852 | 9,912 | 8,154 | 6,711 | 5,177 | 98,214 | |
| Irrigation | 6,910 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 2,735 | 41,146 | 36,502 | 62,480 | 85,750 | 49,291 | 62,530 | 7,330 | 580 | 357,854 | |
| 4" and greater | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential MF | 30,753 | 38,173 | 36,985 | 42,868 | 48,143 | 66,950 | 60,238 | 56,803 | 53,973 | 46,845 | 56,272 | 38,135 | 576,134 | |
| Commercial | 13,250 | 10,500 | 9,750 | 19,000 | 38,000 | 35,250 | 57,750 | 53,000 | 55,500 | 41,500 | 30,250 | 23,250 | 387,000 | |
| Institutional | 19,699 | 25,883 | 22,005 | 16,579 | 20,048 | 24,384 | 16,585 | 13,043 | 16,731 | 23,835 | 23,206 | 17,993 | 239,989 | |
| Irrigation | 0 | 467 | 667 | 14,000 | 55,500 | 70,327 | 66,111 | 123,030 | 122,227 | 86,404 | 1,576 | 0 | 540,309 | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

use by size

Table A-18 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Bill Tabulation for Rate Design - Residential - Winter

| Potable Water Customer | | Block Limit | Billing Units | Cumulative Bills through Block | Total Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Cumulative Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Total Use to This Block of Bills Passing Through Block | Cumulative Billed Usage | Percent Cumulative Billed Usage |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Master Mete | red | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 164 | 4,920 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 300 | 2,072 | 4,756 | 407,866 | 407,866 | 805,200 | 1,213,066 | 65% |
| Tier 2 | | 1,000 | 2,525 | 2,684 | 1,221,745 | 1,629,611 | 159,000 | 1,788,611 | 97% |
| Tier 3 | | 2,500 | 152 | 159 | 200,941 | 1,830,552 | 17,500 | 1,848,052 | 100% |
| Tier 4 | > | 2,500 | 7 | 7 | 22,156 | 1,852,708 | 0 | 1,852,708 | 100% |
| Total | | | 4,920 | | 1,852,708 | | | | |
| Single Family | , | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 1,660 | 56,630 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 300 | 18,399 | 54,970 | 3,204,856 | 3,204,856 | 10,971,300 | 14,176,156 | 47% |
| Tier 2 | | 1,000 | 30,748 | 36,571 | 16,592,584 | 19,797,440 | 5,823,000 | 25,620,440 | 86% |
| Tier 3 | | 2,500 | 5,148 | 5,823 | 7,328,780 | 27,126,220 | 1,687,500 | 28,813,720 | 96% |
| Tier 4 | > | 2,500 | 675 | 675 | 2,740,988 | 29,867,208 | 0 | 29,867,208 | 100% |
| Total | | | 56,630 | | 29,867,208 | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

Table A-19

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Tabulation for Rate Design - Residential - Summer

| Potable Water Customer | | Block Limit | Billing Units | Cumulative Bills through Block | Total Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Cumulative Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Total Use to This Block of Bills Passing Through Block | Cumulative Billed Usage | Percent Cumulative Billed Usage |
|------------------------------|------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Master Mete | ered | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 65 | 2,460 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 300 | 481 | 2,395 | 97,968 | 97,968 | 574,200 | 672,168 | 41% |
| Tier 2 | | 1,000 | 1,454 | 1,914 | 832,998 | 930,966 | 460,000 | 1,390,966 | 85% |
| Tier 3 | | 2,500 | 428 | 460 | 584,380 | 1,515,346 | 80,000 | 1,595,346 | 98% |
| Tier 4 | | 3,600 | 23 | 32 | 67,452 | 1,582,798 | 32,400 | 1,615,198 | 99% |
| Tier 5 | > | 3,600 | 9 | 9 | 47,668 | 1,630,466 | 0 | 1,630,466 | 100% |
| Total | | | 2,460 | | 1,630,466 | | | | |
| Single Family | , | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 543 | 28,315 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 300 | 4,704 | 27,772 | 794,582 | 794,582 | 6,920,400 | 7,714,982 | 24% |
| Tier 2 | | 1,000 | 11,461 | 23,068 | 6,951,500 | 7,746,082 | 11,607,000 | 19,353,082 | 61% |
| Tier 3 | | 2,500 | 8,941 | 11,607 | 14,060,337 | 21,806,419 | 6,665,000 | 28,471,419 | 89% |
| Tier 4 | | 3,600 | 1,684 | 2,666 | 4,966,874 | 26,773,293 | 3,535,200 | 30,308,493 | 95% |
| Tier 5 | > | 3,600 | 982 | 982 | 5,185,537 | 31,958,830 | 0 | 31,958,830 | 100% |
| Total | | | 28,315 | | 31,958,830 | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

res tab

smaller bill tab

Table A-20 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Estimated Percent Water Billed by Residential by Tier

| Potable Water | | | | | Cum | ulative Billed | Usage | | Percent Cumulative Billed Usage | | | | ge | Percent Use by Tier | | | | | |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|----------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Customer Type | Block 1 | Block 2 | Block 3 | Block 4 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 | Tier 4 | Tier 5 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 | Tier 4 | Tier 5 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 | Tier 4 | Tier 5 |
| Winter | | per ı | ınit | | | Fij | gure in Cubic F | eet | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Master Metered | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | | 1,213,066 | 1,788,611 | 1,848,052 | 1,852,708 | | 65% | 97% | 100% | 100% | | 65% | 31% | 3% | 0% | |
| Single Unit | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | | 14,176,156 | 25,620,440 | 28,813,720 | 29,867,208 | | 47% | 86% | 96% | 100% | | 47% | 38% | 11% | 4% | |
| Total | | | | | 15,389,222 | 27,409,051 | 30,661,772 | 31,719,916 | | 49% | 86% | 97% | 100% | | 49% | 38% | 10% | 3% | |
| Summer | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Master Metered | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | 3,600 | 672,168 | 1,390,966 | 1,595,346 | 1,615,198 | 1,630,466 | 41% | 85% | 98% | 99% | 100% | 41% | 44% | 13% | 1% | 1% |
| Single Unit | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | 3,600 | 7,714,982 | 19,353,082 | 28,471,419 | 30,308,493 | 31,958,830 | 24% | 61% | 89% | 95% | 100% | 24% | 36% | 29% | 6% | 5% |
| Total | | | | | 8,387,150 | 20,744,048 | 30,066,765 | 31,923,691 | 33,589,296 | 25% | 62% | 90% | 95% | 100% | 25% | 37% | 28% | 6% | 5% |
| Annual | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Master Metered | | | | | 1,885,234 | 3,179,577 | 3,443,398 | 3,467,906 | 3,483,174 | 54% | 91% | 99% | 100% | 100% | 54% | 37% | 8% | 1% | 0% |
| Single Unit | | | | | 21,891,138 | 44,973,522 | 57,285,139 | 60,175,701 | 61,826,038 | 35% | 73% | 93% | 97% | 100% | 35% | 37% | 20% | 5% | 3% |
| Total | | | | | 23,776,372 | 48,153,099 | 60,728,537 | 63,643,607 | 65,309,212 | 36% | 74% | 93% | 97% | 100% | 36% | 37% | 19% | 4% | 3% |

Source: HEC.

percent block

Table A-21City of Ashland Water Rate StudyBill Tabulation for Rate Design - Non-Residential Current

| Potable Water Customer | | Block Limit | Billing Units | Cumulative Bills through Block | Total Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Cumulative Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Total Use to This Block of Bills Passing Through Block | Cumulative Billed Usage | Percent Cumulative Billed Usage |
|------------------------------|----|----------------|------------------|---|---|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Irrigation | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Zero Use | | 0 | 1,700 | 4,080 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 50,000 | 2,327 | 2,380 | 10,314,213 | 10,314,213 | 2,650,000 | 12,964,213 | 88% |
| Tier 2 | > | 50,000 | 53 | 53 | 4,422,250 | 14,736,463 | 0 | 14,736,463 | 100% |
| Total | | | 4,080 | | 14,736,463 | | | | |
| Commerci | al | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | 0 | 519 | 7,306 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 50,000 | 6,774 | 6,787 | 16,932,837 | 16,932,837 | 650,000 | 17,582,837 | 99% |
| Tier 2 | > | 50,000 | 13 | 13 | 781,010 | 17,713,847 | 0 | 17,713,847 | 100% |
| Total | | | 7,306 | | 17,713,847 | | | | |
| Institution | al | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | 0 | 121 | 1,032 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 50,000 | 887 | 911 | 13,388 | 13,388 | 1,200,000 | 1,213,388 | 40% |
| Tier 2 | > | 50,000 | 24 | 24 | 3,012,632 | 3,026,020 | 0 | 3,026,020 | 100% |
| Total | | · | 1,032 | | 3,026,020 | . , | | . , | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

nonres bill tab

Table A-22City of Ashland Water Rate StudyBill Tabulation for Rate Design - Commercial Proposed

| Potable Water Customer | | Block Limit | Billing Units | Cumulative Bills through Block | Total Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Cumulative Use of Bills Stopping in Block | Total Use to This Block of Bills Passing Through Block | Cumulative Billed Usage | Percent Cumulative Billed Usage |
|------------------------------|--------|----------------|------------------|---|---|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Commercia | al <2" | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 460 | 6,586 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 2,500 | 4,851 | 6,126 | 3,074,096 | 3,074,096 | 3,187,500 | 6,261,596 | 61% |
| Tier 2 | > | 2,500 | 1,275 | 1,275 | 7,209,273 | 10,283,369 | 0 | 10,283,369 | 100% |
| | | | 6,586 | | 10,283,369 | | | | |
| Commercia | al 2+" | | | | | | | | |
| Zero Use | | | 59 | 720 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Tier 1 | | 15,000 | 472 | 661 | 1,989,468 | 1,989,468 | 2,835,000 | 4,824,468 | 65% |
| Tier 2 | > | 15,000 | 189 | 189 | 5,441,010 | 7,430,478 | 0 | 7,430,478 | 100% |
| | | | 720 | | 7,430,478 | | | | |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

comm tab

Table A-23City of Ashland Water Rate StudyEstimated Percent Water Billed by Non-Residential by Tier

| Potable Water | | Cumulative | Billed Usage | Percent Cumulativ | ve Billed Usage | Percent Us | se by Tier |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|------------|
| Customer Type | Block 1 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 |
| | ner meter | Figure in | Cubic Feet | | | | |
| | permeter | <u>i igure in</u> | Cubic i eet | | | | |
| Commercial | 50,000 | 17,582,837 | 17,713,847 | 99% | 100% | 99% | 1% |
| Institutional | 50,000 | 1,213,388 | 3,026,020 | 40% | 100% | 40% | 60% |
| Irrigation | 50,000 | 12,964,213 | 14,736,463 | 88% | 100% | 88% | 12% |
| | | | | | | | |

Source: HEC.

Table A-24

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Estimated Percent Water Billed by Proposed Commercial by Tier

| Potable Water | | Cumulative | Billed Usage | Percent Cumulati | Percent Use by Tier | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| Customer Type | Block 1 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 1 | Tier 2 |
| | per meter | Figure in | <u>Cubic Feet</u> | | | | |
| Commercial <2" | 2,500 | 6,261,596 | 10,283,369 | 61% | 100% | 61% | 39% |
| Commercial 2+" | 15,000 | 4,824,468 | 7,430,478 | 65% | 100% | 65% | 35% |

Source: HEC.

new com block

Table A-25City of Ashland Water Rate StudyHistorical Potable Water Use by Customer Category

| Potable Water | | | Calendar Year | | | Average | % of |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Customer | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2010-2014 | Average |
| | | | | | | | Of Billable |
| Residential | | | Figur | es in Cubic Fee | et | | |
| Single Family | 63,405,528 | 63,352,392 | 68,180,377 | 70,350,997 | 62,048,584 | 65,467,576 | 52% |
| Multi-Family | 19,189,790 | 19,088,252 | 20,975,821 | 20,914,108 | 20,299,186 | 20,093,431 | 16% |
| Subtotal Residential | 82,595,318 | 82,440,644 | 89,156,198 | 91,265,105 | 82,347,770 | 85,561,007 | 68% |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | |
| Commercial <2" meter | 9,745,579 | 10,280,935 | 10,542,620 | 10,727,829 | 10,276,017 | 10,314,596 | 8% |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | 7,574,577 | 7,605,973 | 7,760,214 | 7,643,038 | 7,446,478 | 7,606,056 | 6% |
| Institutional | 5,833,489 | 6,101,302 | 6,386,428 | 6,687,351 | 6,197,355 | 6,241,185 | 5% |
| Subtotal Non-Residential | 23,153,645 | 23,988,210 | 24,689,262 | 25,058,218 | 23,919,850 | 24,161,837 | 19% |
| Irrigation | 13,024,294 | 13,867,288 | 17,633,025 | 17,566,099 | 14,792,917 | 15,376,725 | 12% |
| Total Billable | 118,773,257 | 120,296,142 | 131,478,485 | 133,889,422 | 121,060,537 | 125,099,569 | |
| Tracking (non-billable) | 220,441 | 205,237 | 253,626 | 260,858 | 1,254,006 | 438,834 | |
| Total Demand | 118,993,698 | 120,501,379 | 131,732,111 | 134,150,280 | 122,314,543 | 125,538,402 | |

Source: City of Ashland.

use

Table A-26City of Ashland Water Rate StudyAssumptions for the Effect of Increasing Prices on Water Demand (Price Elasticity)

| Customer Type | Estimated Elasticity | | 2016-17 1 | 2017-18 2 | 2018-19 3 | 2019-20 4 | 2020-21 5 | 2021-22 6 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| % Change in Price to Meet R | ev. Requireme | nt | 8.47% | 4.49% | 3.44% | 3.46% | 3.40% | 3.49% |
| Assumption for Inflation [1] | | | 2.25% | 2.25% | 2.25% | 2.25% | 2.25% | 2.25% |
| Price Increase Adjusted for I | nflation | | 6.22% | 2.24% | 1.19% | 1.21% | 1.15% | 1.24% |
| Residential | [2] | [3] | | | | | | |
| Single Family Multi-Family | -0.10 -0.10 | 0.40% 0.40% | -0.6% -0.6% | -0.2% -0.2% | -0.1% -0.1% | -0.1% -0.1% | -0.1% -0.1% | -0.1% -0.1% |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial <2" meter | -0.15 | 1.80% | -0.9% | -0.3% | -0.2% | -0.2% | -0.2% | -0.2% |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | -0.15 | 1.80% | -0.9% | -0.3% | -0.2% | -0.2% | -0.2% | -0.2% |
| Institutional | -0.10 | 1.00% | -0.6% | -0.2% | -0.1% | -0.1% | -0.1% | -0.1% |
| Irrigation | -0.25 | -3.75% | -1.6% | -0.6% | -0.3% | -0.3% | -0.3% | -0.3% |

Source: HEC.

elasticity

[1] All Urban Consumers Price Index 1st half 2005 to 1st half 2015 average annual increase - http://library.uoregon.edu/govdocs/cpi.html.

[2] Based on HEC review of price elasticity of water literature.

[3] Due to cost redistribution (per the cost of service study), in the first year the actual price change will be different for each customer type. This effect is applied to each customer group in the base year. Percentage changes by customer group are approximately:

| Residential | -4% |
|---------------|------|
| Commercial | -12% |
| Institutional | -10% |
| Irrigation | 15% |

Table A-27City of Ashland Water Rate StudyProjected Changes in Potable Water Demand due to Price Changes

| | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Projected Growth | [1] | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% | 0.59% |
| Residential | | | | Figures in (| Cubic Feet | | |
| Single Family | 62,296,778 | 62,665,170 | 62,833,177 | 63,131,640 | 63,465,838 | 63,801,133 | 64,140,335 |
| Multi-Family | 20,380,383 | 20,500,902 | 20,564,731 | 20,665,616 | 20,776,726 | 20,888,244 | 21,000,965 |
| Subtotal Residential | 82,677,161 | 83,166,073 | 83,397,908 | 83,797,256 | 84,242,564 | 84,689,376 | 85,141,301 |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | |
| Commercial <2" meter | 10,460,985 | 10,522,846 | 10,539,114 | 10,584,870 | 10,638,599 | 10,692,449 | 10,747,054 |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | 7,580,515 | 7,625,342 | 7,637,130 | 7,670,287 | 7,709,222 | 7,748,244 | 7,787,813 |
| Institutional | 6,259,329 | 6,296,343 | 6,319,342 | 6,351,569 | 6,386,376 | 6,421,326 | 6,456,618 |
| Irrigation | 14,238,183 | 14,322,380 | 14,205,431 | 14,217,453 | 14,263,145 | 14,308,327 | 14,355,738 |
| Subtotal Non-Residential | 38,539,011 | 38,766,912 | 38,701,017 | 38,824,180 | 38,997,342 | 39,170,345 | 39,347,223 |
| Total Billable Water | 121,216,172 | 121,932,984 | 122,098,926 | 122,621,436 | 123,239,906 | 123,859,721 | 124,488,524 |
| Change in Demand Due to Prio | ce [2] | | | | | | |
| Residential | ~ [-] | | | | | | |
| Single Family | | -201,373 | -72,671 | -38,901 | -39,775 | -37,862 | -40,995 |
| Multi-Family | | -57,066 | -20,603 | -11,030 | -11,279 | -10,737 | -11,627 |
| Subtotal Residential | | -258,439 | -93,274 | -49,932 | -51,054 | -48,599 | -52,623 |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | |
| Commercial <2" meter | | -45,689 | -16,470 | -8,813 | -9,009 | -8,573 | -9,281 |
| Commercial 2"+ meter | | -33,108 | -11,935 | -6,386 | -6,528 | -6,213 | -6,725 |
| Institutional | | -14,151 | -5,112 | -2,737 | -2,799 | -2,665 | -2,886 |
| Irrigation | | -200,459 | -71,559 | -38,157 | -38,933 | -36,982 | -39,964 |
| Subtotal Non-Residential | | -293,407 | -105,075 | -56,093 | -57,269 | -54,434 | -58,856 |
| Total Billable Water | | -551,846 | -198,349 | -106,025 | -108,324 | -103,033 | -111,479 |

Source: HEC.

elas demand

[1] Base demand adjusted by cost of service cost reallocation per Table A-27.

[2] Change applied to summer months consumption only.

Table A-28City of Ashland Water Rate StudyComparison of Projected and Actual Production from 2012 Water Master Plan

| | Ро | pulation Estim | ates | Actual | Projected | | Average Day Demands (MGD) | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Year | Certified | Comp. Plan | COS [1] | Billed | Master Plan | COS [1] | | Wat | er Master | Plan Projec | tions |
| | | | | | | | | | 50/ | 4.00/ | 4 5 0/ |
| Crowth | | 197 / voor | 0 5 0 % | | | | Actual | | 5% Consorv | 10% Consorv | 15% |
| Growth | | 167 / year | 0.59% | con | umption numb | orc | Actual | conserv. | uction num | conserv. | CONSELV. |
| 2000 | 19 610 | 19 110 | | CONS | sumption numb | Fiaures ir | Million Go | piou allons ner D | av | ibers | |
| 2001 | 19 770 | 19 297 | | | | rigares in | | | <u>ay</u> | | |
| 2002 | 20 130 | 19 484 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2003 | 20,430 | 19.671 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2004 | 20.590 | 19.858 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2005 | 20.880 | 20.045 | | | | | 3.33 | | | | |
| 2006 | 21.430 | 20.232 | | | | | 3.44 | | | | |
| 2007 | 21.630 | 20.419 | | | | | 3.33 | | | | |
| 2008 | 21.485 | 20.606 | | | | | 3.28 | | | | |
| 2009 | 21.505 | 20.793 | | | 3.07 | | 2.93 | 3.35 | | | |
| 2010 | 20.095 | 20.980 | | 2.43 | | | 2.60 | | 3.38 | 3.38 | 3.38 |
| 2011 | 20,255 | 21,167 | | 2.47 | | | 2.58 | | | | |
| 2012 | 20,325 | 21,354 | | 2.69 | | | 2.65 | | | | |
| 2013 | 20,295 | 21,541 | | 2.74 | | | 2.90 | | | | |
| 2014 | 20,340 | 21,728 | | 2.48 | | | 2.62 | | | | |
| 2015 | | 21,915 | 20,393 | | | 2.48 | | | | | |
| 2016 | | 22,102 | 20,446 | | | 2.48 | | | | | |
| 2017 | | 22,289 | 20,500 | | | 2.49 | | | | | |
| 2018 | | 22,476 | 20,554 | | | 2.50 | | | | | |
| 2019 | | 22,663 | 20,607 | | | 2.51 | | | | | |
| 2020 | | 22,850 | 20,661 | | 3.29 | 2.52 | | 3.59 | 3.50 | 3.41 | 3.32 |
| 2021 | | 23,037 | 20,715 | | | 2.54 | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 23,224 | 20,769 | | | 2.55 | | | | | |
| Change 2000-2014 Avg. Annual % Inc. | 730 0.26% | 2,618 0.92% | 0.59% | | | | | | | | |

Source: Portland State University Population Research Center, City of Ashland Comprehensive Plan, 2012 Water Master Plan (Carollo), and HEC.

mp comp

[1] Cost of Service Water Rate Study.

Table A-29City of Ashland Water Rate StudyAllocation of Potable Water Customer Use Charges (Portion of Capacity and Commodity Costs)

| Potable Water Customer Type | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Base | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Course sites Court Channe | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity Cost Share | | | | | | | | |
| Total Cost Share | Table A-30 | \$2,028,401 | \$2,190,846 | \$2,289,190 | \$2,368,002 | \$2,450,010 | \$2,533,280 | \$2,621,622 |
| Residential | 69% | \$1,404,825 | \$1,517,330 | \$1,585,441 | \$1,640,025 | \$1,696,822 | \$1,754,493 | \$1,815,676 |
| Commercial < 2" | 7% | \$136,059 | \$146,956 | \$153,552 | \$158,839 | \$164,340 | \$169,925 | \$175,851 |
| Commercial 2" or larger | 4% | \$77 <i>,</i> 469 | \$83,673 | \$87,429 | \$90,439 | \$93 <i>,</i> 571 | \$96,752 | \$100,126 |
| Institutional | 4% | \$82,774 | \$89 <i>,</i> 403 | \$93 <i>,</i> 416 | \$96,632 | \$99,979 | \$103,377 | \$106,982 |
| Irrigation | 16% | \$327,274 | \$353 <i>,</i> 483 | \$369 <i>,</i> 351 | \$382,067 | \$395 <i>,</i> 298 | \$408,733 | \$422,987 |
| Total Capacity Costs | 100% | \$2,028,401 | \$2,190,846 | \$2,289,190 | \$2,368,002 | \$2,450,010 | \$2,533,280 | \$2,621,622 |
| Commodity Cost Share | | | | | | | | |
| Total Cost Share | Table A-25 | \$1,766,672 | \$1,908,156 | \$1,993,810 | \$2,062,453 | \$2,133,880 | \$2,206,405 | \$2,283,348 |
| Residential | 68% | \$1,208,303 | \$1,305,070 | \$1,363,653 | \$1,410,601 | \$1,459,453 | \$1,509,056 | \$1,561,680 |
| Commercial < 2" | 8% | \$145,664 | \$157 <i>,</i> 330 | \$164,392 | \$170,052 | \$175 <i>,</i> 941 | \$181,920 | \$188,265 |
| Commercial 2" or larger | 6% | \$107,414 | \$116,016 | \$121,224 | \$125 <i>,</i> 397 | \$129,740 | \$134,149 | \$138,828 |
| Institutional | 5% | \$88,139 | \$95 <i>,</i> 197 | \$99,471 | \$102 <i>,</i> 895 | \$106,459 | \$110,077 | \$113,916 |
| Irrigation | 12% | \$217,152 | \$234 <i>,</i> 543 | \$245,071 | \$253 <i>,</i> 508 | \$262,288 | \$271,202 | \$280,660 |
| Total Commodity Costs | 100% | \$1,766,672 | \$1,908,156 | \$1,993,810 | \$2,062,453 | \$2,133,880 | \$2,206,405 | \$2,283,348 |
| Total Costs to be Recovered thro | ough Use Ch | narges | | | | | | |
| Residential | 69% | \$2,613,129 | \$2,822,401 | \$2,949,094 | \$3,050,626 | \$3,156,275 | \$3,263,548 | \$3,377,356 |
| Commercial < 2" | 7% | \$281,723 | \$304,285 | \$317,944 | \$328,890 | \$340,280 | \$351,846 | \$364,115 |
| Commercial 2" or larger | 5% | \$184,883 | \$199,689 | \$208,653 | \$215 <i>,</i> 837 | \$223 <i>,</i> 311 | \$230,901 | \$238,953 |
| Institutional | 5% | \$170,913 | \$184,600 | \$192,887 | \$199,528 | \$206,438 | \$213,454 | \$220,898 |
| Irrigation | 14% | \$544,426 | \$588,026 | \$614,422 | \$635,575 | \$657,586 | \$679,936 | \$703,647 |
| Total Use Charges | 100% | \$3,795,073 | \$4,099,001 | \$4,283,000 | \$4,430,455 | \$4,583,890 | \$4,739,685 | \$4,904,969 |

Source: City of Ashland and HEC.

commodity

Table A-30 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Calculation of Share of Maximum Day Water Use by Customer Category

| | | Non- | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------|---------|-----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Coincident | | | | | | |
| | Average | Maximum | MM/AM | MD Peak | Max Daily | % of Avg. | % of Peak | % of Max. |
| Customer Type | Month Use | Month Use | Ratio | Ratio | Use | Month | Month | Day |
| | (AM) | (MM) | | | | | | |
| | а | b | c = b/a | d (below) | e = d*(b/31) | f = a/total a | g = b/total b | h = e/total e |
| Residential | cu. ft. | cu. ft. | | | cu. ft. | | | |
| Master Metered | 1,233,889 | 1,807,603 | 1.46 | 2.22 | 129,200 | 12% | 10% | 10% |
| Single Unit | 5,399,033 | 9,066,113 | 1.68 | 2.54 | 742,780 | 51% | 53% | 59% |
| Non-Residential | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial < 2" | 842,679 | 1,311,138 | 1.56 | 2.00 | 84,453 | 8% | 8% | 7% |
| Commercial 2" or larger | 572,439 | 815,422 | 1.42 | 1.83 | 48,085 | 5% | 5% | 4% |
| Institutional | 522,097 | 734,827 | 1.41 | 2.17 | 51,378 | 5% | 4% | 4% |
| Irrigation | 2,093,565 | 3,461,986 | 1.65 | 1.82 | 203,140 | 20% | 20% | 16% |
| Total | 10,689,965 | 17,248,262 | 1.61 | | 1,259,036 | 100% | 100% | 101% |
| | Master | | Comm'l. | Comm'l. | | | | |
| Calculation of MD Peak Factor | Metered | Single Unit | < 2" | 2" + | Institutional | Irrigation | | |
| MM/AD Factor | 1.46 | 1.68 | 1.56 | 1.42 | 1.41 | 1.65 | | |
| System MD/MM Production Ratio [1] | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 | | |
| Weekly Usage Adjustment | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.40 | 1.00 | | |
| Calculated MD Peak Factor | 2.22 | 2.54 | 2.00 | 1.83 | 2.17 | 1.82 | | |
| Source: City of Ashland, AWWA M1 Manual, a | nd HEC. | | | | | | | peaks |
| [1] Calculation: | | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | Average | |
| Maximum Day (MG) | | 5.88 | 5.36 | 5.14 | 5.95 | 4.80 | | |
| Maximum Month (MG) | 158.29 | 152.00 | 149.87 | 170.48 | 137.17 | | | |
| Average MGD in the Max. Month (max. da | ay / 31) | 5.11 | 4.90 | 4.83 | 5.50 | 4.42 | | |
| Ratio of Max. Day to Avg. in Max. Month | | 1.15 | 1.09 | 1.06 | 1.08 | 1.08 | 1.10 | |

Table A-31City of Ashland Water Rate StudyPotable Water Irrigation Peak Cost Allocation Calculation

| | Potable Wa | ater Only |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| Month | All Water | Irrigation |
| | cubic f | feet |
| January | 5,698,647 | 25,023 |
| February | 5,903,155 | 19,250 |
| March | 5,395,848 | 34,123 |
| April | 6,737,313 | 352,456 |
| May | 9,004,008 | 1,158,194 |
| June | 13,874,124 | 2,148,917 |
| July | 16,364,166 | 2,862,767 |
| August | 16,915,748 | 3,451,333 |
| September | 14,895,165 | 2,740,545 |
| October | 12,225,379 | 2,146,283 |
| November | 7,481,362 | 458,953 |
| December | 7,819,658 | 43,004 |
| Total | 122,314,573 | 15,440,848 |
| On Peak | 62,049,203 | 11,203,562 |
| Peak as % of Total | 51% | 73% |

Source: City of Ashland.

irr peak

Table A-32 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Cost of Service Cost Allocation for the Base Year 2015-16

| Customer | | | | | | | | | | | Ne | w Charges | | | | | | | | | | | | New TID | Grand | Share of |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| Туре | | Custome | | | Service | | | | | | | | | Use | | | | | | | | Total | Total | Charges | Total | Total |
| | # Bills | \$ per Bill | Total | Meter Equivs. \$ | per Meter Equiv. | Total | Tier 1 | \$ per CF | Total | Tier 2 | \$ per CF | Total | Tier 3 | \$ per CF | Total | Tier 4 | \$ per CF | Total | Tier 5 | \$ per CF | Total | Use | Bills | | | |
| POTABLE Residential | 7,605 | [1] \$10.93 | \$997,442 | 8,269 | [1] \$11.70 | \$1,161,072 | 29,979,403 | \$0.0230 | \$688,207 | 30,736,386 | \$0.0287 | \$881,980 | 15,856,251 | \$0.0387 | \$614,243 | 3,675,585 | \$0.0502 | \$184,574 | 2,100,145 | \$0.0646 | \$135,593 | 82,347,770 | \$2,504,596 | | \$4,663,111 | 71% |
| Non-Residential Commercial Institutional Fire Guards | 586 122 117 | \$10.93 \$10.93 \$10.93 | \$76,857 \$16,001 \$15,345 | 1,234 617 117 | \$11.70 \$11.70 \$11.70 | \$173,269 \$86,635 \$16,428 | 11,091,976 6,197,355 | \$0.0287 \$0.0276 | \$318,284 \$170,913 \$0 | 6,630,519 | \$0.0387 | \$256,855 \$0 \$0 | | | \$0 \$0 \$0 | | | \$0 \$0 \$0 | | | \$0 \$0 \$0 | 17,722,495 6,197,355 0 | \$575,138 \$170,913 \$0 | | \$825,265 \$273,548 \$31,774 | 13% 4% 0% |
| Irrigation | 550 | \$10.93 | \$72,136 | 947 | \$11.70 | \$132,971 | 4,050,831 | \$0.0292 | \$118,338 | 10,742,086 | \$0.0397 | \$426,087 | | | \$0 | | | \$0 | | | \$0 | 14,792,917 | \$544,426 | | \$749,532 | 11% |
| Subtotal Potable | 8,980 | | \$1,177,781 | 11,184 | | \$1,570,375 | 51,319,565 | \$0 | \$1,295,742 | 48,108,991 | | \$1,564,922 | 15,856,251 | | \$614,243 | 3,675,585 | | \$184,574 | 2,100,145 | | \$135,593 | 121,060,537 | \$3,795,073 | \$0 | \$6,543,230 | 99% |
| NON-POTABLE (TIE Metered Unmetered Subtotal Non-Pot |)) table | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$17,554 \$35,316 \$52,870 | \$17,554 \$35,316 \$52,870 | 0% 1% 1% |
| Total FY 2015-16 | 8,980 | | \$1,177,781 | 11,184 | | \$1,570,375 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$6,596,100 | 100% |
| Source: HEC. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | cos distr |

[1] Does not apply to TID customers.

Table A-33 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Bill Impact for Single Family Residential

| Monthly | | | Current | (2015) | | | New Structure | | | | | | | Monthly |
|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|---------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | | | Customer | Service | | | | | | Bill |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 | Tier 4 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 | Tier 4 | Total Bill | Increase |
| | | \$0.0243 | \$0.0299 | \$0.0400 | \$0.0517 | | | | \$0.0246 | \$0.0307 | \$0.0415 | \$0.0537 | | |
| Block Thresho | old (Cu. Ft.) | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | | | | | 300 | 1,000 | 2,500 | | | |
| Zero | \$23.50 | | | | | \$23.50 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | | | | | \$25.48 | \$1.98 |
| 200 | \$23.50 | \$4.86 | | | | \$28.36 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$4.91 | | | | \$30.39 | \$2.03 |
| 400 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$2.99 | winter ave | rage | \$33.78 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$3.07 | | | \$35.92 | \$2.14 |
| 600 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$8.97 | | | \$39.76 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$9.21 | | | \$42.06 | \$2.30 |
| 800 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$14.95 | | | \$45.74 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$15.36 | | | \$48.21 | \$2.47 |
| 1,000 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | summer av | erage | \$51.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | | | \$54.35 | \$2.63 |
| 1,200 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$8.00 | | \$59.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$8.29 | | \$62.64 | \$2.92 |
| 1,400 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$16.00 | | \$67.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$16.58 | | \$70.93 | \$3.21 |
| 1,600 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$24.00 | | \$75.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$24.88 | | \$79.23 | \$3.51 |
| 1,800 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$32.00 | | \$83.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$33.17 | | \$87.52 | \$3.80 |
| 2,000 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$40.00 | | \$91.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$41.46 | | \$95.81 | \$4.09 |
| 2,200 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$48.00 | | \$99.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$49.75 | | \$104.10 | \$4.38 |
| 2,400 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$56.00 | | \$107.72 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$58.04 | | \$112.39 | \$4.67 |
| 2,600 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$60.00 | \$5.17 | \$116.89 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$62.19 | \$5.37 | \$121.91 | \$5.02 |
| 2,800 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$60.00 | \$15.51 | \$127.23 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$62.19 | \$16.12 | \$132.66 | \$5.43 |
| 3,000 | \$23.50 | \$7.29 | \$20.93 | \$60.00 | \$25.85 | \$137.57 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$7.37 | \$21.50 | \$62.19 | \$26.87 | \$143.41 | \$5.84 |

Source: HEC.

impact res

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Residential 3/4" Off-Peak

Table A-34 City of Ashland Water Rate Study Bill Impact for 3/4" Commercial Customer

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Commercial 3/4"

| Monthly | | Curre | nt (2015) | | | | Monthly Bill | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|---------|--------------|----------|------------|----------|
| | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | | |
| (m | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0307 | \$0.0415 | | |
| Block Thresho | old (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | 2,500 | | | |
| Zero | \$23.50 | | | \$23.50 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | | | \$25.48 | \$1.98 |
| 200 | \$23.50 | \$6.86 | | \$30.36 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$6.14 | | \$31.62 | \$1.26 |
| 400 | \$23.50 | \$13.72 | | \$37.22 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$12.28 | | \$37.77 | \$0.55 |
| 600 | \$23.50 | \$20.58 | | \$44.08 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$18.43 | | \$43.91 | (\$0.17) |
| 800 | \$23.50 | \$27.44 | | \$50.94 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$24.57 | | \$50.05 | (\$0.89) |
| 1000 | \$23.50 | \$34.30 | winter avg. | \$57.80 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$30.71 | | \$56.19 | (\$1.61) |
| 1200 | \$23.50 | \$41.16 | | \$64.66 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$36.85 | | \$62.33 | (\$2.33) |
| 1400 | \$23.50 | \$48.02 | | \$71.52 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$43.00 | | \$68.48 | (\$3.04) |
| 1600 | \$23.50 | \$54.88 | | \$78.38 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$49.14 | | \$74.62 | (\$3.76) |
| 1800 | \$23.50 | \$61.74 | | \$85.24 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$55.28 | | \$80.76 | (\$4.48) |
| 2000 | \$23.50 | \$68.60 | | \$92.10 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$61.42 | | \$86.90 | (\$5.20) |
| 2200 | \$23.50 | \$75.46 | summer avg. | \$98.96 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$67.56 | | \$93.05 | (\$5.91) |
| 2400 | \$23.50 | \$82.32 | | \$105.82 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$73.71 | | \$99.19 | (\$6.63) |
| 2600 | \$23.50 | \$89.18 | | \$112.68 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$76.78 | \$4.15 | \$106.40 | (\$6.28) |
| 2800 | \$23.50 | \$96.04 | | \$119.54 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$76.78 | \$12.44 | \$114.70 | (\$4.84) |
| 3000 | \$23.50 | \$102.90 | | \$126.40 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$76.78 | \$20.73 | \$122.99 | (\$3.41) |

Source: HEC.

impact com3/4

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for 1" Commercial Customer

| Monthly | | Currei | nt (2015) | | | Monthly Bill | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0307 | \$0.0415 | | |
| Block Thresho | old (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | 2,500 | | | |
| Zero | \$46.99 | | | \$46.99 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | | | \$26.07 | (\$20.92) |
| 400 | \$46.99 | \$13.72 | | \$60.71 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$12.28 | | \$38.36 | (\$22.35) |
| 800 | \$46.99 | \$27.44 | winter avg. | \$74.43 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$24.57 | | \$50.64 | (\$23.79) |
| 1200 | \$46.99 | \$41.16 | | \$88.15 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$36.85 | | \$62.92 | (\$25.23) |
| 1600 | \$46.99 | \$54.88 | | \$101.87 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$49.14 | | \$75.21 | (\$26.66) |
| 2000 | \$46.99 | \$68.60 | summer avg. | \$115.59 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$61.42 | | \$87.49 | (\$28.10) |
| 2400 | \$46.99 | \$82.32 | | \$129.31 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$73.71 | | \$99.78 | (\$29.53) |
| 2800 | \$46.99 | \$96.04 | | \$143.03 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$12.44 | \$115.29 | (\$27.74) |
| 3200 | \$46.99 | \$109.76 | | \$156.75 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$29.02 | \$131.87 | (\$24.88) |
| 3600 | \$46.99 | \$123.48 | | \$170.47 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$45.61 | \$148.45 | (\$22.02) |
| 4000 | \$46.99 | \$137.20 | | \$184.19 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$62.19 | \$165.04 | (\$19.15) |
| 4400 | \$46.99 | \$150.92 | | \$197.91 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$78.77 | \$181.62 | (\$16.29) |
| 4800 | \$46.99 | \$164.64 | | \$211.63 | \$11.74 | \$14.34 | \$76.78 | \$95.36 | \$198.21 | (\$13.42) |

\$11.74

\$11.74

\$11.74

\$14.34

\$14.34

\$14.34

\$76.78

\$76.78

\$76.78

\$111.94

\$128.53

\$145.11

\$214.79

\$231.37

\$247.96

\$225.35

\$239.07

\$252.79

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Source: HEC.

5200

5600

6000

\$46.99

\$46.99

\$46.99

\$178.36

\$192.08

\$205.80

impact com1

(\$10.56)

(\$7.70)

(\$4.83)

Commercial 1"

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for 2" Commercial Customer

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Commercial 2"

| Monthly | | Curre | nt (2015) | | | Monthly Bill | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0307 | \$0.0415 | | |
| Block Thresho | old (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | 15,000 | | | |
| Zero | \$88.24 | | | \$88.24 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | | | \$116.01 | \$27.77 |
| 1200 | \$88.24 | \$41.16 | | \$129.40 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$36.85 | | \$152.86 | \$23.46 |
| 2400 | \$88.24 | \$82.32 | | \$170.56 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$73.71 | | \$189.71 | \$19.15 |
| 3600 | \$88.24 | \$123.48 | | \$211.72 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$110.56 | | \$226.57 | \$14.85 |
| 4800 | \$88.24 | \$164.64 | | \$252.88 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$147.41 | | \$263.42 | \$10.54 |
| 6000 | \$88.24 | \$205.80 | | \$294.04 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$184.27 | | \$300.27 | \$6.23 |
| 7200 | \$88.24 | \$246.96 | | \$335.20 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$221.12 | | \$337.12 | \$1.92 |
| 8400 | \$88.24 | \$288.12 | winter avg. | \$376.36 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$257.97 | | \$373.98 | (\$2.38) |
| 9600 | \$88.24 | \$329.28 | | \$417.52 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$294.83 | | \$410.83 | (\$6.69) |
| 10800 | \$88.24 | \$370.44 | | \$458.68 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$331.68 | | \$447.68 | (\$11.00) |
| 12000 | \$88.24 | \$411.60 | | \$499.84 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$368.53 | | \$484.54 | (\$15.30) |
| 13200 | \$88.24 | \$452.76 | | \$541.00 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$405.38 | | \$521.39 | (\$19.61) |
| 14400 | \$88.24 | \$493.92 | summer avg. | \$582.16 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$442.24 | | \$558.24 | (\$23.92) |
| 15600 | \$88.24 | \$535.08 | | \$623.32 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$460.66 | \$24.88 | \$601.55 | (\$21.77) |
| 16800 | \$88.24 | \$576.24 | | \$664.48 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$460.66 | \$74.63 | \$651.30 | (\$13.18) |
| 18000 | \$88.24 | \$617.40 | | \$705.64 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$460.66 | \$124.38 | \$701.05 | (\$4.59) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: HEC.

impact com2

Table A-37City of Ashland Water Rate StudyBill Impact for 4" Commercial Customer

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Commercial 4"

| Monthly | | Curre | nt (2015) | | | Monthly Bill | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0307 | \$0.0415 | | |
| Block Thresho | ld (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | 15,000 | | | |
| Zero | \$282.07 | | | \$282.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | | | \$343.34 | \$61.27 |
| 2000 | \$282.07 | \$68.60 | | \$350.67 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$61.42 | | \$404.76 | \$54.09 |
| 4000 | \$282.07 | \$137.20 | | \$419.27 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$122.84 | | \$466.18 | \$46.91 |
| 6000 | \$282.07 | \$205.80 | | \$487.87 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$184.27 | | \$527.61 | \$39.74 |
| 8000 | \$282.07 | \$274.40 | winter avg. | \$556.47 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$245.69 | | \$589.03 | \$32.56 |
| 10000 | \$282.07 | \$343.00 | | \$625.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$307.11 | | \$650.45 | \$25.38 |
| 12000 | \$282.07 | \$411.60 | | \$693.67 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$368.53 | | \$711.87 | \$18.20 |
| 14000 | \$282.07 | \$480.20 | summer avg. | \$762.27 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$429.95 | | \$773.29 | \$11.02 |
| 16000 | \$282.07 | \$548.80 | | \$830.87 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$41.46 | \$845.46 | \$14.59 |
| 18000 | \$282.07 | \$617.40 | | \$899.47 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$124.38 | \$928.38 | \$28.91 |
| 20000 | \$282.07 | \$686.00 | | \$968.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$207.30 | \$1,011.30 | \$43.23 |
| 22000 | \$282.07 | \$754.60 | | \$1,036.67 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$290.22 | \$1,094.22 | \$57.55 |
| 24000 | \$282.07 | \$823.20 | | \$1,105.27 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$373.14 | \$1,177.14 | \$71.87 |
| 26000 | \$282.07 | \$891.80 | | \$1,173.87 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$456.06 | \$1,260.06 | \$86.19 |
| 28000 | \$282.07 | \$960.40 | | \$1,242.47 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$538.98 | \$1,342.98 | \$100.51 |
| 30000 | \$282.07 | \$1,029.00 | | \$1,311.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$460.66 | \$621.90 | \$1,425.90 | \$114.83 |

Source: HEC.

impact com4

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for 2" Institutional Customer

Fiscal Year 2016-17

Institutional 2"

| | | Curre | ent (2015) | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|--------------|
| Monthly | | | | | | | | | Monthly Bill |
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0294 | | |
| Block Thresho | ld (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | n.a. | | |
| Zero | \$88.24 | | | \$88.24 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | | \$116.01 | \$27.77 |
| 1500 | \$88.24 | \$51.45 | | \$139.69 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$44.08 | \$160.08 | \$20.39 |
| 3000 | \$88.24 | \$102.90 | | \$191.14 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$88.15 | \$204.16 | \$13.02 |
| 4500 | \$88.24 | \$154.35 | winter avg. | \$242.59 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$132.23 | \$248.24 | \$5.65 |
| 6000 | \$88.24 | \$205.80 | summer avg. | \$294.04 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$176.31 | \$292.31 | (\$1.73) |
| 7500 | \$88.24 | \$257.25 | | \$345.49 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$220.39 | \$336.39 | (\$9.10) |
| 9000 | \$88.24 | \$308.70 | | \$396.94 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$264.46 | \$380.47 | (\$16.47) |
| 10500 | \$88.24 | \$360.15 | | \$448.39 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$308.54 | \$424.55 | (\$23.84) |
| 12000 | \$88.24 | \$411.60 | | \$499.84 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$352.62 | \$468.62 | (\$31.22) |
| 13500 | \$88.24 | \$463.05 | | \$551.29 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$396.69 | \$512.70 | (\$38.59) |
| 15000 | \$88.24 | \$514.50 | | \$602.74 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$440.77 | \$556.78 | (\$45.96) |
| 16500 | \$88.24 | \$565.95 | | \$654.19 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$484.85 | \$600.85 | (\$53.34) |
| 18000 | \$88.24 | \$617.40 | | \$705.64 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$528.92 | \$644.93 | (\$60.71) |
| 19500 | \$88.24 | \$668.85 | | \$757.09 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$573.00 | \$689.01 | (\$68.08) |
| 21000 | \$88.24 | \$720.30 | | \$808.54 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$617.08 | \$733.08 | (\$75.46) |
| 22500 | \$88.24 | \$771.75 | | \$859.99 | \$11.74 | \$104.27 | \$661.16 | \$777.16 | (\$82.83) |

Source: HEC.

impact inst2

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for 4" Institutional Customer

Institutional 4"

| Monthly | | Curre | ent (2015) | | | Monthly Bill | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0294 | | |
| Block Thresho | ld (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | n.a. | | |
| Zero | \$282.07 | | | \$282.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | | \$343.34 | \$61.27 |
| 2500 | \$282.07 | \$85.75 | | \$367.82 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$73.46 | \$416.80 | \$48.98 |
| 5000 | \$282.07 | \$171.50 | winter avg. | \$453.57 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$146.92 | \$490.26 | \$36.69 |
| 7500 | \$282.07 | \$257.25 | summer avg. | \$539.32 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$220.39 | \$563.73 | \$24.41 |
| 10000 | \$282.07 | \$343.00 | | \$625.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$293.85 | \$637.19 | \$12.12 |
| 12500 | \$282.07 | \$428.75 | | \$710.82 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$367.31 | \$710.65 | (\$0.17) |
| 15000 | \$282.07 | \$514.50 | | \$796.57 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$440.77 | \$784.11 | (\$12.46) |
| 17500 | \$282.07 | \$600.25 | | \$882.32 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$514.23 | \$857.57 | (\$24.75) |
| 20000 | \$282.07 | \$686.00 | | \$968.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$587.69 | \$931.03 | (\$37.04) |
| 22500 | \$282.07 | \$771.75 | | \$1,053.82 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$661.16 | \$1,004.50 | (\$49.32) |
| 25000 | \$282.07 | \$857.50 | | \$1,139.57 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$734.62 | \$1,077.96 | (\$61.61) |
| 27500 | \$282.07 | \$943.25 | | \$1,225.32 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$808.08 | \$1,151.42 | (\$73.90) |
| 30000 | \$282.07 | \$1,029.00 | | \$1,311.07 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$881.54 | \$1,224.88 | (\$86.19) |
| 32500 | \$282.07 | \$1,114.75 | | \$1,396.82 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$955.00 | \$1,298.34 | (\$98.48) |
| 35000 | \$282.07 | \$1,200.50 | | \$1,482.57 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$1,028.46 | \$1,371.80 | (\$110.77) |
| 37500 | \$282.07 | \$1,286.25 | | \$1,568.32 | \$11.74 | \$331.60 | \$1,101.93 | \$1,445.27 | (\$123.05) |

Source: HEC.

impact inst4

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for Potable Water Irrigation Customer On Peak Fiscal Year 2016-17

Irrigation On-Peak 3/4"

| | | Curre | nt (2015) | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|--------------------------|
| Monthly Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | Monthly Bill Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0449 | | |
| Block Thresho | ld (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | n.a. | | |
| Zero | \$23.50 | | | \$23.50 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | | \$25.48 | \$1.98 |
| 800 | \$23.50 | \$27.44 | | \$50.94 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$35.90 | \$61.38 | \$10.44 |
| 1600 | \$23.50 | \$54.88 | | \$78.38 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$71.80 | \$97.28 | \$18.90 |
| 2400 | \$23.50 | \$82.32 | | \$105.82 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$107.71 | \$133.19 | \$27.37 |
| 3200 | \$23.50 | \$109.76 | | \$133.26 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$143.61 | \$169.09 | \$35.83 |
| 4000 | \$23.50 | \$137.20 | | \$160.70 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$179.51 | \$204.99 | \$44.29 |
| 4800 | \$23.50 | \$164.64 | | \$188.14 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$215.41 | \$240.89 | \$52.75 |
| 5600 | \$23.50 | \$192.08 | | \$215.58 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$251.31 | \$276.79 | \$61.21 |
| 6400 | \$23.50 | \$219.52 | | \$243.02 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$287.22 | \$312.70 | \$69.68 |
| 7200 | \$23.50 | \$246.96 | | \$270.46 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$323.12 | \$348.60 | \$78.14 |
| 8000 | \$23.50 | \$274.40 | | \$297.90 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$359.02 | \$384.50 | \$86.60 |
| 8800 | \$23.50 | \$301.84 | summer avg. | \$325.34 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$394.92 | \$420.40 | \$95.06 |
| 9600 | \$23.50 | \$329.28 | | \$352.78 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$430.82 | \$456.30 | \$103.52 |
| 10400 | \$23.50 | \$356.72 | | \$380.22 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$466.73 | \$492.21 | \$111.99 |
| 11200 | \$23.50 | \$384.16 | | \$407.66 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$502.63 | \$528.11 | \$120.45 |
| 12000 | \$23.50 | \$411.60 | | \$435.10 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$538.53 | \$564.01 | \$128.91 |

Source: HEC.

impact irr on

City of Ashland Water Rate Study

Bill Impact for Potable Water Irrigation Customer Off Peak Fiscal Year 2016-17

Irrigation Off Peak 3/4"

| Monthly | | Curre | nt (2015) | | | New St | ructure | | Monthly Bill |
|---------------|--------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|----------|---------|----------|-------------------|--------------|
| Water Use | Service | | | | Customer | Service | | | Increase |
| (Cu. Ft.) | Charge | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Total Bill | Charge | Charge | Tier 1 | Total Bill | (Decrease) |
| | | \$0.0343 | \$0.0353 | | | | \$0.0331 | | |
| Block Thresho | ld (Cu. Ft.) | 50,000 | | | | | n.a. | | |
| Zero | \$0.00 | | | \$0.00 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | | \$25.48 | \$25.48 |
| 200 | \$23.50 | \$6.86 | | \$30.36 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$6.61 | \$32.09 | \$1.73 |
| 400 | \$23.50 | \$13.72 | | \$37.22 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$13.22 | \$38.70 | \$1.48 |
| 600 | \$23.50 | \$20.58 | winter avg. | \$44.08 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$19.83 | \$45.31 | \$1.23 |
| 800 | \$23.50 | \$27.44 | | \$50.94 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$26.44 | \$51.92 | \$0.98 |
| 1000 | \$23.50 | \$34.30 | | \$57.80 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$33.05 | \$58.53 | \$0.73 |
| 1200 | \$23.50 | \$41.16 | | \$64.66 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$39.66 | \$65.14 | \$0.48 |
| 1400 | \$23.50 | \$48.02 | | \$71.52 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$46.27 | \$71.75 | \$0.23 |
| 1600 | \$23.50 | \$54.88 | | \$78.38 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$52.88 | \$78.36 | (\$0.02) |
| 1800 | \$23.50 | \$61.74 | | \$85.24 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$59.49 | \$84.97 | (\$0.27) |
| 2000 | \$23.50 | \$68.60 | | \$92.10 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$66.10 | \$91.59 | (\$0.51) |
| 2200 | \$23.50 | \$75.46 | | \$98.96 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$72.71 | \$98.20 | (\$0.76) |
| 2400 | \$23.50 | \$82.32 | | \$105.82 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$79.32 | \$104.81 | (\$1.01) |
| 2600 | \$23.50 | \$89.18 | | \$112.68 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$85.94 | \$111.42 | (\$1.26) |
| 2800 | \$23.50 | \$96.04 | | \$119.54 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$92.55 | \$118.03 | (\$1.51) |
| 3000 | \$23.50 | \$102.90 | | \$126.40 | \$11.74 | \$13.75 | \$99.16 | \$124.64 | (\$1.76) |

Source: HEC.

impact irr off

RESOLUTION NO. <u>92-22</u>

A RESOLUTION ADOPTING A SENIOR CITIZEN UTILITY DISCOUNT PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 14.04.030, 14.08.035 AND 14.16.030 OF THE ASHLAND MUNICIPAL CODE, AND REPEALING RESOLUTION NO. 92-18.

THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ASHLAND DO RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. Senior Citizen Utility Discount. If the applicant has met all of the requirements of the Ashland Municipal Code, the City shall, beginning with the next billing cycle after the date of the application, discount the total amount billed for water, sewer and electric service, not including connect fees, reconnect fees and similar charges. The amount of discount for the applicant's own residence shall be twenty-five percent (25%) thirty percent for water and electric and sewer bills if the applicant's household income does not exceed the poverty guidelines of the Federal Community Services Administration, or fifteen percent (15%) twenty percent for water, and electric and sewer bills if the applicant's household income does not exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of the poverty guidelines of the Federal Community Services Administration. In special hardship cases, a committee of two (2) Council members and the Senior Program Director, may grant exceptions to the foregoing income limitations where the circumstances justify such exceptions.

SECTION 2. The effective date of this resolution is July 1, 1992.

SECTION 3. Resolution No. 92-18 is repealed.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> Three (3) copies of this Resolution shall be maintained in the office of the City Recorder and shall be available for public inspection during regular business hours.

The foregoing Resolution was **READ** and **DULY ADOPTED** at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Ashland on the <u>5th</u> day of <u>May</u>, 1992.

runklin Haw

Nan E. Franklin City Recorder

SIGNED and APPROVED this 6 thay of May, 1992.

Catherine M. Golden

Mayor

pproved as to form: Paul Nolte

City Attorney (d:\council\resos92\senutil.dsc)